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POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.*

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Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

SERENADE.

BY HENRY WADSWORTH LONGFELLOW.

Stars of the summer night!
Far in yon azure deeps,
Hide, hide your golden light!
She sleeps!
My lady sleeps!
Sleeps!

Moon of the summer night!
Far down yon western steeps,
Sink, sink in silver light!
She sleeps!
My lady sleeps!
Sleeps!

Wind of the summer night!
Where yonder woodbine creeps,
Fold, fold thy pinions light!
She sleeps!
My lady sleeps!
Sleeps!

Dreams of the summer night!
Tell her, her lover keeps
Watch, while in slumbers light
She sleeps!
My lady sleeps!
Sleeps!

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER. WEDNESDAY, AUG. 6, 1902.

Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, slightly cooler, fresh northwest winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ending last midnight was 88 degrees at 4 p. m. and the minimum 67 degrees at 7 a. m.

Sun rises at 4:48; sets at 7:05. Moon sets at 8:31 p. m.

DOMESTIC:—

Train robbers held up Burlington limited westbound train near Savanna, Ill., at midnight, blew up express car safe, and secured $20,000, it is supposed; they then escaped.

Poker on steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which reached New York yesterday, played for big pots; $11,000 on table when charge of cheating stopped the sport.

Steamers City of Venice and Seguin collided in Lake Erie off Rondeau, Canada, and former sank in deep water; three persons drowned and three injured.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Existence of iron clad book publishers and sellers' trust shown by circular letter of American Booksellers' association blacklisting Street & Smith, New York, because they refused to join American Publishers' association.

St. Louis and San Francisco railroad will connect with Eastern Illinois by line from Gray's Point to Rennay, chartered yesterday; will be shortest Chicago-Memphis-Little Rock line.

S. Franklin & Co., Chicago, secured $75,000 4 per cent loan for ten years from Peabody, Houghteling & Co., for erection of new plant; Chicago Wood Finishing company borrowed $50,000.

German meat law regulations, in effect next April, prohibit importation of meat in hermetically sealed boxes; chopped meats barred and meat treated with boracic acid or its salts.

Government weekly crop report showed corn making good progress; drought in Virginia and Carolinas broken, and cotton conditions improved in central and eastern belt.

Allis-Chalmers union machinists, Chicago, rushed eight nonunion men from plant, pounded them with shingles, and then struck because five ringleaders were discharged.

Bankers' National bank directors, Chicago, voted to double $1,000,000 capital; stockholders may subscribe for $100 shares at $150, but are asked to waive 10 per cent of rights.

New York stock prices firm and higher on early dealings; balance of session lifeless. Subtreasury official predicted large gold imports within ninety days.

President Roach of Chicago Union Traction company will answer employes' demand for wage increase today; refusal and strike are expected.

Chicago board of trade suspended Waite, Thorburn & Co. members, for refusing to pay $36,000 claim of Harris, Gates & Co. for July oats margins.

More Pennsylvania militia asked to prevent miners' riots; two wounded Lithuanians arrested by militia guard; slight disturbances continue.

September wheat closed with ¾@¾ cent loss; May, with ½@⅝ cent; support lacking, though visible supply figures were bullish; corn also weak.

Chicago cattle receipts yesterday, 3,500 head; hogs, 16,000; sheep, 14,000.

LOCAL:—

Joseph Mandernach, insane patient at Dunning, killed in fight with other patients confined in his cage; guards kept them together, although Mandernach was known to be dangerous and of quarrelsome disposition.

Mayor Foley, Winthrop Harbor, locked in Western Telephone Construction plant while family supplies him with food; workmen tried to replevin their property, but he refused, as custodian, to let them in.

Bishops McCaul and Messmer ignored Archbishop Ireland's warning and attacked American attitude toward Philippine friars in American Federation of Catholic Societies' convention.

City officials recovered portions of Dix street by chopping away corners of buildings and tearing down fence; Lessing, Sanborn, and Cornell streets to be recovered next.

Drainage trustees refused to confer with Sanford syndicate over canal water power rights, and accused its backers of trying to "steal" $300,000 annually from taxpayers.

William F. Strickland's death, after Stanton avenue police found him at 3869 Cottage Grove avenue, was due to fractured skull and nose, possibly inflicted in police station.

Andrew Burkhauser, nonunion workman at Allis-Chalmers' factory, who killed F. W. Trapp, union picket, when latter attacked him, acquitted of manslaughter charge.

Three small boys, Robert Williams and Marshall and Albert Jones, who disappeared on Monday with $5, returned home penitent after a riotous time with their money.

State pure food commission started fifty-two suits against grocers and others accused of violating statutes; vinegar and butter are basis of most complaints.

Harry Levy, witness for defense in West Chicago Street railway personal injury suit, arrested on perjury charge; is said to have owned he swore falsely.

Gas explosion in Alhambra hotel caused panic among guests and injured Harry Duffin, engineer.

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POLITICAL:—

Senator Hanna will resign as republican national chairman before next presidential campaign; President Roosevelt, if nominated, will choose his campaign manager; Gov. Crane, Massachusetts, may be selected.

Illinois state board of charities will investigate Kankakee asylum scandal, on Acting Gov. Northcott's suggestion; Judge Gibbons, Chicago member, favors sweeping inquiry.

Speaker Henderson in New York interview predicted republican success in fall campaign; Cuban reciprocity desired by entire country and will not be given up.

President Roosevelt will reach Boston Aug. 23 and will then visit Newport, Fall River, and Trenton; visit to New Hampshire and Maine will come next.

Chicago republican leaders plan increase of 100,000 in city voting strength through precinct organizations; club membership is now 100,000.

FOREIGN:—

British coronation rehearsals resumed at Westminster abbey, with Gen. Pole-Carew as drillmaster; king and queen will return to London today; parade seats selling at moderate prices.

Mgr. Augusto Guidi, pope's auditor and adviser, appointed apostolic delegate to Manila to continue negotiations over friars' removal; is 66 years old and a native of Rome.

Andrew D. White, American ambassador to Germany, resigned, to take effect Nov. 7; Ambassador Tower and Minister Storer each rumored as his successor.

Evelyn B. Baldwin, arctic explorer, denied story of deaths on his ship; Capt. Johannson wanted to go further north and Baldwin refused; quarrel then followed.

Terms of Cuban loan, passed by the senate, call for immediate bond issue of $5,000,000 for agricultural relief and $30,000,000 in six months to pay army.

Premier Sagasta, Spain, announced his desire to retire from office; his withdrawal will leave most serious problem, national education, still unsolved.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP	Kroonland	
BREMEN		K. P. Wilhelm.
LONDON	Minnetonka	
LIZARD	Switzerland	
LIVERPOOL	Bovic	
LIVERPOOL	Pretoria	
NEW YORK	Sardinian	Graf Waldersee.
NEW YORK	Friesland	Southwark.
NEW YORK	Pennsylvania	
NEW YORK	Mesaba	
NEW YORK	G. Kurfurst	
NEW YORK	K. W. d. Grosse	
ROTTERDAM	Noordam	
YOKOHAMA	Doric	

CRAZY MAN DEAD; GUARDS BLAMED.

Attendants Permit a Dunning Patient to Engage in Fatal Fight with Other Lunatics.

KNOWN TO BE DESPERATE

Yet Joseph Mandernach Was Placed in Cage with Madmen with Whom He Had Fought Before.

Joseph Mandernach, patient in the insane asylum at Dunning, is dead as the result of a fight with other patients in his ward.

The guards detailed to the cottage in which he was confined permitted him to roam among the other insane men, in spite of their knowledge of his quarrelsome nature, and were apparently unable to stop the mêlée until Mandernach had received the injuries which the coroner's jury yesterday found had caused his death.

An examination of the body by Coroner's Physician Springer showed that Mandernach had suffered on July 29 a fracture of four ribs on his left side. The testimony of the guards showed that Mandernach had been thrown down and kicked by Martin Morris and Barney Schrier. Soon afterward he fainted, and when he was put to bed the injury was discovered by the attending physicians.

Known as Dangerous Patient.

Mandernach had only one arm, and the guards say they tried to keep him in control by strapping his hand to his side and by tying it up in a leather mitten or in a muff. Sometimes, they say, the patient chewed the mitten from his hand. He was known as a dangerous patient.

In spite of all this no one seemed to think that he should have been kept by himself, and he was in a cottage with more than sixty other insane men.

The attendants who had the cottage in charge are F. J. Maguire, William Briggs, and August Helmling. It is known as C. W. 6, and is located about 600 feet from the main asylum. The men are kept in several large rooms and are allowed to take exercise in a "cage," which is a sort of a veranda inclosed with iron bars and wire netting.

It was in this cage that the fight took place. A number of the patients were allowed to enter the place at one time, and the guards were supposed to be watching them. They say they rushed in to separate the men at once, but before they accomplished anything Martin Morris and Barney Schrier had thrown Mandernach to the cement floor and were kicking and striking him.

Violence, Says Coroner's Jury.

The inquest was held at the asylum yesterday afternoon under the direction of Deputy Coroner John Czekala, and the verdict was as follows:

"We, the jury, find that the deceased came to his death as a result of external violence. The said violence was received in a fight with some patients in ward C. W. 6 at the Cook county hospital at Dunning on July 29."

Day Attendant Maguire told the coroner's jury yesterday that Mandernach had been under his care since April. There are sixty-two patients in ward C. W. 6.

"I saw Mandernach in many a fight with other patients," said Maguire. "The last fight I same him engaged in was on July 27, when he fought with Patients Galashus, Schrier, and Gamber. I separated the men, and none of them seemed the worse for his experience. I made a full report of the matter in the evening."

Two Fights in a Day.

Attendant Briggs, who is also on duty daytimes, told the jury of a battle that Mandernach had with a patient named Morris, after which Mandernach fell in a faint and later was taken to his bed. The fight with Morris took place on July 28 or July 29, and on the same day Mandernach fought with Schrier again, in the presence of Briggs.

Attendant Helmling told of another battle in which six other patients were involved, and one of them was seen to kick Mandernach in the side.

"On July 28 Mandernach fought patients Schrier, Galashus, Lieberkind, Carl, Leaney, and Gamber," said Helmling. "They fought with hands and feet and Carl kicked Mandernach in the side. I had known that a week before Mandernach had a fainting spell, but after this fight he seemed to be all right. A couple of days after this the man became ill and I helped put him to bed and later he was taken to the hospital."

Delay by the Doctors.

It appeared from the evidence of attendants and physicians that several days elapsed after Mandernach became ill before he was taken to the hospital, where the nature of his injuries were discovered, and it was found that fever had developed.

Dr. Joseph M. Kearney, who had supervision over the patients in that ward, and made the first examination of the injured lunatic, told the jury that he received a report of the fight with Morris on the evening of July 29, after the patient had been put to bed, but did not make an examination until Aug. 2.

Taken to Hospital at Last.

"I received a note from Dr. Kearney on the morning of Aug. 2 that the man was ill and ought to be examined," said Dr. Charles Eberlein. "We responded at once, and had trouble, for the man was violent, and fought us off. He was taken to the hospital, where we discovered the extent of his injuries. He had a high fever."

"I received a report of the fight with Morris and the subsequent fainting spell on July 29," said Dr. Kearney to the jury. "I looked after the man, and on Aug. 1 became convinced that an examination ought to be made further than I had been able to make. Dr. Eberlein and I made an examination the following day, and had the man taken to the hospital. There he was attended until he died. Drs. Neeley, Eberlein, and myself were present when he expired."

Near Death Anyway, Neeley Says.

"The injury may have hastened Mandernach's death," said Dr. John R. Neeley, chief medical director of the asylum, "but I do not think he would have lived long if the fight had not occurred. I do not see where the attendants in the ward were to blame for the struggle between the men. An insane person will be all right one minute and the next will be pounding some one or trying to do injury to himself."

Supt. Lange referred all inquiries to the physicians.

"The control of the insane patients has been taken out of my hands," he said, "and given over to Dr. Neeley and his staff."

HANNA TO BE OUT IN 1904.

OHIO SENATOR WILL NOT MANAGE ROOSEVELT CAMPAIGN.

Now Certain That a Change Will Be Made in the Chairmanship of the National Republican Committee in the Campaign Two Years Hence—Gov. Crane of Massachusetts Believed to Be the Man Chosen as His Successor.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—It is now certain that Senator Hanna will not manage the republican campaign of 1904, when in all likelihood President Roosevelt will be the republican candidate for the presidency.

Mr. Hanna has acted as chairman of the national republican committee since 1896, largely because of his personal interest in the late President McKinley's welfare. The death of McKinley has removed this incentive to active political management, besides which Mr. Hanna's health will not permit him to undergo any more physical and mental strain than is absolutely necessary.

More important than these two reasons, however, will be the feeling on the part of President Roosevelt that he ought to have his personal representative as chairman of the national republican committee.

Crane May Succeed Him.

Although the presidential campaign is still two years' distant, there is considerable gossip in political circles as to Senator Hanna's successor. Prominence is given to the name of Gov. William Murray Crane of Massachusetts, and there is much plausibility in the suggestion that he will be selected. President Roosevelt has a high opinion of his political sagacity. It was his confidence in his judgment, as well as in his executive and financial ability, that led the president to invite him into the cabinet, and it is not unreasonable to suppose that the president should wish him to assume the management of the campaign two years hence.

With Mr. Hanna's retirement there is really nobody except Gov. Crane who fits all the requirements of the situation. Postmaster General Payne, who is the vice chairman of the national committee, would be a strong possibility were it not that his position in the cabinet forbids his selection. Gov. Crane in 1904 will be out of office, but he will not be out of politics. He has the confidence of the great business interests, he is a consummate manager, and he is popular. He is young, energetic, and resourceful.

Roosevelt Is to Choose.

The chairman of the national committee in each campaign is selected by the candidate, and is usually chosen from outside the committee. This was the case in 1884, 1888, 1892, and 1896, neither Jones, Quay, Carter, nor Hanna holding any membership in the committee at the time of their selection. Should Gov. Crane be chosen it would be following the old practice.

It is hardly likely, of course, that the president has yet consulted with him about the matter, although when asked whether there was any foundation for the talk, Gov. Crane has declined to say anything for publication.

It is Senator Lodge's opinion that the matter has not been discussed officially, and he does not believe that any decision will be made for some time. Mr. Lodge is convinced, however, that there will be a new chairman of the committee, and he adds that President Roosevelt and Gov. Crane are close personal friends.

Some Talk of Quay.

There has also been some talk to the effect that Roosevelt's campaign would be managed by Senator Quay. This gossip undoubtedly has its origin in the fact that Senator Quay personally wrote the resolution adopted by the Pennsylvania republican state convention indorsing Roosevelt, that state being the pioneer in advocating Mr. Roosevelt's nomination in 1904.

Mr. Quay has for some time been convinced that Roosevelt would necessarily be the candidate of the party two years hence, and there is a perfect understanding between him and Senator Platt of New York upon this point. Mr. Quay since his victory in securing the nomination of Judge Pennypacker as the republican gubernatorial candidate in Pennsylvania has been supreme in the party organization in that state, and he is now the chairman of the state committee. Even if he should not be the chairman of the national committee, he will undoubtedly be a potent factor in the campaign which President Roosevelt will make for reelection.

Three R's the Party Cry.

"Roosevelt, Revision, and Reciprocity," would, in the opinion of republican politicians here, be an excellent slogan during the national campaign two years hence. This idea was suggested by the speech of Prof. Schurman, who was one of the Philippine commissioners, when he said:

"I believe the people want to indorse the three 'R's'—namely:

"Roosevelt—the nation's leader.

"Reciprocity with Cuba—the nation's duty.

"Revision of the tariff—the nation's interest."

There is no reasonable doubt concerning the first proposition, as state convention after state convention has heartily indorsed President Roosevelt as the republican standard bearer. Leading politicians, including Senator Platt of New York, have unqualifiedly indorsed President Roosevelt, and in the judgment of the party nothing that can be foreseen can prevent the nomination of Roosevelt.

Revision Popular in West.

Revision of the tariff is another feature which will be attractive, especially in the west, where the sentiment for a modification of the tariff is growing so strong that it will be impossible to keep this question in the background much longer, and unless congress takes some action in this direction before the next national campaign the tariff will be the leading question.

Iowa has declared itself, and while other states of the west have not placed themselves on record, it is true that a large majority of the western representatives, who represent the views of their constituents, are strongly in favor of revision.

Reciprocity with Cuba will be the extremely popular slogan, as the people consider it the duty of this great republic to make tariff concessions to the infant republic of Cuba. There is great disappointment in this country and dire distress in Cuba because of the failure of congress to act.

THOMBS LOSES A LAST HOPE.

Acting Gov. Northcott Refuses to Interfere and Execution on Friday Seems Probable.

Word was received last night that seems to doom Louis G. Thombs to death on Friday. It was thought that a stay would be granted and that through a bill of exceptions the case would reach the Supreme court, to be heard in October. Last night, however, acting Gov. Northcott refused to grant a further continuance, as the papers in the case have not been forwarded to the Supreme court. It is admitted by Thombs' friends that little hope remains. Thombs, who murdered Carrie Larsen, already has been granted two reprieves.

ROBBERS HOLD UP TRAIN IN ILLINOIS

Masked Bandits Rob Express Car on the Burlington Limited Four Miles from Savanna.

BOLD WORK OF TWO MEN.

Safe Shattered with Dynamite and Sum of $20,000 Believed to Have Been Carried Away.

Dubuque, Ia., Aug. 6, 3 a. m.—[Special.]—Train robbers made a successful attack on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy limited train, which left Chicago at 6:40 last night, near Savanna, Ill., about midnight, and made their escape.

Stopped by Torpedo Signals.

The train left Savanna at 11:15, and fifteen minutes later, when nearing Marcus, three torpedoes exploded on the track.

Masked Man Boards Engine.

The engineer immediately put on the brakes, and when the train slowed up a man, masked and armed, climbed on board, covering both trainmen and ordering them to hold up their hands.

Search Train Crew for Weapons.

Another robber then searched engineer and fireman for weapons. Finding none, they ordered the engineer to run ahead.

Express Car Is Cut Loose.

When a certain spot, evidently selected in advance, was reached the train was again stopped. One of the robbers detached the coupling between the express car and the first passenger coach.

Again the engineer received orders to go ahead. He ran for half a mile and was stopped.

The engineer and firemen were then ordered from the engine and made to stand with hands up and backs against the express car.

Dynamite Used to Get Booty.

The car was then attacked with dynamite. The robbers hastily gathered the plunder from the wrecked safe and departed on horseback.

As soon as the conductor and brakeman found that the robbers had "run away" with the engine and express car they started on foot for Savanna. When the alarm was given a posse of twenty-two officers and citizens started in pursuit.

Plunder Said to Be $20,000.

The express car is said to have carried a lot of valuable property. The robbers got $20,000 worth.

At the Burlington offices in this city the news of the daring and successful work of the bandits was confirmed. The officials of the railroad company were unable to give any information as to the amount of booty secured by the robbers or to say definitely whether any of the trainmen had been injured during the exciting encounter.

DEAD HORSE LIES IN STREET: APPEALS TO CITY HALL VAIN.

Animal Falls Monday Afternoon and Still Is in Same Spot at Thirty-first Street and South Park Avenue.

A dead horse has been lying by the car track at Thirty-first street and South Park avenue since Monday afternoon. Appeals by phone, mail, and messenger have aroused no action of the city hall authorities. As a result several stores at the corner have been compelled to close their doors.

At 2 o'clock Monday afternoon three large horses started across Thirty-first street pulling one of the large salt wagons of the International Salt company. As they neared the car tracks the off horse dropped to the ground dead. Inside of an hour a fresh horse was sent out, hitched to the wagon, and the salt was carted on its way.

Mr. Cleary, the grocer, immediately called up the board of health and reported the matter to Secretary Pritchard, who said he would notify the dead animal contractor to have it removed. This was at 3 o'clock Monday afternoon. Monday evening and all day Tuesday residents were busy telephoning the health department and police. Policemen on that beat passed occasionally, viewed the horse, and passed on. Fully twenty-five messages and twenty postal cards were sent Tuesday afternoon demanding, praying, and supplicating the removal of the animal, but not a single move in that direction has as yet become manifest.

SLEEPS: LOCKED IN SALOON.

Bretold Hoy, Contractor Living in Austin, Has Unpleasant Experience at 41 La Salle Street.

Bretold Hoy, a contractor living at 19 Oak Park avenue, Austin, was a prisoner in a saloon at 41 La Salle street for several hours last night. He effected his release only after the police of the Central station, whom he summoned by telephone, had spent half an hour in attempting to pry open the door.

When the proprietors closed the place shortly after 8 o'clock they failed to notice that Hoy was sleeping in a chair. It was not until he awakened, two hours later, that he learned his predicament. He shouted for help, but no one came.

After groping about the place for some time he located the telephone booth and communicated with the police of the Central station, who released him.

COAST ARTILLERY SAVES FRUIT

Heavy Cannonading at Fort Mott, N. J., Shakes Caterpillars from Trees and Concussion Kills Them.

Salem, N. J., Aug. 5.—During the heavy artillery practice at Fort Mott recently the fruit trees in the lower part of Salem county were rid of the caterpillar plague. The concussion of the great guns broke the caterpillars' hold on the limbs and the fall apparently stunned the pests.

KEYS TURNED ON A MAYOR

WINTHROP HARBOR LAYS SIEGE TO ITS CHIEF OFFICIAL.

David Foley Makes Himself a Prisoner in the Plant of the Western Telephone Construction Company While a Constable Waits Outside with a Writ—Trouble Is Over Prizes Purchased for the Workmen's Picnic—Concern Now in Receiver's Hands.

Sitting on a stack of umbrellas, cigar boxes, medals, and other assorted trophies, David Foley, mayor of Winthrop Harbor, is a prisoner.

Since last Saturday morning the mayor has been in solitary confinement. His food has been such as the members of his family could smuggle him, for there is not even a jailer to supply his needs.

The term of imprisonment is indeterminate. Fortunately for Mayor Foley, however, he is his own guard, warden, board of pardons, and even governor. When he feels like being free again he can parole himself, unlock the prison doors, and walk out.

Constable Lingers Outside.

But when this time comes new complications will arise. The mayor, who is custodian of the plant of the Western Telephone Construction company, now in the hands of a receiver, will face a constable and crowds of angry men, who were employed by the factory before the courts took a hand in its affairs early last week.

It was to avoid meeting the constable that Mayor Foley took refuge in the plant last Saturday and locked all the doors. He will not even answer the telephone, and the besiegers' only proof of his continued existence is by fleeting glimpses through the keyhole.

Picnic Prizes Cause Trouble.

While the former employés of the plant are clamoring for the two weeks' pay that was due them when the company went over to the receiver, the real trouble lies in the pile of umbrellas, cigars, etc., that Mayor Foley is guarding so zealously. This property constitutes the prizes that were to have been distributed among the winners of the athletic contests at the annual picnic of the employés, and is said to have been bought by the men themselves.

When the factory closed the men decided to abandon the picnic and sell the prizes at auction, so they went to Mayor Foley, who, as well as being custodian of the plant, was its superintendent before the courts took a hand.

"We'd like those prizes," the spokesman for the employés said. "They're locked up in the factory, but they're ours and we want them."

Mayor Foley hemmed and hawed for a minute, then started for the factory at a pace that would have landed him winner in the picnic 100 yard dash. As he fled the wind wafted back something that sounded like:

"Can't do it; receiver—courts—b-r-r-r-h."

Before the employés could recover from their astonishment Mayor-Custodian Foley had barricaded himself in the factory and the siege was on.

Get a Writ—Then Wait.

The first move of the attacking party was to go before a justice of the peace and secure a writ of replevin. Then they found Constable Pierson, but that was where they came to an end of their resources.

"What am I going to do with this writ?" asked the constable.

"Serve it, of course," said the men.

"But how? I can't crawl through the keyhole."

The employés admitted the logic of the constable's argument, and then sat down to wait. They have been waiting ever since.

While the mayor is keeping himself a prisoner municipal business in Winthrop Harbor is at a standstill. Some of the employés who haven't any reserve capital have gone to work on nearby farms and are earning a living as best they can till the siege is over and they are paid for the two weeks' work which is due them.

Predicts Early Reopening.

Charles D. Organ, secretary of the Equitable Trust company of Chicago, said last night:

"Our company is the receiver for the Western Telephone Construction company of Winthrop Harbor, but I have not yet gone into its affairs to state the assets and liabilities. No inventory has been made.

"The shutdown is only for a little while, as the company has several contracts, which we shall fill in the expectation of making some money. The factory will be reopened in a few days."

Winthrop Harbor, when its citizens are not forced to take to the farms, is a town of about 600 inhabitants. The telephone construction company is about the only industry. The town is a few miles north of Waukegan.

"EDDIE" HALL LEAVES JAIL TO ENTER PENITENTIARY.

Notorious Confidence Man Starts for Joliet After Sojourn in County Prison Covering Eighteen Months.

"Eddie" Hall's sojourn of eighteen months in the county jail came to end yesterday when he and thirteen other prisoners were taken to the Joliet penitentiary by Jailer Whitman. The closing of the penitentiary doors behind Hall marks the end of a long struggle on the part of his friends to evade the infliction of the sentence imposed upon him. Every influence that could be brought to bear, both political and personal, was used in his behalf without avail.

Hall was convicted of working the confidence game on two young farmers from near Kenosha, Wis., named Otto. He was arrested, held to the grand jury, and indicted after numerous maneuvers in the justice courts, and upon trial was found guilty and sentenced to the penitentiary. He entered the county jail on Jan. 24, 1901, and from that time on his attorneys labored to secure a new trial. The Supreme court denied the application for another hearing.

The incarceration of Hall closes up the history of a gang of notorious confidence men and shell workers which for many years infested the docks and government pier. In the gang besides Hall were Harry Featherstone, now serving a twenty year sentence at Joliet for robbery, and "Dannie" McGuire, also in prison; "Lush" Walsh, and Dick Davis. The last two left Chicago several years ago as fugitives from justice.

VICTORY FOR SUBMARINE BOATS

Three French Battleships "Torpedoed" in Sham Battle in the Mediterranean.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

TOULON, Aug. 5.—During a naval sham fight off Hyeres, on the French Mediterranean coast, the submarine boats Gustave Zede and Gymote were sent out from the harbor to attack the fleet representing the enemy. Traveling at a depth of ten feet below the surface they reached the fleet and "torpedoed" three battleships, the crews of which were unaware of the presence of the submarines until the "torpedoing" was done.

BOOK TRADE HAS DUPLICATE TRUST

Proof Comes to Light of an Airtight Combination of Publishers and Dealers.

AX FOR ALL OUTSIDERS.

"Reform Resolution No. 1" Applied to Houses on Blacklist with Intent of Ruining Them.

New York, Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Conclusive proof of the existence of an airtight book trust, comprising both the publishers and dealers throughout the country, has come to light.

Under the guise of working out a "reform" in the book publishing and book selling trade two "associations" have been formed. One is known as the "American Publishers' association" and includes all the leading publishers of the country with one exception. The other is the "American Booksellers' association," made up of the leading dealers throughout the country.

The names of the one publishing firm not in the trust and the few dealers who have not bowed to the combination of dealers are on a blacklist, which is in the hands of every member of the two "associations."

"Cutting Off a Few More Heads."

In the dealers' trust hopes are held out by its secretary that a liberal application of what is known among its members as "reform resolution No. 1" will soon force the blacklisted dealers into the combination or out of business.

The process is called "cutting off a few more heads."

A perfect understanding exists among the members of each "association" as to the way in which the "reform resolution" shall be applied, and its penalties are inflicted in perfect harmony by both combinations.

The two trusts deal with each other and outsiders are barred. Members of the two "associations" have been congratulated over the outlook, and nothing but ruin is predicted for the outsiders, called "the unreasonables."

Inner Workings Become Known.

The two "associations" have been known to exist for some time, but the evidence of the inner workings of the combinations has just become public. The American Booksellers' association comprises 270 dealers, including the sellers in every city of any importance in the United States. Over half have become members in the last year, and the "association" became aggressive only in the last six months.

The trust maintains its offices at 70 and 72 East Twenty-first street. Clarence E. Walcott of Syracuse is president and J. W. Nichols of this city is secretary. It has an executive committee of seven members and an "advisory" committee of fifty members representing every city of any size.

The American Publishers' association includes the fifty largest firms in that line of business, and also maintains an office in this city. The two concerns are "in signaling distance" of each other in many ways, as is shown by the documents unearthed.

"Reform Resolution" in Action.

Through the refusal of the publishing firm of Street & Smith, 238 William street, to enter the publishers' trust and the consequent declaration of the two "associations" to apply the "reform resolution" to the firm, "personal and confidential" rules and penalties of the dealers' trust have been made public.

The first discovery was in the form of a letter written on the stationery of the Booksellers' association, dated July 31, and directed to each of the 270 members of the "association." It was marked "personal and confidential," and was signed by the "American Booksellers' association, J. W. Nichols, secretary." For some reason unexplained the words "burn after reading" were not added.

The letter is declared by attorneys to be one of the most damaging pieces of evidence of the existence of an illegal trust ever produced. It begins by calling attention to the refusal of the firm in question to join the publishers' association, and states that "it becomes necessary for us to apply reform resolution No. 1 to the above firm." It also recites the fact that "by proceeding with tact and firmness" the membership of the Publishers' association has been increased from twenty-eight members to fifty members.

Warned to "Keep Faith."

Then the warning is sent out that "if any member, either directly or indirectly, buys a book published by Street & Smith and offers it for sale he will bring disgrace on the association and render us subject to reproach for not having kept our faith with the members of the Publishers' association."

After calling on all members to report any case of violation of the order to the secretary the letter in its conclusion indicates the light in which the association regards its own acts by the following words:

"This letter is issued in strict confidence and must not be made public."

A line is also included calling attention to the mutual objects of the two associations to cooperate in the maintenance of the net price system.

List of Protected Books.

The second piece of startling as well as damaging evidence discovered consisted of a booksellers' bulletin issued by the American Booksellers' association. It is bulletin No. 10, dated at this city July 31. It is announced as containing "a complete list of protected net books and partly protected fiction."

The rest of the title page is taken up with a list of the members of the American Publishers' association. The books handled by those publishers are classified as "fiction with limited discount," "net boks of fiction," and "net books of a more serious character."

But the interesting and "confidential" information from Secretary Nichols is directed to the attention of the members of the "association" by the printed words in red ink at the top of the front page, "See pages 2, 3, and 4."

Maxims of the Trust.

"Secretary's report for information of members only" are the first words that greet the reader's eye. Then follow subheads, such as:

"Reform measures proposed."

"Publishers have been benefited."

"Booksellers, too, have been benefited."

"Price limit now easily maintained."

"Encouragement for booksellers and publishers."
"A new era at hand in the book trade."
"The way to reform is to reform."
"The maximum discount of fiction must be reduced."
"The book buying public will be satisfied."
"Real parties at interest should adjust the matter."
"Irresponsible tramp book agents must go."
"The day of the cheap ephemeral book is passing."

Growing more confidential the energetic secretary repeats the words, "The way to reform is to reform," and then completes the chain of reasoning from a trust viewpoint with these significant phrases: "The persistent price cutters will still oppose." "A few more heads may have to be cut off," and winds up with a discussion of the wonderful "Reform resolution No. 1."

The contents of the "confidential" bulletin make clear the intent of the "personal and strictly confidential" letter calling for the application of the "reform resolution" to the firm of Street & Smith. It lays bare almost a history of the workings of the two "associations."

"Way to Reform Is to Reform."

Secretary Nichols in his report begins by telling how the "association" gained its inspiration from the words of the late John Sherman, who first made use of the expression: "The way to resume is to resume." He states that the "association" coined its own aphorism, "The way to reform is to reform," and explains in detail the "reform movement."

"It is more than two years since we joined hands to correct certain evils of the book trade," the report reads. "First, we recognized what those evils were; then we agreed in general terms how to correct the evils. Next, we formed the two associations to cooperate with each other. Then the net price system was adopted, and later it went into effect. It now has been in operation one year and three months.

Helps Publisher and Dealer.

"Those publishers who joined first and have published a good list of protected books have been materially benefited. Those publishers who have joined later will experience a material benefit as soon as they shall have published a number of protected books, of which the sale will be pushed by the booksellers with appreciation and energy.

"On the other hand, the booksellers have been substantially benefited more than some of them really know. When they place an order for a popular selling book issued under the rules they are assured they will be able to sell it with profit over and above the purchase price, whereas before the adoption of the net price system it not infrequently happened that local competition compelled the bookseller to close out his stock of a popular selling book for less than it actually cost him.

Able to Maintain Prices.

"Under the new rule the minimum price has been fixed and the two associations have amply demonstrated their ability to maintain the price limit. Thus the practical machinery for carrying out the reform has been established. The leading publishers and booksellers have demonstrated its practical benefit to themselves, and, what is more, many of the large department stores that formerly sold only the most widely advertised fiction, together with cheap paper covered books, now find that their book departments are yielding a profit, or at least do not have any actual loss to charge off to advertising accounts."

The prediction follows that the department stores will soon abandon entirely their trade in the popular priced editions of various books.

Matter for Encouragement.

Under the heading of "Encouragement for the Booksellers and Publishers" is the following:

"This is a matter for encouragement to publishers and booksellers alike. For publishers, since it opens up to them a larger field and more effective distributing agency than they have recently had. It is a source of encouragement to booksellers since it is a promise that the business of bookselling henceforth will be conducted on a profitable basis; and when the business is restored to a healthful condition there will be a better chance for all engaged in it to make a reasonable profit."

All department store competition is declared to be in a fair way to be wiped out in that these stores no longer will be permitted to use books for advertising purposes. It is stated that professional booksellers will be in demand and that the day when an ordinary person may have sufficient knowledge to sell a book over a counter is passing.

Time for "New Era."

But it is when Secretary Nichols reaches the consideration of the "new era" that he begins work on his own aphorism:

"But this time has not yet come," he says. "If booksellers wish to held their share of business they must be up and doing. But, as Senator Sherman would have put it, 'They way to reform is to reform.'"

Then, after discussing the old prices of books, the official suggests a tightening up of the screws in a few more places in the ironclad "association" rules. He suggests, or rather declares, that the maximum discount on new copyrighted fiction must be reduced, and there must be at least one-third profit for the distant merchants. He cites it as a recognized fact to all concerned, without specifying those concerned, but presumably the members of the "associations," that the sooner the business is placed on a maximum discount basis the better it will be.

It appears from the bulletin that some of the more modest members of the "associations" shrink from the responsibility of placing the business on a "paying basis" at one move and counseled a gradual increase of prices. They were overruled, and in concise form the objections to such a course are outlined under the heading:

Want Profits at Once.

"Serious objections to the plan of restoring the business gradually to a profitable basis."

Three reasons are given why the plan would be a failure. One is that it would take too long to make all the members of the two associations acquainted with the gradual change; second, that it would furnish a pretext for price cutting; and third, the dealers would have to apologize too often for raising prices. In other words, the trusts decided that they might as well boost prices all at once and make one apology for it.

It is promised that the book buying public will be satisfied as soon as it learns that it cannot buy for lower prices than those established by the trusts.

In contending that the real parties at interest should adjust the book trade some confidential information is given to show that the two "associations," acting "in harmony," can adjust prices to their satisfaction.

The "irresponsible tramp book agent" is doomed in the following section of the bulletin letter:

"People will no longer be compelled to depend for their book supply upon tramp book agents, who represent no recognized publisher, but some interloper in the trade who had the hard headed sense to recognize that publishers and booksellers were foolishly conducting their business in such a manner that it no longer yielded a profit, and hence there were no bookstores and booksellers to supply the people."

"Ephemeral Book" Must Go.

The bulletin then dwells on the increasing demand for books and sounds the knell of what Secretary Nichols is pleased to call "ephemeral book." In its place will come "sumptuous" and "well made" books once more. As a logical conclusion of the "sumptuous" phrase the official announces that the "publisher will well repaid" and the book trade "reformed."

Once more does Secretary Nichols proclaim that "the way to reform is to reform," and at the same time declares the sooner it is done the better. He urges that the workings of the two associations be held out to all publishers and dealers, and that a "request be made uniformly and strenuously" that they be heeded.

Some Marked for Destruction.

There follows this significant paragraph:

"Those few firms that have declined to maintain net prices will oppose the net price system, but when the business is put on a profitable basis and publishers and dealers are profiting alike from it there will be no more questioning the integrity and sincerity of the leaders in this reform movement. Then it will become difficult, indeed impossible, for would-be price cutters to obtain stock.

"It may become necessary to cut off the heads of one or two more general distributers who do not seem to be able to appreciate honorable men and their motives, but their loss will not be felt by any one but themselves. Their service will quickly be replaced by others. Then and not until then will our reform be as complete as the German reform."

Reform resolution No. 1 is pictured as the salvation of the two associations.

"This resolution has at last been declared operative against a publisher. Those publishers who really depend upon booksellers for their business have treated our request with consideration and have gradually yielded to our desire that they should join the publishers' association and cooperate with us through it in the maintenance of the net price system.

Trouble with Paper Covered Books.

"Some other publishers, whose business has been chiefly confined to issuing paper covered books and noncopyrights, have not as yet acceded to our request, though some of them have recently manifested a disposition to enter the field of publishing books.

"It is probable that several of these will have to be cut off in the early future. They certainly will unless they join the publishers' association and give us the protection for which we ask. It is a subject of regret to the writer that publishers of this class should be separated into a distinct class and denied the privileges of the regular book trade. But they alone are responsible for this fact. They have been invited, asked, and urged to join the publishers' association. They have declined to do this, lest they should sacrifice the patronage of a few dry goods stores that have declined to maintain net prices. They have made the choice themselves, and, since they have declined our patronage and support, no member of this association can handle their books hereafter and maintain his self-respect."

Blacklist of the Trust.

On the same page is the "blacklist" maintained by the American Booksellers' association, and also observed by the American Publishers' association. It is as follows:

Publishers to whom reform resolution No. 1 is now applicable.

Street & Smith, New York.

Dealers whose supplies have been stopped:

R. H. Macy & Co., New York.
G. W. Anderson & Sons, Portsmouth, O.
Pettibone-Peabody company, Appleton, Wis.
J. W. Tompkins, Middletown, N. Y.
Lion Dry Goods company, Toledo, O.
Rapp & Marks, South Bend, Ind.
Gradell & Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.
Chappelle, newsdealer, Boston, Mass.
Wise, Smith & Co., Hartford, Conn.
Chamberlain-Huntress company, Fitchburg, Mass.
New Bedford Dry Goods company, New Bedford, Mass.
E. E. Baldwick, New York.
N. Snellenberg & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
Sherwood & Son, Meridan, Conn.
John B. Anderson, Latrobe, Pa.
Dunn & Saylor, Shelbyville, Ind.
Palais Royal, Washington, D. C.
Schwartz & Isaacs company, limited, New Orleans, La.
Kerner & Getts, Philadelphia, Pa.
I. & M. Ottenheimer, Baltimore, Md.
Biddle & Moulden, Knoxville, Tenn.
H. H. Griggs company, Tiffin, O.

Publishers in the Combine.

The list of the members of the American Publishers' association is as follows:

Henry Altemus company, Philadelphia.
American Baptist Publication society, Philadelphia.
American News company, New York.
D. Appleton & Co., New York.
Arnold & Co., Philadelphia.
A. S. Barnes & Co., New York.
Drexel Biddle, Philadelphia.
The Bowen-Merrill company, Indianapolis.
Albert Brandt, Trenton, N. J.
Brentano's, New York.
The Century company, New York.
C. M. Clark Publishing company, Boston.
H. T. Coates & Co., Philadelphia.
The Robert Clarke company, Cincinnati.
Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York.
G. W. Dillingham company, New York.
Dodd, Mead & Co., New York.
Doubleday, Page & Co., New York.
E. P. Dutton & Co., New York.
Dana Estes & Co., Boston.
Funk & Wagnalls company, New York.
Harper & Brothers, New York.
Henry Holt & Co., New York.
Houghton, Mifflin & Co., Boston.
George W. Jacobs & Co., Philadelphia.
John Lane, New York.
Lee & Shepard, Boston.
J. B. Lippincott company, Philadelphia.
Little, Brown & Co., Boston.
Longmans, Green & Co., New York.
Lothrop Publishing company, Boston.
Macmillan company, New York.
McClure, Phillips & Co., New York.
A. C. McClurg & Co., Chicago.
New Amsterdam Book company, New York.
L. C. Page & Co., Boston.
Penn Publishing company, Philadelphia.
James Pott & Co., New York.
G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York.
Fleming H. Revell company, Chicago, New York, and Toronto.
R. H. Russell, New York.
Charles Scribner's Sons, New York.
Small, Maynard & Co., Boston.
Frederick A. Stokes company, New York.
Herbert S. Stone & Co., Chicago.
J. F. Taylor & Co., New York.
Vir Publishing company, Philadelphia.
A. Wessel company, New York.

Officers of Dealers' Association.

The following is the list of officers of the American Booksellers' association:

President—Clarence E. Wolcott, Syracuse, N. Y.
Vice Presidents—Charles W. Burrows, Cleveland, O.; Edwin Carlisle, San Francisco, Cal.; Frederick F. Hansell, New Orleans, La.
Secretary—J. W. Nichols, New York.
Treasurer—J. Wilson Hart, New York.

"CONFIDENTIAL" LETTER WITH ITS TELL TALE EVIDENCE OF A BOLD TRUST AMONG BOOK PUBLISHERS AND SELLERS.

AMERICAN BOOKSELLERS' ASSOCIATION.

July 31, 1902.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN BOOKSELLERS' ASSOCIATION:

Personal and Strictly Confidential.

Gentlemen:-

We regret to inform you that Messrs. Street & Smith of 232 William Street, New York, have finally and positively declined to join the American Publishers' Association and to co-operate with us through it in the maintenance of the net-price system.

At first they were disposed to accede to our request; they had their name presented and were practically elected; but they then withdraw; and now they have flatly declined to join. Accordingly, it now becomes necessary for us to apply Reform Resolution No. 1 to the above firm; and the said resolution is hereby declared to be in force against the firm of Street & Smith until further notice: This resolution was almost unanimously adopted by a special ballot of this Association last November, and it was confirmed and special instructions were given to the Secretary for carrying out the resolution, by a unanimous ballot at our second annual convention.

Please observe that this is the first time that Reform Resolution No. 1 has been called into operation. By proceeding with tact and firmness, we have increased the Publishers' Association from 28 to 50 members since the first of January; but there are others who must join the Publishers' Association and take their support away from the price-cutters before our reform can become entirely successful.

Until recently this firm had confined its publications almost exclusively to paper-covered books and reprints. They have more recently undertaken the publication of bound books including new copyrighted novels. But surely, if they desire our co-operation in the sale of their books, they should be willing to protect us in the making of a living profit. Hereafter, if any member of this Association buys a book of Messrs. Street & Smith, puts it in stock, or offers it for sale (except such books as are already in stock), he will be recreant to his pledge to this Association and he will thereby invite the ultimate failure of this reform movement that now promises to accomplish so much for the mutual interest of its members.

If any member, either directly or indirectly, buys a book published by Messrs Street & Smith, and offers it for sale, he will bring disgrace upon this Association and render us subject to reproach for not having kept our faith with the members of the Publishers' Association, after having pledged them our support in order to induce them to co-operate with us in the maintenance of the net-price system; and should you hear of any member handling the books of Street & Smith hereafter and until further notice, it is your duty promptly to report him to this office. This letter is issued in strict confidence and must not be made public. It is issued solely for the protection of our mutual interests by keeping faith with the members of the Publishers' Association.

Yours very truly,
AMERICAN BOOKSELLERS' ASSOCIATION
J. W. Nichols, Sec'y.

YE ART AND ARTISTS CORNER

At the Durand-Ruel galleries in Paris there is now on view a collection of the work of the gifted illustrator and painter, the late H. de Toulouse-Lautrec.

James Carroll Beckwith, a well known artist, and his wife, who was a Miss Bertha Hall, are being sued for slander by Mrs. Elisa Hall Badger, who is Mrs. Beckwith's sister. The damages asked aggregate $10,000. The parties interested are wealthy.

Some of the latest portraits of Benjamin-Constant, who died recently in Paris, are on exhibition at the Grafton gallery, London. A British critic says that the painter's likeness of Queen Alexandra, which hangs in the place of honor, is bright, hard, and clever, but lacks suavity and charm.

Two additions have been made to the series of monographs on the great masters in painting and sculpture edited by Dr. G. C. Williamson. Lord Ronald Gower contributes a volume on Sir David Wilkie, and Reer W. Martin, who is a subdirector of the Royal gallery at The Hague, contributes one on Gerard Dou.

Nothing is more curious than the evolution of the American hearth, which is without a parallel in Europe. Steam heat and furnace fires have not destroyed it. It is too strongly intrenched in sentiment and family life; its social significance is too great to be ignored, and it may be counted on as an element of the domestic picture which will never be eliminated.

Sargent's two portrait groups of three young women each at the Royal Academy have been subjected to keen analysis by Dr. S. MacColl in the London Saturday Review. This writer says plainly that in the portrait of "The Ladies Alexandra, Mary, and Thea Acheson" at least two of the figures show distinctly that they were posing, they badly proclaiming the fiction that they were doing nothing of the sort.

INKTHROWER MARS POSTOFFICE

Some One Hurls Mucilage and Writing Fluid, Presumably from an Upper Window of Marquette Block.

Two large spots, one of mucilage and one of ink, mar the Adams street column of the new postoffice building. Both are the results of vandalism on the part of some one—probably in an upper office in the Marquette building across the street.

The mucilage mark is on the facing near the corner of Dearborn street and is two feet long. The ink mark is on one of the columns farther west and is over four feet long. From their position it is believed that the thrower was in one of the upper offices, for the ink mark is far below the edge of the fence. Pieces of both the mucilage bottle and the inkstand were found, but neither had any marking that would furnish a clew as to their owners.

Representatives of John Peirce, the granite contractor, fear that the stones have been so marked that the government inspector will order them removed.

All the specifications for interior finish have been completed and it is expected that within a few weeks the contracts will be let.

Tabor Elects Gordon President.

Tabor, Ia., Aug. 5.—Dr. John Gordon, D. D., today was elected president of Tabor college. He has been acting president for a year, and for one year prior to that was a professor in the college.

TRAPP DEATH NOT MURDER

JURY FINDS NONUNION MAN SHOT IN SELF-DEFENSE.

Andrew Burkhauser, Employe of Allis-Chalmers Company, Is Declared Not Guilty—Killed Union Machinist Who Had Walked Up Behind Him and Struck Him Over the Head—Case Finished Before Judge Smith in Criminal Court.

Andrew Burkhauser, nonunion workman for the Allis-Chalmers company, who repelled an attack by union pickets last November and in doing so killed Ferdinand W. Trapp, was found not guilty of manslaughter yesterday evening. He will be released from jail this morning.

Trapp was in the party by which Burkhauser was attacked from behind with an iron bar. Burkhauser maintained, and to the evident satisfaction of the jury, that Trapp was aggressive in the assault on him. Trapp was a member of the machinists' union, and the case against Burkhauser was fought vigorously by organized labor.

Reaches Verdict Quickly.

The case against Burkhauser was tried before Judge Smith. The jury retired at 5 o'clock, and within a short time had reached the verdict of acquittal.

More than a week was required to complete the jury because of the severe examination on the views of the veniremen on labor questions.

Leroy Brown of counsel for the defense said of the verdict:

"Burkhauser was assaulted by Trapp, and he shot in self-defense. He took the stand and said so and the jury believed him."

On the evening Burkhauser was attacked he left the shop at 6 o'clock with Louis Winistoffer, a fellow employe. They went first to the restaurant of Mrs. Mullen, Eighteenth street and Washtenaw avenue, where they remained for half an hour. During that time Burkhauser said he noticed several men pass the house. When he left the place, however, he saw no one. He and Winistoffer walked north to Polk street on California avenue, where they were overtaken by two men.

Without a word of warning Burkhauser was struck across the head with a piece of gas pipe. The blow almost knocked him to the ground. He staggered against a building, drawing a revolver from his pocket. As his assailant was about to strike a second blow he fired. The first shot missed and he pulled the trigger again. One of the men dropped the gas pipe and fell against him. The second man came towards him and he fired two more shots. This man turned and ran west on Polk street.

Burkhauser Is Arrested.

Burkhauser and his companion left the body of the wounded man lying on the sidewalk and ran through an alley to Washtenaw avenue. There they separated. Winistoffer went to his home, 407 South California avenue, Burkhauser going to the office of Dr. W. M. Sherrin in Stanley avenue. Dr. Sherrin notified the police and Burkhauser was arrested. Pratt was taken to the county hospital, where he died in a few minutes. His body was identified by his wife.

RECOVERS FAMILY BY A RUSE.

John Daley, 119 Vernon Park Place, Trails Down Wife and Children —Woman Arrested.

Barricading herself in a room in a hotel at Washington and Halsted streets last night, Mrs. John Daley defied her husband to obtain possession of their three children, whom he had been seeking for the last week. Threats to kill the children deterred the man and he hurried to the Desplaines street station for help.

Detectives Mahoney and Welase went to his aid and took the children by a stratagem. Mrs. Daley left her home, 119 Vernon Park place, with her children last Friday. She was arrested and charged with disorderly conduct. The only weapon found in the room was a large table knife.

ROACH WILL REPLY TODAY

STREET CAR MEN AWAIT ANSWER TO DEMANDS.

President of Union Traction Company Believed to Have Refused to Grant Increase in Wages—Employes Are Ready to Strike—Officers of Union Decide to Ask Mediation of National Civic Federation in Hope Trouble May Be Averted.

President John M. Roach of the Union Traction company will answer the wage demands of the men employed by the company some time today. On his answer hangs the question of a strike. So critical has the situation become that the officers of the union have decided to ask for the mediation of the National Civic federation should President Roach refuse to grant a satisfactory increase.

The feeling that the company will refuse to grant their demands has been growing. Whether this idea has basis in fact could not be learned from the company's representatives yesterday, but the men were outspoken in the matter, and strike talk was rife. So urgent did the situation seem that yesterday evening some of the officers of the union tried to reach Franklin MacVeagh, local representative of the National Civic federation, to get his aid.

It was the belief of the union leaders that if Mr. MacVeagh could be induced to take a hand in the matter and explain that a refusal to grant their requests would end in a strike the company would make concessions. The union meets Thursday night and will then consider whatever proposition President Roach sees fit to give. This meeting is apt to be stormy, no matter what concessions the men receive.

The union demands are as follows: All men employed on single electric cars, 28 cents an hour; all men employed on cable cars, 30 cents an hour; all motormen with cars drawing trailers, 30 cents an hour. This scale amounts to an increase of from 35 to 40 per cent in the pay of the men now drawing from $2 to $2.50 a day. The pay of the men at present is from 18 to 22 cents an hour.

The union has an arbitration agreement with the company, but the board has not been appointed. Should President Roach completely turn down the proposition of the men the officers will take immediate steps to get Mr. MacVeagh interested, and will go before the union meeting with the promise that he will take it up. This, they believe, will temporarily at least put a stop to strike talk, as it was through Mr. MacVeagh's intermediation that a strike was forestalled when the union was partially formed.

GEN. STEWART WOODFORD RETURNS FROM JAPAN.

Stops in Chicago on Way Home—Pleased with Orient and Hopes Roosevelt Will Be Renominated.

"I have been across the Pacific Ocean for several months and of course I have not been able to keep in touch with politics in this country, but I hope that President Roosevelt will be renominated, for I think he deserves it," said Gen. Stewart L. Woodford at the Annex yesterday. The former minister to Spain was on his way to his home in New York, with his wife and daughter, after a four months' visit in Japan. Gen. Woodford was delighted with his visit in Japan.

"This was my first visit to the orient," said he, "and one of the things that struck me most forcibly was the progressive spirit of the Japanese. They are pushing ahead energetically and rapidly in every direction, and especially in the educational line.

"The Anglo-Japanese alliance, I believe, is doing and will continue to do much to keep peace in the east."

GUNS KEEP MINERS QUIET.

PEACE MAINTAINED ONLY WITHIN RANGE OF RIFLES.

Outside District Patrolled by Troops Occasional Disturbances and Continued Mutterings Show Temper of Strikers—Strong Display of Force Necessary to Effect the Arrest of Wounded Men—Soldiers Who Left Camp Chased by Angry Crowd.

Shenandoah, Pa., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Under the rifles of militiamen all is quiet. Out of range, behind the protecting hills, there are mutterings of discontent, varied by slight disturbances at several points.

It became evident today that the troops are able to pacify just as much territory as they can control. In order to bring more of the country under subjection it was given out today that Gen. Gobin would ask for another battalion or possibly another regiment. At Girardsville a workman was shot and slightly injured.

Gen. Gobin was unusually alert, however, and kept soldiers in readiness for instant use all day long. Many stories of threatened trouble reached him. Officers around headquarters feel that the tension is increasing and would not be surprised if some of the troops now in camp here were sent into the surrounding region.

Troops Guard Wounded Prisoners.

The most important development in the Shenandoah region was the arrest and commitment to the county jail of two wounded Lithuanians, who participated in the riot of last week. The arrest was attended with a considerable show of military force, they being taken into custody by constables who were surrounded by a platoon of infantrymen.

The prisoners are Antony Klimovitz and Stanislaus Zukowski. Each had been shot in the foot during the riot and was unable to walk. They were located in boarding houses in the heart of the foreign quarter of the town. The constables feared that trouble would ensue if they attempted to make the arrest themselves, and upon their suggestion Gen. Gobin sent a platoon of Company I of the Twelfth regiment to protect them.

The soldiers formed a line around the houses and the two Lithuanians were carried out and placed in an open wagon. By this time a crowd of foreigners of different nationalities had gathered around the soldiers and followed them and the prisoners to the office of Squire W. H. Shoemaker, where the prisoners were given a hearing.

While the hearing was in progress the platoon kept the crowd some distance from the place. The Lithuanians were held in $2,000 bail each, and in default they were taken to the jail at Pottsville.

Crowd Chases Soldiers.

Three members of Company I of the Twelfth regiment were chased by a crowd of men last night on the outskirts of the town. The soldiers had sought refuge in the house of Squire McGuinness at Frackville. The soldiers left the camp without leave. They were seen by miners, and soon eighteen or twenty mn, carrying clubs and pistols, gathered. The soldiers fled and the crowd attempted to run them into a mine hole. Gen. Gobin said the three soldiers, who belong in Williamsport, will be courtmartialed.

Burgess David Brown, President of Council David R. Jones, and Chief of Police John Fry held a conference with Gen. Gobin today and confessed their inability to cope with the situation.

Threats are openly made, and the officials requested that troops be sent to South Shenandoah. Gen. Gobin consented to station two companies of infantry in that locality and on the road leading to Turkey Run hill.

Injunction Is Made Permanent.

Kittaning, Pa., Aug. 5.—Judge W. D. Patton of Armstrong county has continued as permanent the preliminary injunction granted by Judge Wallace of Lawrence county, on petition of J. G. Beale, against William Little and others, representing the United Mine Workers of America, and the Monongahela and Carnegie brass bands, restraining them from parading on the streets of Leechburg for the purpose of intimidating miners.

Miners Seek Their Liberty.

Clarksburg, W. Va., Aug. 5.—Judge Goff today began the hearing in the habeas corpus proceeding in which striking miners are concerned. Attorneys for the miners raised the point that as the injunction was issued in behalf of the Guarantee Trust company of New York and that as the Clarksburg Fuel company was not made a party there was no violation by the agitators, as it was the Fuel company's property which they are accused of trespassing upon.

FIRE FIGHTERS' CONTESTS COMMENCE AT BLUE ISLAND.

Illinois State Firemen's Association Opens Fourteenth Annual Tournament, to Continue Two Days More.

Blue Island is in the hands of the fire fighters. The fourteenth annual tournament of the Illinois State Firemen's association opened there yesterday morning, and will continue for two more days. It is the first time that the annual tournament has been held in the vicinity of Chicago, and the close proximity drew an unusual number of visitors.

At 10 o'clock in the morning the teams which had arrived to compete in the contests were marshaled into a procession through the heart of Blue Island. Those entered were: Warren, which captured the prize for best appearance and marching; Dixon, Gibson City, Harvey, Morgan Park, and Arcola. The program was continued in the afternoon at Calumet Grove picnic grounds, where a special grandstand had been erected.

One of the features of the afternoon was the work of the Chicago Pompier crew. A three story wall had been erected, and the Chicago crew made some of the fastest time on record in mounting the various heights. With a four man crew the building was mounted in fifty-nine seconds, two men made the time of forty-eight, while Capt. Schott reached the roof with his single ladder in thirty-eight seconds.

The remainder of the program consisted of novelty races, hose races, hub and hub races, hook and ladder races, and hub and hub hose races.

Ladder climbing contests—Gibson City, time 5 1-5 seconds, won; Dixon, time 5 2-5 seconds, second.

Novelty hose race—Arcola won, time 38 1-5 seconds; Morgan Park second, time 44 3-5 seconds; Harvey third, time 58 seconds.

Novelty hook and ladder race—Gibson City won, time 32 3-5 seconds; Dixon second, time 44 seconds.

Hose race for new teams — Harvey won, time 40 3-5 seconds; Morgan Park second.

Hook and ladder race for new teams—Dixon won, time 26 1-5 seconds; Gibson City second.

PUTS ON HIS UNIFORM AGAIN.

Lieut. Louis Clark Thompson Reports for Duty at the Armory of First Illinois Cavalry.

Lieut. Louis Clark Thompson of Troop E, First Illinois cavalry, donned his uniform and reported at the company armory in North Clark street last night for the first time in four months. The cause of the officer's return to the command was the action of Gov. Yates reversing the finding of the court martial which found him guilty of the charges brought against him by Capt. Charles H. Alsip. When seen after the drill Lieut. Thompson declined to say anything about the charges of forgery and malfeasance in office said to be in preparation against Capt. Alsip, simply stating that as an officer he had no right to talk of such matters for publication.

Col. E. C. Young, the commander of the First Illinois cavalry, said: "I do not take any stock in any such charges, and I believe them to be untrue. Further than that I cannot speak, except to say that no such charges have been filed with me. If they should reach me through the proper channels they will be disposed of according to the usual procedure."

Capt. Alsip said: "Such charges come as a surprise to me. I refute them and declare them untrue. Further than that I care to say nothing."

ALLIS-CHALMERS STRIKE RENEWED

Machinists "Haze" Nonunion Men and Ringleaders Are Discharged.

OTHERS THEN QUIT WORK

Teamsters Win Small Walkout and Then Make Demand on Express Companies.

Another strike of union machinists at the Allis-Chalmers plant was called yesterday following the "hazing" of nonunion men working there. The union men in the Twelfth street plant went on a frolic at noon, seized eight nonunion employés, rushed them into the street, and made them run the gantlet between long lines of men armed with shingles. When the police rescued the victims it was found that all were badly bruised.

After that frolic the union machinists, who number 250, were in a happy mood. But when they returned to their lathes at 1 o'clock five of the ringleaders in the disorder were told their services were no longer needed. The others promptly held an indignation meeting and then went on a strike. The company asked for a conference, which was held at the Briggs house. At it the strikers demanded a reinstatement of the men and the discharge of the nonunion men. This the company would not grant and the strike will continue.

Outcome of Last Year's Struggle.

The strike is a direct outcome of the long struggle last year. When that fight was settled on June 13 the men believed that the nonunion machinists who took their places would be dropped, but this did not prove to be the case. Sixteen of them are high-grade machinists and these the company will not discharge. Several attempts were made by the union to have it done, and when all failed the men decided to take matters into their own hands.

Yesterday morning the word went around that at noon all were to be in Washtenaw avenue armed with shingles. When the whistle blew eight of the nonunion men were seized, hurried through the machine shops, out through the Washtenaw street entrance, and one by one forced to run between the two long rows of men.

With yells and jeers the machinists started the fun. Those who did not have shingles used their boots. The first man to strike a blow yelled "One." The second man to hit the victim shouted "Two." This kept on up and down the line and created such an uproar that the police in the neighborhood hurried to the scene. There they found eight bruised and frightened men.

Break for the Shops.

The nonunion men made a break for the shops, where they were not disturbed. The machinists joked about the streets until the close of the noon hour and then went back to their benches. They were much surprised when the head of the shop committee, J. Curry, and four of the other ringleaders of the fun were told to pack up their tools and leave. News of this spread through the shops and in a few minutes an informal meeting was held and a strike called.

The officers of the union knew nothing of the action. Preparations for a strike in both the local plants of the company had been made, but it was not to have been called for several days. When the officers of the union learned the details of the walkout they decided to bring matters to an immediate crisis and settle all grievances at once. This was not known to the company when it agreed to a conference at the Briggs house.

Conference Soon Adjourns.

At the conference were Supt. Neidermeyer of the company, President J. E. McConnell of the International Association of Machinists, W. F. Melican, president of district 8 of the association; Lee Fischer and J. J. Keppler, business agents of No. 8, and the men discharged. A written copy of grievances was handed to Supt. Neidermeyer who frankly told the men he was not in a position to consider it. With that the conference adjourned.

While the conference was going on a stormy meeting was held by the men in Amity hall. They are eager to fight indefinitely and decided to send a committee to the Gates Iron works, the other Chicago plant of the company, to get out the machinists there. This strike makes the second the Allis-Chalmers company has at present, for all its boilermakers are out. The machinists' strike of last year cost over $250,000 in losses to the company, the death of two men, and injuries to 200 others.

Teamsters Win a Strike.

The teamsters called a strike during the day and won it, and then turned their attention to the express companies, demanding an increase in wages.

Early in the morning Business Agent Hugh McGee of the Truck Drivers' union called out the men employed by the L. Wolf Manufacturing company, Robey and Fulton streets. Two of the twenty-five drivers employed by the firm had been discharged and reinstatement was asked. In addition to this the union demanded that its scale of wages be paid. After a strike of two hours both demands were granted.

Later in the day the Railway Express Drivers and Conductors' union 20, sent in agreement to the American, Wells Fargo, National, Northern Pacific, United States, and Western express companies. The men demanded an increase varying from $3 to $10 a month. They want a ten hour day and 35 cents an hour for overtime.

Return to Work at Pullman.

The Pullman strike came to a sudden end. Supt. Dunbar called in the officers of the unions and adjusted the wage question temporarily. The car builders received an increase of $1.50 a car for piece work. The blacksmiths' helpers will have their troubles adjusted by arbitration. The settlement is considered a victory for the men and is due to a rush of orders.

Rumor of Cemetery Strike.

Reports were in circulation during the day that the gravediggers at Mount Olivet cemetery, to the number of eighteen, went on a strike for an increase in wages of 25 cents a day. They are now receiving $1.75. When the cemetery was called up the manager in charge denied the report.

YATES' TRIP PASSES LIMIT IN BURNING MILITIA COAL.

Governor's Cruise to Harbor Point Takes Ten Tons Over State Allowance to First Crew, Second Division.

Gov. Yates' little outing on board the U. S. S. Dorothea, which took him to Harbor Point, Mich., not only delayed for a day the cruise of the Rock Island naval militia but also caused the second division of the fleet ship's crew, whose cruise of last week was extended nearly two days by the presence of the governor aboard the ship, to use up ten tons of coal over the state allowance for the cruise. For this coal, if the rules are enforced, the members of the crew will have to pay. The governor's vacation, if this is done, will cost the crew $70 in coal bills besides what other expenses they may have incurred in entertaining him.

Besides, it is said, this excessive consumption of coal is not in keeping with an order promulgated by Capt. Allen, under instructions from Governor Yates nearly a year ago, when he warned the naval militia to be economical in the use of coal and not to consume more than twenty-five tons a cruise. In order to save coal, it is said, an extended cruise was denied the naval militia a year ago.

The state furnishes 200 tons of coal for the use of the Dorothea, and, as there are two crews of four divisions each and each division is entitled to a cruise, the extent of the cruise of each has been restricted to the distance that could be traversed with twenty-five tons of coal.

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NEW TRACTION SUIT SCANDAL.

Witness in a Damage Case Is Arrested on a Warrant Charging Perjury.

DENEEN'S MEN AT WORK.

Woman Complainant Says the Prisoner, Harry Levy, Told Her of Guilt.

One arrest was made yesterday and others are expected in a case involving a street railway personal injury suit in which a small judgment was returned on evidence now alleged to have been perjury. State's Attorney Deneen has been investigating, and there are intimations that further disclosures will reveal another conspiracy to defeat justice in the courts.

Harry Levy, the man now under arrest, is alleged to have been an employé in the law offices of the West Chicago Street railway company. He was taken in charge by the police on warrants sworn out two years ago by Miss Lena Glatter, 180 West North avenue, charging him with conspiracy and with obtaining money under false pretenses.

Levy's arrest was made by Detectives Buggie and Duffy. In the last two years he had been traced from Chicago to New York and back to Chicago. Two weeks ago he secured employment in a barber shop at 671 Milwaukee avenue.

Part Played by Levy.

Louis Glatter, brother of the complainant, was injured in 1898 so severely that his mind was affected, but when suit was brought against the traction company his family succeeded in getting a judgment of only $650. The testimony on which the judgment was given came largely from Levy, it is charged, and from others for whom the police are now looking.

Miss Glatter says that some time after the trial Levy visited her and admitted that he had given false testimony, and said that if she would pay him $100 he would cause the case to be reopened.

"I did not have the money," said Miss Glatter, "but for my brother's sake I borrowed it and gave it to Levy. Then he disappeared. When he asked for the money he admitted he had given false testimony and said his conscience was troubling him.

"My brother was so badly injured in the spine that his mind became unsound, and we started suit for $10,000. When the suit came to trial Levy was one of the principal witnesses for the defense. His testimony and that of others turned the case against us and we received a judgment of only $650. Half of this went to the attorneys and half for doctor's bills.

"Afterwards Levy admitted that he had not seen the accident and that many of the other witnesses who testified in favor of the traction company had sworn falsely."

Police Search for Others.

Levy was arraigned in the Harrison street police court yesterday, but at the request of the police a continuance was granted until Aug. 13. By this time the prosecution hopes to reach the other witnesses concerned in the original trial.

According to the police the prisoner, when first questioned, declared that if dealt with fairly he would give information which would disclose wholesale bribing in traction cases.

Miss Glatter supports her brother and invalid mother by keeping a grocery store in North avenue. She said that her lack of money had made it impossible for her to press the suit, for Levy when he was known to have left town after securing the $100 from her.

New Trial Arguments Close.

Patrick H. O'Donnell, James T. Brady, "Bull" Gallagher, and the four other defendants convicted of bribery will learn on Saturday morning whether they are to be given a new trial. At the conclusion of arguments yesterday afternoon Judge Brentano said he would take the matter under consideration and announce his decision on Saturday. A plea for leniency, or a new trial, was made for Gallagher.

BIG INCREASE ON REALTY PLAN OF THE REVIEWERS.

Taxpayers Consulted About It Think Assessors' Valuation High Enough—Upham Predicts $60,000,000 Lift.

The question of making a horizontal increase in the valuation of real estate for taxing purposes is holding the attention at present of the board of review. Notices were sent to ten taxpayers in each township in Chicago to give the board their opinion on this proposition. Not more than half of those invited responded. Those who appeared generally insisted that the valuations fixed by the board of assessors are high enough.

The total realty valuation in the city made by the assessors is $1,263,924,250, as against $1,245,638,160 last year. At that time the board of review added $153,089,415 to the assessors' figures. Besides the horizontal increase aggregated $30,000,000.

The predictions are that the increase this year will not be less than it was in 1901. Fred W. Upham said that he believed the horizontal increase would be $60,000,000 on real estate and $10,000,00 on personal property.

TWO BOYS DROWNED IN LAKE.

One Loses Life Off Evanston and the Other Sinks Near Leland Avenue Bathing Beach.

Two boys were drowned in Lake Michigan yesterday. While wading in the lake at the foot of Greenwood boulevard, Evanston, Edward Sefterhenn, 14 years old, stepped into a hole and was drowned. The boy lived at 2020 Central avenue, Evanston. The body was recovered. The other victim was 13 year old Bergman Levy, 416 Otto street. He was drowned while swimming with a number of companions at the bathing beach at the foot of Leland avenue. The police of the Town Hall station found the body.

YE CORNER FOR YE COOK

Rice griddle cakes: Press cup cold boiled rice through sieve; add tablespoon butter melted and teaspoon salt; break two eggs into mixture and beat well; add cup milk; pour this over cup flour; add two teaspoonfuls baking powder; if the batter is too thick add a little milk; bake on a hot griddle.

Picked up codfish is well in its way, but lacks the savoriness of finnan haddie when prepared in the same manner. For a spring appetizer at breakfast or luncheon, the following will be found excellent. The fish may be cooked on purpose or that left over used, but it will not be at its best unless soaked in cold water over night, well dried, then broiled over a clear fire.

Scalloped tomatoes are good. Season half can tomatoes with teaspoon salt, little pepper, and teaspoon onion juice; butter deep dish and sprinkle with fine bread crumbs; pour in half the tomatoes; sprinkle with bread crumbs; pour over remaining tomatoes, mix half cup bread crumbs with little melted butter; when well mixed spread over the top and bake in oven an hour.

If you wish to make snowballs cream half cup of butter, add gradually cup of sugar, half cup milk, two and one-half cupfuls flour; then add three teaspoonfuls baking powder and whites of three eggs beaten stiff; turn mixture into small buttered earthen cups, about two-thirds full; put in steamer and steam thirty-five minutes; turn out on platter and serve with strawberry sauce.

It is unfortunate that, with the increasing use of baking powders, the old fashioned sponge cake, "the kind mother used to make," has almost entirely disappeared from sight. Cook books and cooking school teachers alike give out recipes which include baking powder among their ingredients, although any cake which is made with a liquid (and boiling water is often employed) or liquid, except with eggs, is not what once was called sponge cake.

CLEARING A 'LOST STREET'

CITY EMPLOYES TEAR DOWN SHEDS AND CUT OFF CORNERS.

Northwestern Railway Stone Wall Still Divides Dix "Thoroughfare," However, and It Cannot Be Used—House Occupied by Matz Family for Forty-six Years Spared on Plea of Aged Grandmother—Nominal Rent Probably Will Be Collected.

Kindling wood is scattered over many blocks near Halsted street and Chicago avenue, and there are a number of peculiar looking buildings in Dix street with corners and angles shaved off. These are the results of the crusade made by city officials to recover lost streets.

The "crusaders" have torn down a fence which they may have to put back because they violated an injunction restraining such action. They disturbed a grandmother and her family of three generations who have lived in the "street" for forty-six years, but finally decided to permit her to stay in her old home.

When the crusade is over Dix street will look like an alley which the city forgot to plat until the block was built up solid and which was then cut through the buildings.

Stone Wall Divides Street.

It is admitted that what has been done would be commendable if it were not for one circumstance which robs this particular crusade of value and makes it almost farcical.

The Chicago and Northwestern railroad cuts Dix street in two and the company has built a six foot stone wall on both sides of its tracks. To travel in Dix street, even after the city has cleaned it up, it will be necessary for the pedestrain, starting at Chicago avenue, to climb over this wall and cross a dozen dangerous tracks. The first thing which he will see after he has climbed the wall will be this sign, posted on a city "street":

DANGEROUS—$100 fine for walking on these tracks.

If he does not get fined and is not run down by one of the Northwestern trains he can crawl through a hole in the wall and continue through Dix "street," past the tanneries and along the north branch. Until the railroad takes down its stone wall and elevates its tracks there will not be much benefit derived from the crusade.

People Out for Kindling.

But there is plenty of kindling wood in the neighborhood, and the people are out in the streets with axes chopping up a winter supply.

Leaving, Sangamon, and Cornell streets as well as Dix are to be cleared. The crusade started yesterday morning when twenty laborers under Superintendent of Streets Doherty and Ward Superintendent Carroll began the attack with sledge and crowbar. The invading pary did not assail the Northwestern stone wall, but climbed over it and attacked the frame buildings.

The first thing they did was to tear down a fence built across the "street." This was the property of the Ott Lumber company, and Henry Grusendorf of that company came running out with a transcript of a perpetual injunction granted by Judge Horton protecting the fence against the city. The barrier was down, and now Commissioner Blocki is wondering whether he will have to build it again, and rather thinking that he will.

Mrs. Matz's House Spared.

From the fence the invaders moved on the next obstruction. This was a residence, and out of it came Mrs. Wilhelmina Matz, a grandmother, surrounded by her grandchildren.

"You cannot be intending to tear down my house, which has been my home for forty-six years," she said to Supt. Carroll. "Surely you won't. Why, before you were born Mayor William B. Ogden told me I could live here forever."

It was a case of "woodman, spare this tree," and the invaders looked at each other awkwardly.

"It does look hard," said Mr. Carroll. "Well, we'll leave your house to the last. I am afraid, though, that is the best we can do."

"The city men came around here after the big fire," said the woman, "and surveyed all around, and told me I need not move. My husband built this house with the help of the neighbors, and we have lived in it nearly fifty years."

Several Sheds Attacked.

Having spared the house, the wreckers jumped with energy on a building of the Chicago Packing Box company and tried to hack a corner off it. The owners approached with a request that they be allowed to saw off the offending corner, and the permit was granted. The invaders wecked some sheds of the Chicago Tanney, American Hide and Leather company, and looked apprehensively at a big structure which stood squarely in the middle of the "street."

"We'd need an elephant or a wrecking wagon," said the ward superintendent, and the structure was spared, while the wreckers demolished all the smaller sheds in the street.

Some one looked at a watch about that time and announced that it was a "day's work." So, with the guard of policemen, the invaders passed out of the ruins.

Commissioner Blocki announced that Mrs. Matz would be allowed to keep her home in the street if she would make arrangements with the city real estate agent to pay a nominal rental for the ground and thus acknowledge that it was city property.

English is spoken on rare occasions in the neighborhood of Dix street, but with what English they have the residents are saying that the cleaning up is "politics."

ARMOUR REPRESENTATIVES START FOR NEW YORK.

Arthur Meeker and Attorney Krauthoff Go, Giving Fresh Impetus to Talk of a Greater Combine.

Arthur Meeker, department manager for Armour & Co. at the stockyards and vice president of the reorganized Hammond companies, and Louis C. Krauthoff, attorney for the same company, went to New York yesterday.

Following the filing of the demurrers of the packers in the United States Circuit court and the talk of a larger merger of the packing interests, it naturally increased the gossip of such a combination. No one could be found, however, who would make any statement for the packers.

As for the report from St. Paul that Swift & Co. had bought the Minnesota Soap company's plant, the officials here would neither affirm nor deny it.

CATHOLICS TALK BACK AT IRELAND

Bishop McFaul Attacks Administration's Policy in the Philippines.

SPEAKS TO FEDERATION.

Warning Issued by Archbishop Ignored by Bishop Messmer.

Archbishop Ireland's warning to Catholics against discussing the administration's methods in the Philippines had no weight in the deliberations of the American Federation of Catholic societies, which met yesterady afternoon and evening at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium. On the contrary, the principal address of the evening, delivered by Bishop McFaul of Trenton, N. J., was, in effect, a direct reply to the archbishop's declaration.

"In the face of so many denials of what were discovered to be incontrovertible facts," said Bishop McFaul in that part of his address which referred to Archbishop Ireland's advice to Catholics, "the silence of Americans, especially of American Catholics, since they were especially interested, would have been culpable, not to say disgraceful. It is no reply to say that 'Catholics should possess their souls in peace; the administration will do justice.' Granting that the administration is anxious to do justice, the crime of misinforming it as to the true Catholic position is all the more grievous."

Will Ignore Archbishop.

Bishop Messmer of Green Bay, Wis., was another leading member of the federation who refused to be guided by the archbishop's advice. After the adjournment of the afternoon session he said:

"The archbishop is in no position to dictate to the federation, and the convention will not be guided by his wishes unless it thinks it best for the interests of the federation."

The federation upon assembling was welcomed on behalf of the city by Dr. H. S. Taylor, representing Mayor Harrison, and by M. P. Girten on behalf of the Catholic societies of Chicago. Organization was effected in executive session, after which the delegates listened to addresses by Bishops Messmer and McFaul and the president of the federation.

Discusses Philippine Question.

Bishop McFaul in his address to the convention at the evening session directed his attention to the treatment of the friars and the school question in the Philippines. While admitting that some of the statements made in the newspapers regarding the situation in the Philippines were either incorrect or exaggerated. Bishop McFaul declared that there was a substantial foundation of truth in most of the reports which justified the strictures made upon those accountable for the abuse of power.

"There is no reason, therefore," said Bishop McFaul, "to criticise adversely the action taken by this federation and various organizations in sympathy with it, the Catholic press, or the bishops and priests who, representing certain dioceses, protested against injustice and requested an investigation to determine the truth or falsehood of alleged facts.

"When the news arrived that the Catholic churches in the Philippines were desecrated and looted, officers of high rank in the army attempted to refute the charges, yet the desecration and looting of those sacred edifices is now so certain that claims for damages to ecclesiastical property will be accepted by the government."

Makes Charge of Discrimination.

Bishop McFaul stated that it was the purpose of the federation to keep up the agitation, confident that a strong, intelligent public opinion is necessary to aid the administration in shaping its policy in the Philippines. He charged discrimination against Catholics in educational matters.

"This organization is deeply interested," Bishop McFaul said, "in obtaining just treatment for the friars, who have suffered under so many cruel calumnies, and shall watch with eagerness the educational interests of the Filipinos. There are, according to the records of the war department, 907 American teachers in the Philippines. This number includes eighteen or nineteen Catholics. Here discrimination against Catholics is evident.

"When, however, has any determined effort been made to obtain Catholic chaplains and how many bishops have been asked for priests? There is not the slightest doubt that had the invitation for Catholic teachers been extended to all the Catholic institutions of the United States a large number of capable teachers might have been procured.

"The impression has gone abroad that America is furnishing educational facilities to the Filipinos for the first time and that the people were in a state of dense ignorance. This is another calumny. During centuries the friars dwelt with the tribes of the Philippines, and it is to them that they are indebted for whatever they possess of education and religion.

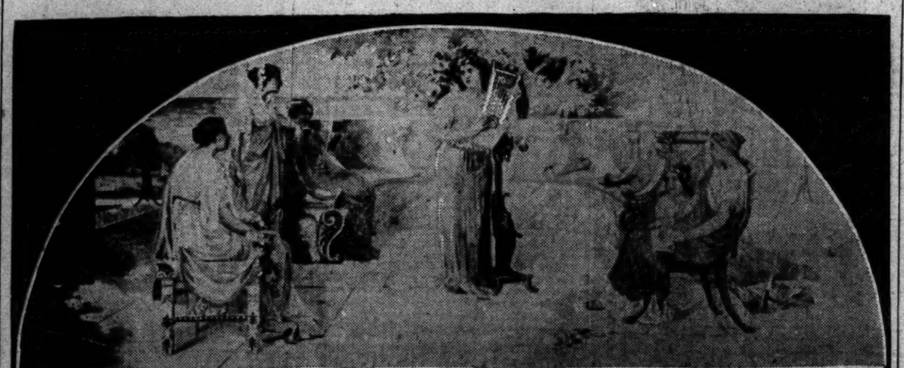
Attacks Public School System.

"With regard to education, the United States commissioners inform us that 'it is the purpose of the Philippine government to maintain in the archipelago the same kind of free, nonsectarian instruction which exists in the United States and which has proved to be for the interest of religion and all religions.' This is an astounding assertion, since every one knows that the American public school system has been one of the chief factors of leaving millions of Americans without the boundaries of any religious organization; in fact, that it has contributed largely to the dechristianizing of America."

Denies Criticism of Ireland.

Thomas H. Cannon, high chief ranger of the Catholic Order of Foresters and second vice president of the American Federation of Catholic Societies, says that he greatly regrets that any expression of criticism of Archbishop Ireland and his recent sermon on the Philippine question should have been attributed to him. He not only does not think that it is his proper province as head of the Order of Foresters to criticise any pulpit utterance of the archbishop, but says that he has not expressed any such criticism as has been attributed to him.

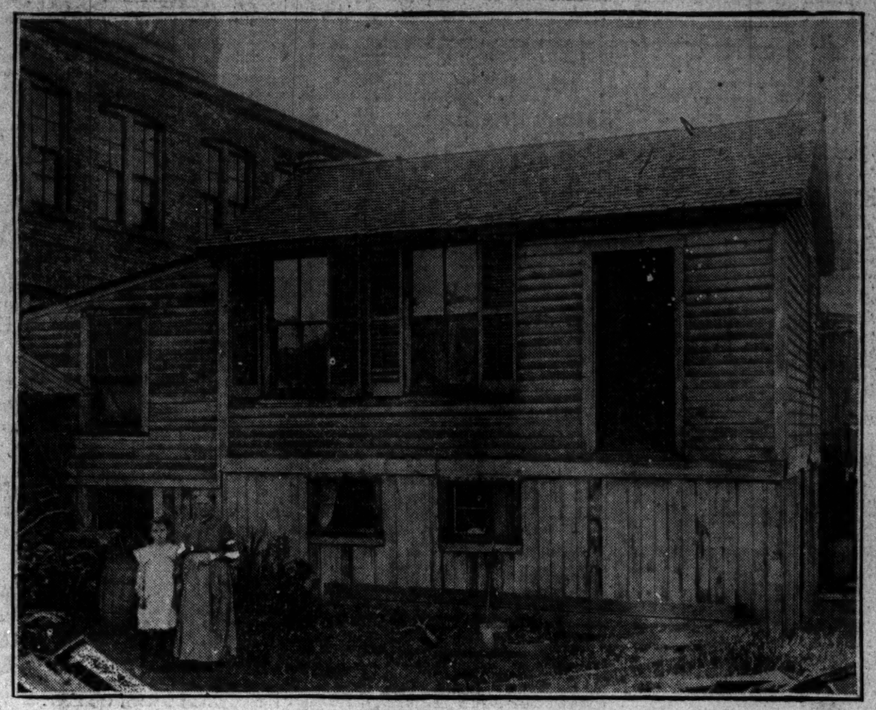
"THE SCHOOL OF SAPHO," MURAL DECORATION FOR ST. LOUIS FAIR.



It is by F. L. Stoddard and is for a tympanum sixteen feet in radius over an entrance of the hall of Liberal Arts. It shows the decoration that will prevail in the shaded portions of the buildings of the Louisiana Purchase exposition. The painting will be on canvas in order that it may be preserved after the exposition.

HOME OF MATZ FAMILY SINCE 1856 SPARED IN CRUSADE AGAINST "LOST STREET;" OLD RESIDENT REMAINS.

[From a photograph taken for THE TRIBUNE.]



When the city employés clearing Dix street of encroaching buildings came to the house of Mrs. Wilhelmina Matz, she appeared, with her grandchild, and made an appeal to be allowed to remain. She has lived in the house nearly half a century and was allowed to stay.

DEATH A DEEPER MYSTERY

WILLIAM STRICKLAND CASE OFFERS PROBLEM TO POLICE.

Coroner's Physician Finds Injuries That Lead Him to Suspect Violence, Possibly Inflicted in a Cell in the Stanton Avenue Station—Inquest Is Adjourned and Lieut. Mulcahy Is Ordered to Make a Thorough Investigation.

The mystery surrounding the death of William F. Strickland became more complicated yesterday.

If Coroner's Physician Springer is right, Strickland met death from violence—possibly inflicted in a cell in the Stanton avenue police station.

If the police are right—and they resent any suggestion that Strickland could have come to harm while under their care—Strickland met death from a fall which he suffered fifteen hours before his death. This, Dr. Springer says, could not have been possible.

Strickland was found in an apparently intoxicated condition in front of 3869 Cottage Grove avenue on Monday morning. He was kept at the Stanton avenue station from 9:30 in the morning until the middle of the afternoon, when he was taken to the Baptist hospital. He died in the hospital at 6:15 in the evening.

In an examination of the body yesterday Dr. Springer found fractures of the skull and nose, a hemorrhage of the brain, and bruises on the face and head. The result was a postponement of the inquest to allow Police Lieutenant Mulcahy an opportunity to find out how and when Strickland sustained the injuries.

Doubts Theory of a Fall.

"I believe these injuries to have been too severe to have been caused by falls," said Dr. Springer to Deputy Coroner Buckley after the post mortem examination had been made. "Death was due to shock and internal hemorrhage and a fractured skull due to external violence. After receiving these injuries Strickland could not have retained the power of movement and speech for more than thirty minutes, and could not have lived more than ten hours."

"This inquest is continued until Friday," said Deputy Buckley. "In the meanwhile, Lieut. Mulcahy, investigate this case, and be ready to tell us how this man received those injuries. Call to the inquest the physicians who examined this man when found, and those who cared for him at the hospital, so we may learn why they did not discover these wounds."

Dr. W. A. Hemingway of the Baptist hospital, in his written statement submitted to the coroner, diagnosed the case as an organic trouble, and said Strickland had been in convulsions for some time before he died.

Theory of the Police.

"I think I have discovered where Strickland was hurt," said Lieut. Mulcahy last evening, after his men had worked on the case for some time. "About 2 o'clock Monday morning he received a hard fall on a stone sidewalk at Thirty-ninth street and Cottage Grove avenue. Policeman Mudter of this station took him to his home at 161 Oakwood boulevard. He was stupid, either from the fall or from drink, and remained at home until about 9 o'clock in the forenoon. Then he left his room and half an hour later fell at the cigar store, where we found him. I believe the fractured skull is the result of the fall early in the morning.

"How three physicians could have examined him and not found those injuries is a puzzle. I do not believe the man was beaten. He was quiet and docile in the station, and there was no occasion to subdue him."

Two Families Poisoned by Corn.

Sheboygan, Wis., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—The families of Gustav Willard of this city and M. Wilson of Ottawa, Ill., were taken seriously ill today from ptomaine poisoning, caused, it is said, by eating canned corn. Mrs. Wilson's condition is critical.

BABES IN WOOD GO BROKE.

THEN COME THEIR PAPAS AND A "GOOD TIME" ENDS.

Three Small Boys Who Apply a $5 Bill to Pop Corn, Soda Water, Peanuts, and Pony Rides Lose Half of Their Fortune During a Race and Then Sleep Under the Trees in Washington Park—Like High Life, but Are Glad to Get Home.

Three prodigal sons, aged 11, 8, and 6 years, weary after twenty-four hours of riotous living on a $5 bill, went home with their papas on the street cars yesterday to the fatted veal.

In those twenty-four hours they had more of the sweets of life, more popcorn and peanuts, more soda water, pony rides, swings, and other delights than the average boy gets in a month. But then came the husks—and their fathers.

So far as peanuts and soda water were concerned, they were blasé, and glad enough to be taken home.

H. L. Williams, 4120 Vincennes avenue, one of the worried parents, found his son Robert, aged 11, with his two companions, Marshall Jones, aged 8, and Albert Jones, aged 6, of 4112 Vincennes avenue, wandering near Washington park. The boys disappeared Monday afternoon with the $5.

High Life, Then the Crash.

"Robbie" was the bank. He had been given the money to buy peaches and come home with the change. But "Robbie" did not come. He flaunted the $5 before the eyes of his two bosom friends and they started out for a taste of high life. If "Robbie" had not lost half the cash assets of the trio the husks would not have come so soon. They figured they had enough money for a week, but they went "bust" in a day at a south side summer garden.

This shows the extravagant life they led and the way they spent their fortune.

Car fare	$ .10	Peanuts	.15
Summer garden	.20	Pony ride	.20
Merry-go-round	.60	Sodawater	.30
Boat ride	.20	Lost during pony ride	2.07
Trackerjack	.05		
Swings	.10		
Cookies	.05		$5.00
Miniature railroad	.30		

When the money was lost the boys realized that adversity had come on them and prepared for a night in the park. The fathers of the runaways were hunting for them and their mothers were spending a sleepless night. Mrs. Jones fainted when she saw her two prodigals coming back.

Tells of Their "Good Time."

This is the chronicle of the eventful day as told by Marshall Jones:

"We went out to stay a week, but the money did not last. 'Robbie' carried it and he lost it while he was running a race on a pony with a boy in a goat wagon. 'Robbie' said that his aunt had given him the money to have a good time on. We thought it would last about a week.

"We went out to the park and 'Robbie' paid for everything. He got the money changed at a store before we went in. We had a good time all right. 'Robbie' took a ride on a pony in the park, but he didn't buy us any ride. Albert was too little to stick on, anyway.

"A boy was driving a goat wagon and he dared 'Robbie' to race. He raced him and won, but all the money bounced out of his pocket. When we found he had lost the money we looked for it, but couldn't find it.

"We had to get out of the park after a while, but we didn't have any money to get back home on. A man gave Albert an apple. We slept under a tree in the park. 'Robbie' wanted me to sit up and keep guard at night because he was afraid of holdup men, but I told him it wasn't any use.

"I didn't want to go home at night because I was afraid mama would be asleep and I didn't want to wake her up. I had a lot of fun all the time, but Albert was pretty tired."

FAILS TO ARREST MARTIN HOWE.

Deputy Morrison Does Not Find the Fugitive Ex-Constable at Joliet as Expectad.

Martin Howe, ex-constable, who is under indictment on the charge of murder, had not been arrested yesterday. Deputy Sheriff Thomas Morrison, who went to Joliet with the hope of catching the fugitive, did not return with him.

Morrison went to Joliet on the advice of Margaret Burke, an aunt of the fugitive, who signed Howe's bond after the jury hearing the charge that Howe killed James Harty disagreed.

"I think Howe will give himself up in a few days," said Assistant State's Attorney Newcomer. "He wanted to avoid trial until some of the talk about the jury bribery had died out."

Aged Woman Attempts Suicide.

The attempt of an aged woman to commit suicide by jumping into the lake at the foot of Walton place was prevented by Policeman Wylie of the East Chicago avenue station last night. She struggled a few moments, but was placed under arrest and taken to the East Chicago avenue station. She was poorly dressed. She refused to give her name.

EXPLOSION CAUSES PANIC.

ALHAMBRA HOTEL GUESTS FLEE DOWNSTAIRS IN TERROR.

Gas in Basement Blows Up, Severely Injuring Engineer Harry Duffin and Starting a Fire Which Engines Soon Put Out—Policeman Enters the Basement After the Accident and Carries Out the Unconscious Victim—Blaze in Athletic Club.

An explosion of fuel gas in the basement of the Alhambra hotel last night caused a panic among the guests and seriously injured the engineer, Harry Duffin.

The explosion shook the building, and in an instant the basement was filled with flame. Policeman Smith was one of the first to rush into the structure. He found the place filled with smoke. Near the door where he had been blown by the force of the explosion lay the engineer. The policeman carried him out and an alarm of fire was sent in.

Guests Rush for the Stairs.

As the smell of smoke pervaded the corridors a rush for the elevator and stairs was made by the guests. Many had retired for the night and they fled without stopping to dress.

The panic was increased by the clanging gongs of the fire apparatus. As soon as the advanced detachments of fire fighters arrived it was found that the flames had gained but little headway, and attention was for the most part confined to allaying the fears of the frightened people.

In the kitchen, which was directly over the boiler room, dishes were scattered about the floors and the cooks and waiters, who were finishing their evening duties, ran from the place. One employé had presence of mind enough to shut a door leading into the basement and prevent the fumes from entering the apartments above.

It was rumored for a time that the engineer had been killed, and like fears were entertained for the safety of Patrick Nolan, a porter, who was last seen descending the cellar stairway. Nolan was later found to have escaped injury.

Engineer Seriously Injured.

Duffin was taken to the Lakeside hospital. There it was found that he had sustained serious burns about the face and body and had received a fracture of the skull. His condition is serious. The accident is ascribed by the management of the hotel to the mistake of the engineer. Before lighting the burners with which the boilers are heated, it is said, he had allowed too large a quantity of gas to escape.

A small fire in the basement of the Chicago Athletic club building last evening caused excitement among the members on the fourth floor. The billiard and reading rooms were soon vacated. The blaze, which started in a pile of rubbish, supposedly from engine sparks, was soon put out.

FINDS HIS CHILD: WIFE GONE.

Edward O'Malley, 43 Cass Street, Father of Boy Left at South Halsted Street Hotel.

After a search lasting three days Edward O'Malley, a printer, living at 43 Cass street, found his 3 year old son Raymond at St. Vincent's orphan asylum, where the boy had been taken by policemen of the Desplaines street station. The boy was taken to the station by Paul Barloy, proprietor of a hotel at 175 South Halsted street. On Sunday the child's mother appeared at the hotel accompanied by the boy and an unknown man. The man soon left, and she departed yesterday morning, promising to return, but has not since been seen. The husband declares his wife wandered away while irresponsible. She is the daughter of a former city official of Evanston.

WEIK LEADS FORT MARKSMEN.

Private of the Twentieth Infantry Wins First Prize in the Target Competition.

With a score of 49 points ahead of his nearest competitor, Private Frank Weik, company I, Twentieth infantry, won the first prize in the infantry target competition which ended at Fort Sheridan yesterday. With a choice between a gold medal and a rifle, Private Weik chose the medal. It was Weik's first experience in competition. During his twelve years' service with the Twentieth infantry he has never been an enthusiast over rifle practice. Weik's score was 541. Others who will receive medals are Private Johannes Smeets, Private Schuyler Cundiff, Corporal George Roell, Private S. P. Barre, Corporal F. C. Woodley, Drum Major F. A. Hall, and Private Houseley Stevenson.

THREE DAY CAMPING VACATION OUTING

Old Salem Chautauqua, $2.00 Round Trip.

Call upon, telephone, or write R. Somerville, G. A. P. D., Chicago & Alton Ry., 101 Adams street [Phone Central 1761], for complete details. Excursion personally conducted to locality hallowed and made historically interesting on account of being the old residence of Abraham Lincoln. Fifty-four acres of ideal camp grounds on Sangamon river. Boating and bathing. Tent rent 25 cents per night, meals on grounds 25 cents. Excursion leaves Monday morning, Aug. 11, returning Wednesday, Aug. 13. Miss Ellen M. Stone, ex-Vice President Stevenson, and other notables, and a free demonstration of liquid air. Let us answer the question: Where shall we spend a few delightful days in the country?

ASYLUM INQUIRY BY STATE BOARD.

Northcott Suggests That Charity Commissioners Investigate at Kankakee.

GIBBONS POINTS THE WAY

Chicago Member Favors a Sweeping Inquisition and Would Find Remedies.

The promise is made that the state board of charities will investigate the Kankakee insane asylum. The board has received the report of the trustees, who refuse to make an inquiry, and with the report is a note from Acting Gov. Northcott suggesting that the board of charities take up the work.

How far the investigation will go or how broad its scope is not yet stated, but Judge John Gibbons, the Chicago member of the board, declared himself yesterday in favor of the widest latitude in the investigation. Not only the specific charges should be thoroughly gone into, he said, but the board should endeavor to find ways for improvement in the management of all the charitable institutions of the state.

In this connection Judge Gibbons thinks the aid of the Civil Service Reform league or any similar organizations should be invited. Secretary Follett W. Bull of the league says his organization is willing to do its part in the matter.

Favors Sweeping Inquiry.

In speaking of the investigation and the course it should take Judge Gibbons said:

"The state board of charities is in a position to make a much wider investigation than could the trustees of the asylum, and it is its duty to do so. Had the trustees taken up the investigation they probably would have restricted themselves to the specific charges made against some of the employés of the asylum.

"The state board, however, can and should go much further. It ought to inquire not only as to the charges, but should try to devise ways, if possible, to make the work of the institution more effective. The question of a civil service law to govern the Kankakee hospital and other state institutions would be a proper subject for such an inquiry."

Views of Other Members.

A. S. Wright of Woodstock, another member of the board, when asked if that body would take action replied:

"I hardly believe such a request will be ignored by the board."

Ensley Moore of Jacksonville, another member, last night said:

"I have no official notice of any trouble at Kankakee, so do not know as yet that there is anything to investigate."

League Is Ready to Aid.

Secretary Bull of the Civil Service Reform league, when informed that an investigation by the state board of charities was probable, said:

"The league is in the same position now as it was at Kankakee. If its services are thought necessary it will do all it can to present the charges and evidence with a view not only of reaching whatever individual abuses that may exist in the Kankakee institution, but also of demonstrating what reforms, if any are possible, can be inaugurated in the charitable work of the state."

Further Excuses by Trustees.

Acting Gov. Northcott's note to the board of charities was directed to President William Jayne of the board. The report of the Kankakee trustees, which accompanied the note, was largely an amplification of the statement given out by Senator Small at Kankakee Monday night. The additional matter is:

"Two unfortunate occurrences have recently taken place at the hospital, one of which was officially reported on Oct. 24, 1901, and the other which was of recent occurrence. No one can more deeply deplore these occurrences than does the board of trustees. Careful investigation has not made it apparent to us that they were the result of negligence or carelessness on the part of any official or employé, but were perhaps more the result of the parole system and the freedom given the patients than of negligence on the part of the physicians.

Admit Some Incompetents.

"As to the employés there has occasionally been engaged an incompetent person. Such, however, are never retained after their incompetency has been discovered. As a rule, we know our attendants and nurses are kind, humane, and intelligent, far above the average in this respect, as is proved by the constant efforts made from private and public institutions of other states to secure them.

"While we feel assured that the newspapers making these malicious attacks have done so for political purposes, we will be pleased to have the state board of public charities make such further inquiry and investigation as the case in their judgment warrants."

While the date for the investigation by the board of charities has not yet been fixed, it was reported at Springfield last evening that the inquiry would be held next week. The same information came from Kankakee. From the latter place also came the news that an investigation which was to have been made of the maltreatment of a male patient by a dining room attendant had been averted by the attendant resigning.

Another Woman Makes Charges.

Accusations of the maltreatment of another patient were made by Mrs. Mary W. Earhart of 510 West Van Buren street yesterday. Her husband was an inmate of the asylum, and when he refused to scrub the floors, she says, he was attacked and beaten by three of the attendants.

MOCK COURT MARTIAL FINDS A MAN HARD TO TERRIFY.

Harry Phillips, Lately with Boer Army, Victim of Mock Hanging—Private Hillman Goes Home.

Practical jokers at Camp Logan yesterday found a man whom they could not terrify. Private Harry G. Phillips of company M, who has returned lately from service in the Boer army, was sentenced by the mock court to be hanged.

Last night a rope was placed about his neck and he was hauled into the air, but only for a moment. Then he was tied to a tree and a fire was started near his feet. He only laughed at the efforts to terrify him and soon was released.

Private Hillman, the victim of Sunday night's mock court martial, went home yesterday. He will suffer no permanent ill effects from the nervous shock caused by thinking he had been shot down by a firing party. His mother, Mrs. Nellie Hillman, 3501 Vincennes avenue, almost collapsed from the worry. She said last night that her son, who is only 17 years old, had been under a great strain. She thinks of insisting on his retirement from the militia.

TYPHOID MAKES RAPID ADVANCE

Cases at County Hospital Now Number 199, Being Sixteen New Ones a Day.

Typhoid fever is making strides daily, the number of cases at the county hospital yesterday running up to 199, more than double the number for the same day in 1901. Forty doctors and forty internes are kept busy looking after the patients. On Saturday the cases numbered 151 and Sunday 167. A regular increase of sixteen patients a day is maintained. There are now but twenty-one beds in the hospital not in use.

POPE'S AUDITOR SENT TO MANILA.

Mgr. Guidi Named as Apostolic Delegate to Settle Friars Question.

IS LEO'S CLOSEST FRIEND.

Lives in the Vatican Palace in Rooms Adjoining Those of the Pontiff.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, Aug. 5.—Mgr. Augusto Guidi, auditor to the pope and confidential adviser to his holiness, has been appointed apostolic delegate at Manila.

The act of Leo XIII. in sending his confidential adviser to Manila to continue the negotiations for the removal of the friars and the purchase of their lands is considered as indicating the pope's personal interest in the settlement of the controversy with the United States.

Is Pope's Closest Friend.

Mgr. Guidi, Archbishop of Nicea, is 66 years of age and Roman by birth. He has vast influence in Roman circles by reason of his position as auditor to the pope. He has access to the holy father whenever he wishes it, and lives in the vatican palace in apartments adjoining those of Leo XIII. He is the confidential adviser of the pope, the latter never undertaking any important matter without consulting him.

The papal auditor is almost invariably made a cardinal and is usually named in pectore, so that in case the pope should die suddenly the promotion would follow just as though he had lived. When a cardinal is named in pectore his name is written on a slip of paper, which is deposited in a chalice kept for the purpose in the pontifical chapel. At some future time, either during the lifetime of the pope who named him or after his death, the slip is taken from the chalice and the cardinal announced or proclaimed.

There are many who think that Mgr. Guidi has already been named cardinal in pectore and that he will be proclaimed at the next consistory.

Discusses the Friar Question.

Cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of state, gave a farewell audience today to Father Santiago Paya, provincial of the Dominicans in the Philippine Islands, who will leave on the 7th inst. for Manila.

Father Paya in private conversation expressed doubt as to the entire elimination of the Spanish friars of the four orders under discussion, though their total number in the Philippines has been reduced to 300. The Augustinians are the most numerous, but the American friars of that order are few in numbers and, according to Father Paya, do not wish to leave the United States.

Continuing, the Dominican provincial said that the members of his own order in the Philippines had already been reduced to the number absolutely necessary to carry on the schools in their charge, and that they had no desire to return to the parishes.

Will Seek Funds in America.

The Rev. Thomas Kennedy, rector of the American college at Rome, will sail for the United States on Aug. 7 to appeal for funds for the enlargement of the college, for which purpose he has purchased all the houses in the block in which the college is situated.

PRISON FOR SPANISH OFFICER.

Judge in Luson Sends Volunteer to a Cell for Seventeen Years for Executing Filipinos in 1898.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, Aug. 5.—Judge Johnson of Pangasinan province has sentenced a Spanish volunteer captain named Carcie to seventeen years' imprisonment for the execution of an insurgent general and colonel eleven days after Admiral Dewey's victory. The execution was decreed by a council of war which was held in obedience to orders from the Spanish military-civil governor of the province.

The case will be appealed to the Supreme court. The sentence is widely criticised, especially in view of the verdicts in the cases of Brig. Gen. Smith, Maj. Waller of the marine corps, and Maj. Glenn of the fifth infantry.

NATIONAL STAGE IN GERMANY.

Gerard Hauptmann Preparing to Build Theater—Now Finishing Fourth Act of New Play.

BERLIN, Aug. 5.—Gerard Hauptmann is preparing to build a national theater at Schreiberhau. His design is that the theater shall have the same position in the drama that Bayreuth has in opera. During the summer Hauptmann has been finishing the fourth act of his play, "Poor Henry," which he contracted to have ready this season. He is writing also a novel, the details of which he keeps secret.

MORGAN'S PLAN IS REJECTED.

British Government Will Not Pay New Subsidies for Steamers Owned by Foreign Capital.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 5.—The secretary to the admiralty stated in the house of commons today that the British government would not subsidize any steamship line controlled by foreigners. This is taken as a definite refusal of J. Pierpont Morgan's offer to permit the steamers of the American syndicate to be used by the British government in time of war.

CZAR WAITS FOR THE KAISER.

Russian Ruler Arrives at Reval to Meet the Emperor of Germany. Now on His Way.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

REVAL, Aug. 5.—The Czar arrived here today to await the arrival of the German emperor, who is coming to be present at the Russian naval maneuvers.

YE GARDENER'S CORNER

Most cut flowers will remain fresh much longer if placed in water only with those of their own kind. The water should be changed daily in any case, and the flower stems well washed before replacing in the vases.

Mignonette, heliotrope, and most woody stemmed flowers are better away from other flowers after cutting, since they decompose quickly. And a single decaying leaf or stem will cause speedy fading for the contents of a large vase.

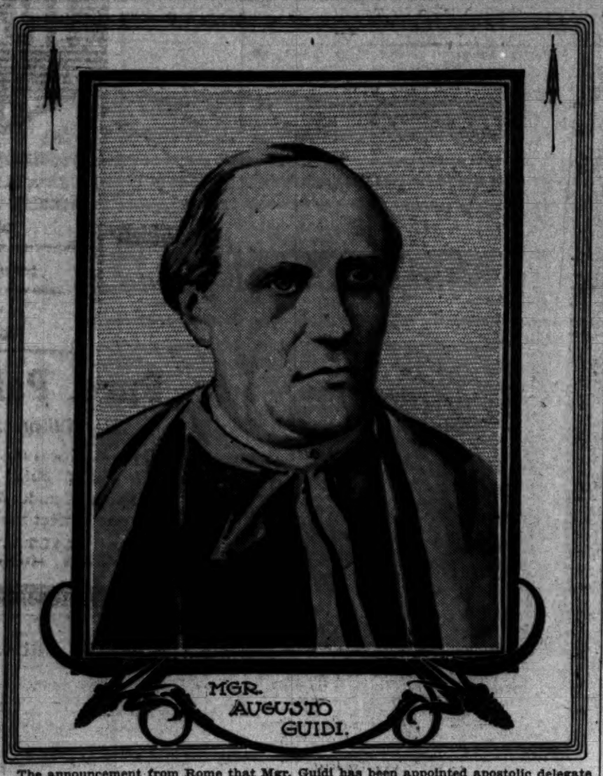
A few drops of ammonia or a small pinch of salt will aid in keeping flowers fresh occasionally. Place in the bottom of the vase or receptacle and pour the fresh water on top. But do not allow the medicated water to touch the blossoms.

Heliotrope may be kept fresh some time by dipping the freshly cut stem tips into water just "off the boil." Dip again, into very cold water this time, and set in a cool and shady place. No cut flowers will stand hot sunshine or dry, hot air.

The fancy for placing each kind of flower by itself has many points to commend it. The artistic Japanese flower lovers follow this mode almost invariably. And the Celia Thaxter way of arranging single blossoms in tiny vases in a row about the room results in much delicate loveliness and shows off the flowers well.

Tall, long stemmed flowers should have tall vases, as a rule; low growing blossoms bowls or low holders. If the latter must be placed in a high receptacle, drop some stems or leaves into the water for artistic effect. And surround each flower with its own foliage whenever this can be done.

POPE'S CONFIDENTIAL ADVISER GOES TO MANILA AS APOSTOLIC DELEGATE.



The announcement from Rome that Mgr. Guidi has been appointed apostolic delegate to the Philippines is regarded as further evidence of the pope's desire to personally look after the affairs of the church in the islands, Mgr. Guidi having for years been the pontiff's nearest councilor. Mgr. Guidi occupies apartments in the vatican palace, and it is said the pope in late years has taken no important step without consulting him.

TERMS OF CUBAN LOAN.

SENATE COMPLETES MEASURE FOR RAISING FUNDS.

General Increase in Customs Rates Provided for Purpose of Raising $520,000 a Year Additional—Four Clauses in Bill, at First Unimportant, Modified to Change Import of Entire Enactment—Tariff Changes on Thirty-six Articles.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, Aug. 5.—The senate completed its discussion of the loan bill today. The four remaining clauses were greatly modified. Instead of the general customs receipts and specific increases in the duties on certain articles being only applicable to the first loan of $4,000,000, these are to be applied first to the small loan and then to the loan of $35,000,000. The clause stating that congress would provide funds to meet the large loan before the end of the session was removed.

It had been argued from the first draft of the bill that provision was only made for the small loan, and consequently suspicion was aroused that the real intention of the senate was to raise the small loan and shelve the large one to induce the house to accept the bill which seemingly provided for both loans. Apparently this can still be done.

The articles on which the tariff is raised are thirty six in number. The average increase in duty is about 75 per cent to produce increased receipts of $520,000. Some of the increases are as follows:

Coal, 25 per cent; common soap, 150 per cent; chickens, 100 per cent; beef, 50 per cent; mutton, 50 per cent; pork, 100 per cent; bacon, 100 per cent; lard, 100 per cent; condensed milk, 100 per cent; flour, 100 per cent; codfish, 100 per cent; rice, 100 per cent; corn, 33 per cent; coffee, 50 per cent; beer, 50 per cent; and hats, 60 per cent.

The bill in the house is like the senate bill in that it provides for two separate operations for raising money, $5,000,000 at once for agricultural relief and $30,000,000 later to pay the army. It is claimed that this bill has a majority in the house.

Terms Sent to Washington.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—The state department today received a cablegram from Minister Squiers saying the senate passed the following bill Saturday night:

"Article 1. The executive is authorized to negotiate in the name of the republic of Cuba a loan of $4,000,000, American gold, at a minimum rate of issue of 90 per cent of the value thereof, payable in a period not exceeding thirty years and at a maximum rate of interest of 5 per cent.

"Article 2. The republic of Cuba will have the right to take the bonds of this loan at any time when interest becomes due by either paying in cash their nominal value or exchanging for them bonds of the other loan which is authorized by this same law at the option of the holder of the first bond.

"Article 7. The executive is authorized to guarantee the payment of the principal and interest of this loan with the customs receipts of the republic.

"Article 8. To secure the increase of national receipts required by this transaction the executive is authorized to proportionally increase the import duties on the articles and merchandise enumerated in the attached statement, which specifies the maximum rates.

"Article 9. The date on which the increase authorized shall take effect will be fixed by the executive.

Army Pay Loan Arranged.

"Article 10. The executive shall likewise negotiate within a period of six months from date another loan of $35,000,000, American gold, on the same basis of time limit, rate of issue, and interest as the first loan, from which he shall set aside in bonds a sum sufficient for taking care of the first loan as provided in article 2, applying the cash to, first, the payment of the indebtedness and obligations legitimately contracted in benefit of the revolution by the corps commander of the liberating army after Feb. 24, 1895, and prior to Sept. 19 of the same year, and to the payment of the indebtedness and obligations which the revolutionary government itself, or through its legitimate representatives, may have contracted previously in foreign countries, in compliance with the first transitory provision of the constitution, and, second, to the payment of the wages of the liberating army of Cuba, likewise in compliance with the transitory provision cited in the foregoing paragraph, after the rolls of said army have been revised and the compensation due each member thereof has been decided. The sum of $23,000,000 is fixed as maximum for this purpose.

"Article 11. Before the close of the present legislature congress shall vote the receipts necessary to guarantee the redemption of and payment of the interest on this loan in compliance with paragraph 3 of article 59 of the constitution and article 2 of the appendix thereto."

SULTAN'S DEMAND IS IGNORED.

England Pays No Attention to Request for Removal of British Consul at Bassora.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 5.—Figaro publishes a telegram from Constantinople asserting that the porte has requested the recall of the British consul at Bassora on the ground that he is in communication with the rebels at Koweit. No reply has, it is added, been received from the British government.

REBELS SHOT AT PANAMA.

COLOMBIA EXECUTES SUAREZ LACROIX AND OTHERS.

Head of One of the Oldest and Richest Families in the Republic Pays Death Penalty for Leading the Revolutionists—Was the Friend of Maximo Gomes and Fought on the Cuban Side Against Spain—Castro Starts Out to Fight Again.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PANAMA, Aug. 5.—Gen. Suarez Lacroix, Gen. Juan Vidal, and Col. Julian Lecama, all revolutionists, were executed today after a court martial.

Gen. Lacroix belonged to one of the oldest and richest families of Colombia. During the Cuban revolution he fought for a time with Gen. Maximo Gomez. In a letter written to the United States four days before his death and before he was captured by government forces he said he would not surrender because of the admirable position of the revolution throughout the country.

Castro Says He Will Fight.

WILLEMSTAD, Curacao, Aug. 4.—President Castro of Venezuela left Caracas on Sunday to personally conduct the second and what he believes will be the final campaign against the revolutionists. He will proceed to Chiravayave and Cua, little places, about a day and a half from the capital. He had with him 3,100 men and expected to meet en route 3,500 more men brought back from La Victoria and Valencia.

Barcelona, in the state of Bermudez, is at present being surrounded by revolutionists. They demand the surrender of the city. The government soldiers in the town number only 200 men.

New Government in Hayti.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—The state department today received a cablegram from Minister Powell at Port au Prince, Hayti, stating that Gen. Firmin on the 4th instant set up a new government and denominated it the provisional government of Artibonite and Northwest and proclaimed himself president.

Will Be the Largest Steamship.

BERLIN, Aug. 5.—Emperor William will attend the launching of the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II. at Settin on Aug. 12. The ship will be the largest and is designed to be the fastest in the world. Its length is to be 707 feet, beam 71½ feet, depth 39 feet, and draft 29 feet. The new vessel is to be of 39,000 horse power and 19,500 tons displacement, and will accommodate 1,000 cabin passengers.

SIR EDWIN ARNOLD'S JAPANESE WIFE.

This is a new portrait, just taken, of Lady Arnold, who was Tama Kurokawa of Sendai, Japan, before her marriage to Sir Edwin in 1897. The author of "The Light of Asia" has just passed his seventieth birthday. His first wife, who was the daughter of an English clergyman, died in 1804.

RESIGNS POST AT BERLIN.

UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR WHITE WANTS TO RETIRE.

Has Mailed His Resignation to the President from Berlin and Asks That It Take Effect Early in September—Several Members of Diplomatic Corps Anxious to Secure the Post—State Department Not Yet Officially Informed of the Step Taken.

BERLIN, Aug. 5.—Ambassador White mailed his resignation to the United States several days ago.

Mr. White's resignation may now be in the hands of President Roosevelt. The date set by the ambassador for his resignation to go into effect was Nov. 7. He is now at Homburg, where he is taking the waters and where he probably will remain till the end of the month.

Talk of His Successor.

There is much gossip at Berlin concerning Mr. White's probable successor, and one circumstantial story is that the president intends to transfer Ambassador Tower from St. Petersburg to Berlin, Minister Storer from Spain to be ambassador to Russia, and to appoint Henry White, now secretary of embassy at London, as minister to Spain. Mr. Tower who has been dissatisfied with St. Petersburg, expressed months ago a wish to be transferred to some other equally desirable post, preferably Berlin.

Washington Is Not Surprised.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—Andrew D. White was appointed ambassador to Germany April 1, 1897. In March last it was announced that he contemplated resigning because of ill health.

No information has been received at the state department indicating that Ambassador White had resigned, but the announcement was not unexpected, as a report was current some time ago that he would retire from public life upon reaching his seventieth birthday. Several members of the diplomatic service have been mentioned in connection with the Berlin embassy should Ambassador White retire, the most prominent being Dr. David Jayne Hill, now first assistant secretary of state, and Bellamy Storer, at present minister to Spain.

May Return to Ithaca.

Ithaca, N. Y., Aug. 5.—The resignation of Ambassador White has been expected by his friends in this city for many months, particularly since the death of his son, Frederick D. White of Syracuse, in July, 1901.

Dr. White has completed a work on his experiences and reminiscences as a diplomat at Berlin and St. Petersburg and is constantly engaged in literary work. He has sustained his home on the campus since he left Cornell university, and it is considered probable that he will return here to live.

Dr. White's daughter, Mrs. Clara Newberry, left for New York last night, whence she will sail for Germany. Dr. White will meet her at Hamburg.

AMERICA BLOCKS BRITISH PLAN.

United States Likely to Upset England's New Commercial Treaty with China.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 6, 3 a. m.—Great Britain's new commercial treaty with China is in danger of being blocked by the United States. A dispatch to the Times from Shanghai says Mr. Sharrits, the American tariff commissioner, has informed the viceroys that the United States will oppose the abolition of the likin.

The attitude of the United States, continues the Times' correspondent, is likely to upset the whole treaty.

Four American engineers have proceeded to Canton to commence work on the trunk railroad to Hankow.

The French consul at Shanghai has informed the Chinese representative that France is willing to withdraw her troops from Shanghai as soon as the other powers agreed to similar action. International jealousy makes the withdrawal of the troops highly improbable.

MANY KILLED IN LABOR RIOTS.

Strikers and Troops in Galicia Have Twenty-three Encounters Within Two Days.

VIENNA, Aug. 5.—The strikes in Galicia have led to twenty-three encounters between strikers and troops in the last two days. In one case, according to the correspondent, thirteen persons were killed and 118 were wounded; in another case 200 persons were killed or wounded. A detachment of Uhlans attacked 500 peasants at Pothering. Many of the latter were wounded and the soldiers made 173 arrests.

MAY SUCCEED HICKS-BEACH.

British Secretary for Home Affairs Said to Be Chosen as Chancellor of the Exchequer.

LONDON, Aug. 6, 3 a. m.—The Daily Telegraph this morning says it believes it has been definitely settled that C. T. Ritchie, secretary of state for home affairs, will succeed Sir Michael Hicks-Beach as chancellor of the exchequer.

LONDON PUTS ON HOLIDAY DRESS.

Plans for Coronation on Saturday Fill Streets with Sightseers.

KING IN TOWN TODAY.

Parliament at Sixes and Sevens Over Near End of the Session.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 6, 3 a. m.—The revival of animation in the streets is one of the earliest signs of the close approach of the coronation. Picadilly and Pall Mall were again filled with handsome equipages yesterday and Whitehall was crowded with sightseers watching the work of decorators and carpenters. Hawkers were selling flags, medals, and coronation toys for the first time since that melancholy June day when the holiday crowds were paralyzed with the tidings of the postponement of the fête.

There were more rehearsals at Westminster abbey, with Gen. Pole-Carew as drillmaster. Pages were appointed as trainbearers, the coronation carpet was laid from the nave to the choir, and the theater and sacraclum were fully furnished, and all the stage properties for the Saturday function, including the regalia and standards, were in use.

Crowds Will Be Large.

Seat speculators have been content with moderate prices and the stands along the route of the procession will be well filled. A large force of workmen is now employed in replacing the stands and hangings and the route will not lack decorative treatment, although the brilliant effect of color attempted in June will not be reproduced. The environment of the abbey is disfigured by the police barricades, for which, now, as then, no decorative scheme has been devised.

King Returns Today.

The king and queen are expected to return to Buckingham palace today, and various princes and princesses connected by blood with the royal house of England are already starting from the continent for London.

The coronation now seems assured beyond chance of second failure. The doubters in Whitehall who have resolutely refused to believe that it was possible are now convinced by the new scheme for the decoration of the Canadian arch and by the preparation making to repaint the duke of Buccleuch's fence a brilliant blue. I. N. F.

NOBODY DIED, SAYS BALDWIN.

Arctic Explorer Denies Story of Mysterious Deaths on Polar Voyage—Origin of Quarrel with Captain.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

TROMSOE, Norway, Aug. 5.—Evelyn B. Baldwin, the arctic explorer, denies that there were any deaths on board the steamer America during its voyage to the polar seas. He declares that the alleged trouble between himself and Capt. Johansson of the America is grossly exaggerated, and he characterized the reports of trouble as a cheap sensation.

It is now declared that the quarrel between Mr. Baldwin and Capt. Johansson was over the question of continuing the voyage. Capt. Johansson wanted to carry the America farther north, but Baldwin refused.

The quarrel became so bitter that Mr. Baldwin not only relieved Capt. Johansson of his command, but deprived him of the use of his guns.

Capt. Johansson intends to fight the matter out. Yesterday he laid a protest urging the local authorities at Tromsoe to prevent the America from leaving that place until a sworn declaration of the officers and men had been given in court.

Conflict of Authority.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

GOTHENBURG, Sweden, Aug. 5.—Director Andree in an interview said today that he had received a telegram from Mr. Menander, first mate of the America, and another from Baldwin. The latter only asked if his telegram had been received. Mr. Menander requested orders how to act. Mr. Andree replied to Mr. Menander that, his commander being present, orders should come from him, but he considered that it would be most convenient if the America came to Gothenburg to arrange matters. He could not judge matters at such a distance.

Says Protest Is Nonsense.

Regarding the conflict on the America, Mr. Andree said he would not express an opinion as yet. Capt. Johansson's protest at Tromsoe was pure nonsense, as the America could not have suffered any damage worth mentioning, as it had been able to cover the distance between Franz Josef land to Tromsoe without assistance.

THINKS BIOGRAPHY A JOKE.

Artist Whistler Amused by Article Written When He Was Thought to Be Dying.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 5.—When the gravest bulletins were being issued concerning the health of J. McNeill Whistler, the artist, the Morning Post printed some reminiscent criticisms which suggested a biography. This morning the Post prints a letter from Mr. Whistler, who is at The Hague, written in a most characteristic vein, thanking the paper for "the flattering attention paid me by your gentlemen of ready wit and quick biography. It is almost with sorrow that I beg you to put it back into the pigeonhole."

He adds that this will give the critic time to correct some of the errors. Mr. Whistler meanwhile apologizes for "continuing to wear my own hair and eyebrows after my distinguished conferees and eminent persons have long ceased the habit. It is even found inconsiderate and unseemly in me, as hinting at affectation."

Finally he asks that the premature tablet be withdrawn because "I have lurking in London still a friend, though for the life of me I cannot remember his name."

SOUTHERN EUROPE SHAKEN UP.

Earthquakes Reported from Central Portugal and from a Number of Places Along the Coast.

LISBON, Portugal, Aug. 5.—Earthquake shocks were felt today throughout central Portugal and along the coast. So far no damage has been reported.

Notes from Foreign Lands.

CRONSTADT, Russia—The United States cruisers Chicago and Albany arrived here today.

ROME—King Victor Emmanuel has contributed $20,000 to the restoration of the campanile of St. Mark's.

CAPE TOWN—The will of the late Cecil Rhodes has been proved. The delay in so doing was due to legal complications.

PARIS—The Matin says that the cholera epidemic in Egypt is creating extreme panic. All who can are hastening to Europe.

ROME—At the request of Russia, Bishop Zwierowicz, Catholic bishop of Vilna, Russia, has been removed from his diocese.

LONDON—Edmund Barton, premier of the Australian commonwealth, will start for home by way of New York on Aug. 20.

LONDON—Sir Henry Irving has selected the Shaftesbury theater for his next appearance with Sardou's drama, "Dante."

MUNICH—The betrothal of Archduchess Marie Annonciade of Austria and Duke Siegfried of Bavaria has been broken off by mutual consent.

BERLIN—A new archaeological society has been founded for the purpose of conducting researches and excavations in Anatolin. Dr. Waldemar Beck, the explorar of Armenia and ancient Cappadocia, has been appointed first president of the society.

Buy a diamond. Pay monthly. Booklet explains. Loftis Bros., 92 State street.

CALIFORNIA
AND RETURN
$50
This is the price for first-class tickets on sale August 2d to 10th inclusive, good on the new sumptuously equipped trans-continental train, THE OVERLAND LIMITED. *Most luxurious train in the world.* Electric lighted throughout. Leaves Chicago daily 8 p. m. Less than three days to the coast. *The best of everything.*
Chicago & North-Western, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Rys.
Ticket Offices 212 and 193 CLARK STREET. Telephone CENTRAL 721

THE DAYS OF MAGIC AND MIRACLE never pass away. The present day hath its wonders grander and greater by far than the miracles of the PAST.
MALT MARROW
is a scientific tonic extract of the best imported hops and the finest barley-malt.
It has a wonderful effect in curing and preventing indigestion, insomnia and nervousness, also in toning up the human system when weary, run down and fagged out. It is approved by the ablest up-to-date doctors for the home and for family use.
Two telephones now—South 237 and South 1758.
12 BIG BOTTLES COST $1.00,
delivered in Chicago. Deposit required for bottles on out-of-town shipments.
McAVOY MALT EXTRACT DEPT., CHICAGO.
Postal us for Booklet. "Eminent Physicians of the West."

SAGASTA PLANS TO RETIRE

AGED SPANISH PREMIER SAYS MISSION IS ENDED.

Prime Minister's Retirement Will Bring the Religious Question in Spain to the Foreground as the Paramount Political Issue—Liberal Pledges to Curb the Growing Power of the Catholic Associations Are Evaded.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MADRID, Aug. 5.—Prime Minister Sagasta announced today that he desires to retire from public life, considering that his political mission is finished. This brings the religious question in Spain to the foreground as the paramount political issue.

Pledged to Church Reforms.

The liberal party came into power under the premiership of Sagasta pledged to effect certain reforms, including economic questions such as the reduction of the paper currency, a reduction of taxes and official expenses, but chiefly on its promise to effect reforms in public education and to settle the religious question, which meant the bringing under the control of the state numerous nonauthorized Catholic associations of both sexes existing in the country, of which new ones are being daily established.

The associations are opposed to official control, which, placing them on the footing of lay associations, compels them to disclose the amount of property they hold, their incomes, and to submit to civil instead of ecclesiastic law.

Law Against Associations.

In September, 1901, Señor Gonzales, minister of public instruction, published a decree duly signed by Queen Regent Christina, supported by bills which the cortes had previously passed, by which all religious associations were ordered, under severe penalties, among which dissolution was included, to comply with the law, inscribing themselves on the registers of their respective provinces declaring their statutes, income, assets, etc.

Sagasta Plays for Time.

Prime Minister Sagasta is believed to be a courtier who is eager to please the king and queen, and a procrastinator, trusting that time would solve most problems. By the September decree he gained six months, during which time the papal nuncio at Madrid negotiated a secret treaty making the September decree nugatory, replacing the declaration regarding registration by empty formulas. When March 19 arrived the day the six months expired, as the decree could not be carried out Señor Gonzales resigned. Canalejas succeeded him, but he too resigned because of the secret treaty with the vatican. Immediately after the coronation the cortes was closed, and time was gained until October. Rome is thus the victor at the time Señor Sagasta seeks to withdraw his temporizing leadership.

Excitement Continues in France.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 5.—Excitement in Brittany over the enforcement of the religious associations law continues. Commerce there is at a standstill, and the peasants openly avow their determination to resist the expulsion of the nuns.

The expulsions of the sisters from their schools were continued in the provinces today and in most cases were conducted without trouble, but a few instances of disorder have been recorded, mostly from Brittany and Savoie.

At Ravoire, near Chambery, Savoie, the police found the school defended by a rampart of stones. Masons were summoned to demolish the wall. The assembled crowd threatened to kill them if they did so, and the masons declined to work.

THE Thinking Man's TONIC
Preachers, students, bankers, brokers, literary workers, reporters, editorial writers, accountants, actors and persons of intense mental concentration, can strengthen their whole system, and greatly increase their capacity for mental and physical labor, by the use of
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Horsford's name on every GENUINE package

THE TRIBUNE—ALWAYS RELIABLE.

COLORADO
and Return
$25
for first-class round-trip tickets, on sale Aug. 1st to 14th inclusive.
Only one night on the road on
The Colorado Special
The best of everything.
Leaves Chicago 6:30 p. m.
Arrives Omaha 7:00 a. m.
Arrives Denver 7:50 next evening. Another good train leaves Chicago daily, 11:30 p. m., with free reclining chair cars, Pullman first-class, and tourist sleepers to Denver without change. The booklet, "Facts About Colorado," free at
Chicago North-Western & Union Pacific Railways.
TICKET OFFICES 212 & 193 Clark St.
Tel. Cent. 721.

Impaired Digestion
is quickly corrrected by these wonderful pills—One trial will show you the reason for the big sales of
Beecham's Pills
Sold Everywhere—In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Drunkards
Quickly Cured at Home—Any Lady Can Do it—Costs Nothing to Try.
A new tasteless discovery which can be given in tea, coffee or food. Heartily endorsed by W. C. T. U. and all temperance workers. It does its work so silently and surely that while the devoted wife, sister or daughter looks on, the drunkard is reclaimed even against his will and without his knowledge. Send your name and address to Dr. J. W. Haines, 32d Glenn Bldg., Cincinnati, O., and he will mail a trial package of Golden Specific free to show how easily it is to cure drunkards with this remedy. Full sized boxes of Golden Specific are for sale in Chicago by Buck & Rayner, State and Madison Streets.

ONLY ONE WAY TO REMOVE FOREVER
HAIR ON THE FACE
BUST, ARMS OR BODY
My scientific treatments never fail. Thirty years' practical experience. No charge for consultation and book.
JOHN H. WOODBURY D. I.
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THE EXCLUSIVE
ORIENTAL RUG STORE
26 Adams-st. Just east of Wabash-av.

PANAMAS STRAWS
A. BISHOP & CO.
156 State-st.
Send for Catalogue.

"RATHER DULL!"
Is a common expression used by business men who do not advertise in THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

POKER FRAUD ON STEAMER EXPOSED

Four Men Interrupted While Cheating on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse.

PLAY FOR BIG STAKES.

Farmer's Wife Thinks $250,000 Bequest Compensation for Poor Crops.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Aug. 5.

Poker playing for big stakes, accompanied by efforts at swindling, marked the voyage of the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which arrived today from Hamburg. High play began the first night out. This was continued for two more nights, when it was suddenly brought to a close by an onlooker, who accused four men of cheating. The passenger who interfered followed up his accusation by threatening to have the men arrested if he should observe them playing cards during the remainder of the trip.

Poker Swindle on Steamer Exposed.

The passenger who furnished the information said that the stakes had increased each night and the limit had been raised, until pots of thousands of dollars became the usual thing. On the night when the interruption took place there was $11,000 on the table. There were five players the first night, but the number was increased to six the second night. All were saloon passengers, and four of them young and stylishly dressed men.

The games were all played in the smoking room and were witnessed by several passengers, who had been attracted to the table by the large sums which were seen to change hands. On the third night it was agreed that the play would be a series of jackpots. The lowest chip was $5. When the betting started all six stayed in and began to wager freely. From $100 the pot increased to $1,000 and then one man dropped out. The betting continued until $11,000 lay in the middle of the table. It was then noticed that one of the players was weakening and about to throw down his hand.

Suddenly one of the passengers, who had been standing on one side, looking on, called out in a loud voice that cheating was going on. The interruption had evidently been prearranged, for the doors of the smoking room were closed at once by other men in the room.

The passenger who had made the outcry then addressed four of the players and accused them of exchanging cards. He said that he was not the only one who had witnessed the fraud, and told the young men that they would better be quiet. The four men accused are understood to have quietly submitted, while the table stakes were divided and each player given back his portion. The two outsiders are said to have lost quite a considerable sum of money, however, on the games preceding the one which was stopped.

The Standard Oil company has declared a dividend of $5, payable Sept. 15. The last dividend was $10 a share, declared May 6.

Wife of Humble Farmer Gets $250,000.

Mrs. Anna W. Low, wife of a farmer of Fowlerville, Livingston county, N. Y., has just been declared the legal heir to the estate left by Senator John R. MacPherson of New Jersey, valued at about $250,000. Mrs. Low is a niece of the late Senator. When informed of this disposition of the estate this morning in the law office of Senator Henry Marshall at 302 Broadway, Mrs. Low, who was accompanied by her husband, took her acquisition of fortune quietly.

"The season has been bad for the crops," she said, "there's been so much rain. This will help out."

There were several heirs in direct line to the MacPherson estate before Mrs. Low, but all had died. Senator MacPherson had four brothers and sisters. One, James, was killed in the civil war, and the others died before the senator. The latter's wife also died, as did a son, Gregory. A daughter married Dr. Muir, but, dying without issue, her husband, under the New Jersey law, was not entitled to any share in the estate of her father. Efforts to break the will in this connection came to nothing.

Mr. and Mrs. Low are both under 30 years of age. Their farm in Livingston county has afforded them a comfortable living, but until today they could not be called well off.

Maurice Grau has written to this country that Ernest van Dyck, the tenor, will not be a member of the opera company next season. Mr. Grau offered him an engagement, but M. van Dyck preferred to accept an offer from the Grand opera house in Paris.

Donor of $600,000 Art Collection a Secret.

The Metropolitan Museum of Art has received another splendid art collection, the value of which is placed roughly at between $500,000 and $600,000. The gift was formally accepted several months ago, but the fact came out only today, owing to the desire of the donor, expressed when he tendered the collection to the museum that his name be kept a secret temporarily. Gen. di Cesnola, director of the museum, said that in view of the donor's request he was not at liberty to divulge his name nor the precise nature of the collection.

"If I were to say of what the collection consisted," said the general, "every one would know at once who gave it. All that I can say is that it is not the Garland collection of porcelains nor is J. Pierpont Morgan the donor."

Mrs. Anna V. L. Pierson, widow of Dr. William Hugh Pierson, said to be the inventor of celluloid, committed suicide today by hanging at her home in Glen Ridge, N. J., owing to continued ill health.

Italian Nobleman Is Taken Ill on Steamer.

While crossing the Atlantic on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which arrived today, the marquis de Rudini, son of a former premier of Italy, was taken ill of appendicitis. The ship's physician called Dr. W. T. Bull and Dr. Roswell Park, passengers, in consultation. When nearing this port, a wireless message was sent from the vessel and an ambulance was at the dock to convey the patient to a private hospital. The physicians say he is not in a serious condition, and an operation may be avoided. The marquis is a special commissioner to the St. Louis exposition, and is here in connection with his duties.

Wireless System Is Adopted in Army.

The department of the east has ordered for the signal corps the installation of two wireless telegraphic plants—one at Fort Wadsworth, the other at Fort Hancock—to supersede cable communication. While the government has experimented with various systems, this is the first official adoption of "wireless" in department work. The signal office at Washington has also purchased instruments for the same system.

Prelate to Press Ancient Claim on Mexico.

Archbishop Riordan of San Francisco arrived today, accompanied by his legal adviser, en route to The Hague. The archbishop will appear before the international court at The Hague in the claim which he has brought against the republic of Mexico for the payment of the interest on California's pious fund. The sum involved is nearly $1,000,000 and the international court is to decide what part of that sum, if any, Mexico must pay over to the archbishop as interest on the fund, the history of which goes back to 1697. The archbishop will sail tomorrow on the Celtic.

R. B. Van Horne Still Seriously Ill.

R. B. Van Horne, who was sent to Swinburne island yesterday from the steamer Curityba, is still seriously ill. Dr. Doty says that he has developed typhoid fever. Mr. Van Horne, who is a son of Sir William Van Horne, the Canadian railway builder, came from Cuba because he thought he had been poisoned by a discharged workman. Arrangements are being made to transfer him to some hospital in Manhattan, where he can receive more exclusive care.

Fight on a Car Is Fatal to W. H. Thorpe.

William H. Thorpe, manager of the Road Drivers' association clubhouse on the speedway, was assaulted today by an unknown man in an Amsterdam avenue street car and received injuries from which he died later at the hospital, where he had been taken. The men boarded the car together and engaged in a heated argument, when the unknown man knocked Thorpe down, fracturing his skull. Thorpe has a wide acquaintance among horsemen.

L. E. Quigg to Be Chairman of Convention.

Lemuel E. Quigg, former president of the New York republican county committee and member of congress for the Fourteenth New York City district from 1893 to 1899, has been selected to be temporary chairman of the republican state convention, which is to assemble at Saratoga Sept. 23. Mr. Quigg was the temporary chairman of the convention which nominated Levi P. Morton for governor at Saratoga.

Strike of Elevated Road Employes Imminent.

Vice President Skitt of the Manhattan elevated railway today gave to a committee representing the 500 engineers and motormen of the road a refusal of their request made two weeks ago for a nine hour day and other concessions. When the company's reply became known among the men there was immediate talk of a strike, and Grand Master P. M. Arthur was summoned from Cleveland by telegraph. He is expected tomorrow.

"Since the introduction of motor cars into the service we have been compelled to make six round trips daily between One Hundred and Twenty-ninth and South Ferry, consuming ten hours and traveling on the average 108 miles a day," said a union official. "On the engines we never made more than five trips, and four and a half was the usual number. We are willing to make five trips a day in nine hours, and no more."

Devery Gives Out Words of His Campaign Song.

William S. Devery established last evening a "flimsy agency" for the sending out of news of the fight which he is waging for the Tammany leadership of the Ninth assembly district. Asked as to the song which he is to sing at the vaudeville show, Devery gave out the following as the words, but said he did not know to what tune he would sing them:

Billy Devery, he's a peach,
For he's a man we all can reach.
He'll not hide or run away,
When you come with a word to say,
You'll always find him at the pump,
Except when he's out on the stump.
He'll make Frank Goodwin awful sick
Without the help of Wantage Dick.
John C. Sheehan will have to go
Where he'll find room—in Buffalo.
Now, both these rivals feel put about
Because they are to be voted out.
So success to Bill, who'll have full say
After the count on primary day.

$5,000 Reward Is Offered for Stolen Gems.

Mrs. Charles A. Spreckels of San Francisco, who missed jewels valued at $20,000 while on the way to Southampton to take passage on the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, arrived on that vessel today. She had heard nothing concerning the missing jewelry, but trusted it would be recovered. A reward of $5,000 has been offered for its return.

Nominated for Congress.

State.	District.	Name.	Party.
Arkansas	3	W. T. McPherson	Rep.
Illinois	14	T. A. Marshall	Dem.
Illinois	21	Leroy Anderson	Rep.
Missouri	7	Joseph T. Robinson	Rep.

RUINS OF COLLAPSED GREEN TREE TAVERN, WHERE LINCOLN USED TO BE A GUEST.

By the collapse of the old Green Tree tavern, Milwaukee avenue and Fulton street, on Monday night the greater part of the historic structure was reduced to kindling wood. The room said to have been occupied frequently by Abraham Lincoln when he was a little known lawyer was annihilated save for one glaring wall, which was the most conspicuous part of the landmark still standing yesterday. The tavern was erected in 1833. It is to give way to a modern structure.

WOMAN STUDIES A ROBBER

MAY CAUSE ARREST OF "THE VACATION BURGLAR."

Mrs. M. P. Minteer Closely Scrutinizes a Man Who Appears by Her Bedside and Takes Her Jewels, and the Description That She Gives the Police Is Thought to be Valuable—Long List of Misdoings on the South Side—Victims and the Losses.

A robber who has become known to the south side police as "the vacation burglar" made a mistake last night that may deprive him of his liberty.

Instead of entering a house while the residents were away on an outing, as has been his custom, he broke into the flat of M. P. Minteer, 4412 Calumet avenue, and gave Mrs. Minteer so good an opportunity to study him that his description has been sent to all the police stations in the city.

While the robber was standing by Mrs. Minteer's bed taking her rings from her fingers and whispering commands at silence, the woman was making observations which the police hope will lead to the arrest of the offender.

Long List of Robberies.

A number of robberies have occurred on the south side within the last week, and the following burglaries, or attempted burglaries, the police believe, were the work of the man who entered the Minteer residence:

J. W. Bodlee, 4045 Calumet avenue; flat ransacked while family was out of the city and property valued at $100 secured.

Meyer Rothschild, 4148 Calumet avenue; flat robbed in the absence of family; property valued at $500 secured.

A. L. Brown, Forty-fourth street and Indiana avenue; burglars secured $250 in valuables while family was out of city.

A. J. Guildford, 4748 Vincennes avenue; house ransacked and property valued at $300 secured.

Frederick W. MacArthur, 4128 Calumet avenue; burglar frightened away by the screams of Mrs. MacArthur.

Robert Sherwood, 4134 Calumet avenue; burglar who was crawling through a front window scared away by Mr. Sherwood.

Charles Elmwood Bell, 4163 Grand boulevard; burglar put to flight by Mr. Bell.

T. M. Norton, 4302 Calumet avenue; burglar frightened away by watch dog.

Theodore Kirchheimer, 4416 Calumet avenue; burglar scared away by neighbors.

J. A. Peters, 4744 Vincennes avenue; burglar scared away by turning on of electric lights.

Woman Faces a Revolver.

Mrs. Minteer was awakened by the sound of some one walking about the room. Without awakening her husband she arose to a sitting posture just as a revolver was thrust to her face and she was commanded to keep silent. Mrs. Minteer's story of what happened follows:

"As the revolver was pressed against my forehead it gave me an awful sensation, but calming myself I saw the robber wore a black mask. He was a young man, his clothes were of fashionable cut, and he wore a soft hat with the peak turned down over his forehead. His voice was soft and might have been pleasing under other circumstances.

"'Keep still,' he said. 'I want you to give me all your jewelry and money.'

"Then he caught hold of my hand and proceeded to strip my fingers of two diamond rings. All the time he addressed me in whispers, telling me to keep quiet. Finally he asked:

"'Where is your husband's money?'

"I knew that it was my husband's custom to hide his money at night, so I told the robber that he would find the money in my husband's trousers. He looked and only found a nickel. Then he climbed out the front window, by which he had entered."

WOOES TILL A LATE HOUR: NOW A SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

Carrie Kemper Charges That Her Sweetheart's Sister-in-Law Interfered Because He Failed to Notice the Time.

When Frank Loedige wooed until the hour was late, Carrie Kemper, 663 North Halsted street, only snuggled a little closer and said she "didn't mind." But sitting at 93 Orchard street was Mrs. Beretha Loedige, Frank's sister in law, whose eyes were fastened on the clock. Mrs. Loedige, it is said, started an early closing movement of her own and as a result the engagement between her brother in law and Miss Kemper was broken.

All this was several weeks ago, and since then Miss Kemper has been pondering. Yesterday her musings took on tangible form in the shape of a $5,000 damage suit against Mrs. Loedige.

Mrs. Loedige, the young woman charges, was responsible for the broken engagement and the only reason she can ascribe for the sister in law's attitude was that Frank forgot all about the clock.

$50.00 CALIFORNIA AND RETURN.

Chicago and Northwestern.

Tickets on sale July 29 and Aug. 2 to 10, good until Sept. 30 to return. Holders of the $50.00 tickets have the choice of three daily through trains from Chicago, including the luxurious electric lighted New Overland Limited, less than three days en route, and equipped with all the comforts of travel. Standard Pullman Compartment and Tourist Sleepers from Chicago daily to the coast without change. Personally conducted excursions in Pullman Tourist cars each week. Booklets free. Ticket office, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

FOE OF GAMBLERS KILLED

DES MOINES REFORMER CLUBBED TO DEATH IN STREET.

Isaac Finkelstein, Who Caused the Closing of Eight Rooms, Murdered by Unknown Man Within Sight of His Home—Assailant Comes Out of an Alley and Strikes Him with Singletree of Wagon—Police Have Clews.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 5.—Isaac Finkelstein, whose crusade against public gambling closed the eight houses in Des Moines two weeks ago, was murdered at 10 o'clock tonight at the mouth of an alley between Sixth and Seventh on East Walnut street.

He was on his way home, less than a block and a half away, when a man stepped out of the shadow of the alley and struck him a blow over the head with a single-tree. Four men near saw him fall and ran to assist him. He was dead when they arrived, his skull crushed.

The only clew to the murderer is a report that a little after the time of the murder one unrecognized man was overheard to say to another "I killed the ——" and another man was heard to say "Keep your mouth shut."

The murder is supposed to have resulted from Finkelstein's action in prosecuting the gamblers. He did not object to public gambling, but wanted the city to receive a revenue from it, he said, and when the police did not raid the houses he filed complaints with the sheriff. The resultant raids proved so expensive the gamblers closed their places.

COL. SAMUEL BICKERSTAFF DIES

Former Chief Engineer in United States Navy During Civil War Expires at La Grange, Ill.

Col. Samuel Bickerstaff, a naval engineer of prominence during the civil war, died in La Grange, Ill., yesterday at the residence of his only daughter, Mrs. Joseph Marshall, aged 70 years. He will be buried with military honors tomorrow afternoon in Oakdale cemetery after funeral services in the First Methodist church of La Grange. The services will be conducted according to the ritual of the G. A. R., and a detail of the naval reserve will act as pallbearers.

Col. Bickerstaff was born in Steubenville, O., and spent the early years of his life as a steamboat engineer on the Mississippi river. He enlisted in the union army in 1862, and was appointed a chief engineer in the United States navy, in charge of the Mississippi squadron, under Perter. In June, 1864, he was acting chief engineer of the navy, with the Blackhawk as his flagship. He was mustered out on July 17, 1866, while in command of the gunboat Tippecanoe.

After the war Col. Bickerstaff held a number of political positions in Cincinnati, the last of which was inspector of stationary engines. He resigned this position in 1899 and came to La Grange to live with his daughter. He was a personal friend of Presidents Hayes and McKinley, Senators Hanna and Foraker, and many other leading republicans of Ohio.

OBITUARY.

CAPT. DAVID R. M'CUTCHEN, Chicago, who died on Monday at his home, 639 Walnut street, was buried yesterday at Forest Home. George H. Thomas post, G. A. R., conducting the funeral. He was born July 7, 1828, and served as a private through the Mexican war, and through the civil war as captain of company D, One Hundred and Eighth Illinois volunteers. He celebrated his golden wedding on Jan. 17, 1900. His widow and eight children survive him.

DR. WILLIAM M. BEARDSHEAR of Ames, Ia., died yesterday of nervous prostration, caused by overwork. He was at the time of his death president of the Iowa State Agricultural college and one of the leading educators of the state. He was born in Dayton, O., in 1850, and served in the civil war. He was a graduate of Yale and held several important educational positions during his career.

SIGHT RESTORED BY PRAYER.

Denver Woman Claims a Miracle During Holiness Meeting of a Sect Called "The Jumpers."

Denver, Colo., Aug. 5.—Mrs. Sarah Nessler of this city, who has been blind for seven years, and whose case was pronounced incurable by oculists, claims to have recovered her eyesight in a miraculous manner. She says that while praying at a revival meeting of the Holiness sect, sometimes called "the Jumpers," at the Pentecostal union, a white light broke upon her eyes and soon she was able to distinguish objects. Her vision, she declares, is now nearly as good as it was before she became blind. The sect is the one in which Duke M. Farson of Chicago is one of the leaders.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Keep looking young and save your hair, its color and beauty, with Parker's Hair Balsam. Hindercorns, the best cure for corns. 15 cents.

"MISSOULA." Two New Collars. B. & W.

"TETONKA." B. & W.

DRAINAGE BOARD DEFIES GAYLORD

Declines to Take Any Part in the Proposed Conference in Joliet.

SAY A 'STEAL' IS PLANNED

While Seven of the Trustees Are Writing Letters Rice's Attorney Is Active.

The sanitary trustees, through seven of the nine members of the board, yesterday declined to meet the representatives of the Gaylord syndicate or others in the proposed conference at Joliet, and in a letter stating the position of the board declared the purpose of the Gaylord syndicate to be to "steal the water power from the citizens of Chicago."

It is stated that the "steal," if carried out, will mean $300,000 a year to the syndicate at the expense of the taxpayers of the sanitary district, who already have invested millions in the drainage project. The proceeds from the water power, say the trustees, if retained by the people, would be sufficient to defray the whole administrative expenses of the district.

The letter, which is signed by Trustees Smyth, Jones, Cloidt, Braden, Carter, Webb, and Legner, refers to the members of the opposing syndicate as "conspirators," and suggests that if they desire any information they call at the headquarters of the board, where all plans are "open to the public inspection of the world." The signatures of Trustees Baker and Wenter are not attached to the letter. It was stated at the office of the trustees that they could not be located yesterday.

Letter of the Trustees.

The letter of seven trustees in part is as follows:

"The board of trustees of the sanitary district do not purpose to meet in conference at Joliet with the Gaylord syndicate or any other collection of citizens who are organized to steal the water power from the citizens of Chicago and divert its rental value of $300,000 per annum to their private purses.

"The pretended conference, which we are informed is to be called at Joliet on Aug. 12, to discuss 'the relative merits of the sanitary district's plans and those of the Gaylord syndicate' has been agitated for two weeks by representatives of Mr. Gaylord and others interested in the water power steal, and we emphatically believe that it will not add to the dignity of any member of the board of trustees to enter into a conference with the conspirators who are seeking to wrest from the taxpayers of the city of Chicago this water power, for which they have expended millions of dollars, and whose annual rental in the future should be sufficient to defray all the administrative expenses of the sanitary district.

"Three years ago, when the water power plans of the district were adopted, adequate provision was made for the preservation of the deep waterway connecting the great lakes with the Illinois and Mississippi rivers, and these features of the plans are still preserved in every detail.

"The board of trustees will not meet the Gaylord syndicate or any other self-appointed committee at Joliet or elsewhere to discuss the plans of the sanitary district are at our offices in the city of Chicago and open to the public inspection of the world."

Elusive William Rice.

William F. Rice, the complainant in the injunction suit against the district to enjoin the continuance of work on the dam at Joliet, continues to be a hard man to find. During the day Charles P. Hass, an employe of the sanitary district, filed an affidavit before Judge Tuley, declaring that he had been detailed to locate Rice, but was unsuccessful after a three days' search.

Hass says he watched Rice's residence at 39 North Western avenue last Saturday, Sunday, and Monday, both at the front and rear, and was unable to serve a subpena on him to appear in Judge Tuley's court. He inquired frequently at the house, he says, and was informed by Rice's wife and son that Rice was not at home, but would return within an hour. Rice, however, failed to return.

Attorney James Todd, for the district, asked for an order for Rice to appear as a witness in court this morning, but Judge Tuley said he did not have the power to compel Rice to appear.

Work Done by Day Labor.

In the office of Master in Chancery Thomas J. Walsh former Judge Moran, representing Rice, put Isham Randolph, the engineer of the board, through a series of questions which will be used in the hearing today.

Mr. Randolph said the dam which the sanitary district is building could not interfere with a deep waterway, but would be of great benefit to such a project.

In answer to the question as to why the sanitary district is in such a hurry to build the dam, Mr. Randolph said that if he were to give his personal opinion he should say it was to prevent some one from taking away the rights which belong to the sanitary district and to prevent some outsider from destroying those rights.

Mr. Randolph admitted that the work is being done by the board on the day labor plan and not by contract. Other work he said had been done by the board on the day labor plan, and such a method had never been questioned.

As to the cost of building the dam, Mr. Randolph said that he had made no accurate estimate, but he thought about $110,000 would cover it.

SECRETARY SHAW ON TARIFF.

Head of the Treasury Makes Speech in Vermont Campaign at Manchester Meeting.

Manchester, Vt., Aug. 5.—The political campaign in Vermont, in which a bolting faction in the republican party headed by Percival W. Clement is fighting Gen. J. G. McCullough, the regular republican nominee for governor, was opened here in Gen. McCullough's behalf tonight.

The chief speaker was Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw. He said the democratic leaders always appear to be in search of an issue which will appeal to voters and give them victory instead of making an effort to formulate a policy under which they may be safely entrusted with the affairs of the nation.

Secretary Shaw said he was doubtful if any tariff schedule had been devised satisfactorily in every particular to any person. The republican party never attempts to defend a tariff schedule, but does defend the protective principle. It is probable, he said, that many items of the present tariff schedule should be modified, but no modification could be made that would not still leave many items in dispute.

No policy of legislation, no foreign policy, no insular policy, no expansion policy, no Philippine policy is or ever will be devised that will satisfy the opposition, he concluded.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the building department yesterday:

Albert Silkens, 2 story brick flat, 2203 Grenshaw-st. ..... $ 4,000

United States Express company, 3 story brick private barn, 60-62-64 Congress-st. 250,000

Joseph Popelar, 1 story brick addition, 38 Nutting-av. 1,000

Henry Heitmann, 2½ story brick flats, 311-313 Belle Plain-av. 8,500

W. H. Emery, 6 story brick storage, 79 E. Ohio-st. 10,000

Michael Sweeney, 2 story brick flat, 964 Argyle-av. 3,000

Deering Harvester company, 1 story brick foundry, 16 Fullerton-av. 80,000

Deering Harvester company, 5 story brick factory, 16 Fullerton-av. 80,000

George S. Gwithorne, 2 story brick residence, 1049 Granville-st. 2,500

William Cronie, 2 story brick flat, 942 Burling-st. 4,500

Charles Obers, 3 story brick flat, 2168 N. Paulina-st. 5,000

W. H. Hooper, 2 story brick flat, 1215 S. 51st-ct. 4,500

Malta-Vita

CONCENTRATED MALTED FOOD

READY TO EAT

PURE, PRE-DIGESTED, THOROUGHLY COOKED, SCIENTIFIC AND HYGIENIC.

DELICIOUS AND NOURISHING.

MALTA-VITA PURE FOOD COMPANY.

Pure, Palatable, Popular.

Millions are Eating Malta-Vita.

Malta-Vita is the original and only *perfectly cooked, thoroughly malted, flaked and toasted whole wheat food*, and is manufactured under *letters patent*. Insist on getting **Malta-Vita**, the perfect food, manufactured by the

MALTA-VITA PURE FOOD CO.,
Battle Creek, Michigan. Toronto, Canada.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

New Singers in The Storks.

"The Storks" is now in its twelfth week at the Dearborn, and has reached that period that comes in the life of every successful summer attraction, when changes in cast are made necessary by the withdrawal of singers and players "contracted for elsewhere."

Edmund Stanley, the tenor, and Henry Norman, the bass, are engaged for the coming season with "Emerald Isle" and "Mr. Pickwick," and, rehearsal time being at hand, they are obliged to retire from the Dearborn company, their respective rôles in "The Storks" being taken by Frank Rushworth and William Wolff. Miss White, who has been the leading soprano of the company, has also been obliged to retire, some optical trouble necessitating a surgical operation, and her place this week is taken by Emilie Gardner.

The new singers were heard last evening, and by the ease and surety with which they they did their work demonstrated that the worth and attractiveness of the performance have suffered no diminution by these enforced changes in cast. The "fantasy" itself is of unusual brightness and jollity, and the capital manner in which it is presented makes it one of the neatest, most enjoyable entertainments now in town.

Miss Gardner proved herself not only a Helen of more than average attractiveness in face, form, and manner but the possessor also of a soprano voice of a worth much beyond the usual. It is a healthy, clear voice, sweet in quality, resonant, and of good range, and well schooled. It is used with taste and considerable artistic intelligence, and places its owner among the most promising of the sopranos now on the comic opera stage in this country.

Mr. Rushworth has a pleasing tenor, sweet in quality, and save in the extreme upper tones produced with enjoyable ease. He has graceful movement, attractive appearance, and agreeable personality to commend him. He was heard to best advantage in the duet with Helen in Act 2, and in the "Soldiers of the King" his solo in the second act being an ungrateful, ineffective number to sing. Mr. Wolff acted the Sorcerer Malzadoc well, and sang his solo in the Peddler's song satisfactorily.

Chicago Opera-House.

A one act play on a biblical subject is the chief novelty at the Chicago Opera house this week. It deals with King Herod's planning of the slaughter of the innocents, and is presented by Hal Reid and a company composed of Montgomery Irving, Bertha Westbrook, Frederick Backus, and Virginia Westbrook.

Herod sends for his brother Phillip to question him concerning the report of the young child born in Bethlehem who is said to be the Messiah. Phillip confirms the report, and commends the king's suggestion to slay all male children under two years of age. But Phillip seeks to rouse Herod's suspicions as to the loyalty of Zara, the gladiator general, who is intrusted with the work of slaughter. Zara has taken as wife a young maiden, Ruth, whom Phillip has loved, but failed to win, and it is to gain possession of her, and then dethrone Herod, that he seeks the downfall of Zara.

The gladiator comes, receives the king's command, but refuses to execute it, is arrested, and only when Ruth is being given to Phillip by Herod's decree does he break his bonds and attempt to strangle the plotter. He is given his liberty, but not until he has saved the king's life by holding up a drawbridge while the royal chariot crosses that Herod realizes his loyalty and sees Phillip's treachery.

The sketch is somewhat pretentious in style, being written in blank verse, but contains several passages that are not devoid of a certain degree of literary polish and charm. The performance is elaborate as regards scenic enframement and costuming, and yesterday afternoon found the hearty approval of the audience.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 9.]

BICKERSTAFF—Col. Samuel Bickerstaff, late chief engineer of the Mississippi squadron, United States steamship Judge Torrence, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. A. Marshall, corner of Harris-ang Fifth avenues, La Grange, Ill., Aug. 4, 1902. Funeral from the First Methodist Episcopal church, La Grange, Aug. 7, at 3 p. m. Interment at Oak Hill. [Cincinnati papers please copy.]

McDONNELL—Genevieve Veronica, beloved daughter of Patrick E. and Elizabeth McDonnell, (nee Whalen), sister of Mrs. Dr. R. Haley, Dr. E. Jennie, Aloysius S., Francis A., Sister M. De Liguori, Patrick E. jr., Joseph S. J. Vincent, Dolly Gertrude, Ralph Raymond, and Mark Howard McDonnell, aged 16 years, Tuesday, Aug. 5, at home, 3500 Kedzie-av. Funeral Friday, 8th, to St. Agnes' church, Brighton Park, at 9:30, thence by cars to Mount Olivet.

SCOFIELD—Mary F., wife of Isaac Scofield, entered into rest Tuesday, Aug. 5, aged 41 years. Services at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at 3733 Langley-av. Burial at Zionsville, Ind.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

MAT. AT 2 SHARP.

REMEMBER the curtain rises on the wonderful Kansas cyclone scene.

THE WIZARD OF OZ

STAGED BY JULIAN MITCHELL.

Summer Prices—Lower Floor $1 & $1.50; 1st Balcony, 75c; 2d Balcony, 50c, 25c. Mat. Wed., 25c, 50c, 75c.

Firemen's Tournament

BLUE ISLAND, ILL.

August 5, 6, 7.

See Chicago's Famous Pompeii Corps. Races and Contest 1:30 to 6:30 p.m.

Take Cottage Grove cars to 71st-st., Wentworth-av. cars to 79th-st., Halsted-st. cars to 79th-st., South Side Elevated to South Park-av., or Rock Island, Illinois Central or Chicago Terminal trains.

GREAT NORTHERN

Tonight, Today, 25c MAT.

WITH THE WORLD FAMOUS HERRMANN THE GREAT

Next Week—"PICKINGS FROM PUCK."

BASE BALL TODAY

WHITE SOX vs. WASHINGTON

39th-st. and Wentworth-av. Game Called 3:30

Mackinac Island $25 and Return. 7 Days Lake Trip. Meals and Berth included. Leave Chicago Saturdays 8:30 p. m. STEAMSHIP "GEORGIA."

Escanaba, Mich., $13 and return. 4 Days Lake Trip. Meals and Berth included. Leave Chicago Wed., Fri. and Sat. 8:00 p. m.

Manitowoc, Wis., $5 and Return. 2 days Lake Trip Meals and Berth included. Leave Chicago Mon., Tue., and Thurs. 8:00 p. m.

$9 TO BUFFALO, 7:45 p. m. Daily.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS

$1.50 Muskegon or Grand Haven

7:45 p. m. Daily. Finest service on the Lakes. For complete information, address R. C. DAVIS, G. P. A. Docks foot Michigan-av., Chicago. Ticket Office 103 Adams-st.

STUDEBAKER MICH. BOUL. ADJ. AUDITORIUM HOTEL Eves. 2:15, Nats. 2:15

POP. MAT. TODAY.

PRICES . . 25c, 50c, 75c.

ONLY FIVE —TONIGHT— WEEKS MORE.

TRIUMPHANT REIGN OF KING DODO

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK

Cheridah Simpson, Flora Zabelle, Greta Risley, Margaret McKinsey, Arthur Deagon, Arthur Wooley, Wm. Corlew, Chas. W. Meyer.

100—SUPERIOR SINGERS—100

HARLEM JOCKEY CLUB—Six Races Each Day Beginning at 2:30 p. m. Music by Banks Cregier's Orchestra. Admission $1.

Special Illinois Central Trains leave Randolph st. at 12:30, 1:00, 1:15 and 1:40 p. m., stopping at Van Buren, Park Row, Sixty-third and Kensington only first train after fifth race; others after last race.

Lake-st. Elevated leaving Clark and Lake sts., stopping at all loop stations; leaving Randolph st. at 5th-av. 14 minutes later direct to track without stop, at 12:44, 12:54, 1:04, 1:30, 1:50, 2:10 and 2:11. Returning first train after 5th race stops at all stations; other trains after last race, stopping at Ashland-av. and Halsted-st. only.

Metropolitan L leaves La Salle and Van Burenats. at 1:11, 1:21 and 1:31.

Twelfth-st. electric from Van Buren and Stateats. from 12:45 to 1:30 at short intervals. Madison-st. cable to 40th-st., connecting with surface electric direct to track.

Fare on specials, round-trip, 25 cents.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE

Only Summer Theater in Chicago.

CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.

Hal Reid & Company.	Loris & Altina.
4—The Hennings—4	Mr. & Mrs. Fisher.
Bernard Dyllyn.	4—Aerion Quartette—4
Cole & De Lossa.	Mlle. Asita.
Funny Maxmillian.	Professor Jones.
Powell & Portello.	George Catlin.
Juggling Necia.	The Zinos.
Cleveland Sisters.	The Kinetograph.

PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE BALL PARK. 39th-st. and Wentworth-av.

EVERY NIGHT EXCEPT SUNDAY. STARTING TUESDAY, AUG. 12 TO 23.

THE BIG SPECTACLE

Pain's Pompeii.

$1,000 Display Pain's Fireworks Nightly. Advance Sale, Lyon & Healy.

DEARBORN

MAT. TO-DAY

STILL IN THE LEAD THE STORKS

A MUSICAL FANTASY.

Entire Main Floor Reserved, 50c. Entire First Balcony Reserved, 25c.

EDELWEISS GARDEN

51st-st. and Cottage Grove-av.

Concert Every Evening by 35 Members of THEODORE THOMAS' ORCHESTRA.

Under the leadership of ALBERT ULRICH.

Take Cottage Grove-av. car or South Side Elevated to 51st-st.

MASONIC TEMPLE

THE 4 COHANS

Piccolo Midgets, Smith & Fuller, Baby Lund, and 5 Other Big Acts.

NEXT WEEK | John C. Rice and Sally Cohen, Pauline Hall.

COLUMBUS COOL AS THE SEASHORE.

10 20 30 50 A LADY OF QUALITY

Sun. Mats. 25c. All Seats Reserved.

Daily Mats 10-20 Best Seats.

Week Aug. 10—GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME.

SAM T. JACK'S

Madison-st., near State. Tel. Con. 2189

2 Big Shows Every Day, 2 & 8.

SAM T. JACK'S FORTY THIEVES CO.

Prices—10c, 20c, 30c, 50c.

Sans Souci Park

COTTAGE GROVE AV. & 60TH ST.

Caron & Herbert, 3 Rackett Bros., Seymour & Dupre, Young American Quintette, Lillian Walton. Concerts by De Baugh's Band. Electric Fountain. Afternoons, 10c; evenings and Sundays, 25c.

TROCADERO

State and Van Buren Sts. Tel. Har. 2007.

Mat. Daily. Prices—10, 20, 30, 50. Smoke if you like.

ORPHEON EXTRAVAGANZA CO.

5-ROUND CONTEST BETWEEN YOUNG MOWATT AND CAL KILLEEN

In conjunction with "A New York Girl."

The Funny Burlesque

EXCURSIONS

St. Joseph and Benton Harbor. Daily, 9:30 a. m.; 12:30, noon; 11:30 p. m. Fare 50c each way on day steamers. Free vaudeville Show.

$1.50 to Grand Rapids, $1.25 to Saugatuck, $1.00 to Holland, daily 9:30 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. (See classified ad.)

GRAHAM & MORTON LINE.

Dock foot Wabash-av. Phone Cent. 2100.

LUCK HELPS TO BEAT WHITE SOX

Sensational Catch by Davis Spoils Callahan's Hit in Ninth Inning.

ATHLETICS WIN, 4 TO 3.

Costly Fumble by Isbell Paves Way for Two Runs, Which Decide Contest.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.	NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	49	36	.576	Pittsburg	64	20	.762
St. Louis	47	37	.560	Brooklyn	60	34	.638
Philadelphia	44	37	.543	Chicago	48	41	.539
Boston	44	41	.536	Boston	44	40	.524
Washington	40	47	.460	Cincinnati	40	46	.465
Cleveland	41	49	.456	St. Louis	41	49	.456
Detroit	37	46	.446	Philadelphia	36	54	.400
Baltimore	37	51	.420	New York	28	59	.322
AMERICAN ASS'N.	W.	L.	Pct.	WESTERN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Louisville	61	32	.656	Omaha	57	34	.626
Indianapolis	60	34	.646	Denver	52	39	.571
St. Paul	52	40	.565	Kansas City	49	41	.544
Kansas City	47	45	.511	Milwaukee	46	49	.535
Columbus	44	49	.473	St. Joseph	46	48	.527
Milwaukee	42	49	.462	Col. Springs	44	48	.500
Minneapolis	35	56	.384	Des Moines	33	53	.384
Toledo	32	56	.345	Peoria	24	60	.286
THREE-EYE LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.				
Rockford	62	35	.639	Rock Island	42	44	.488
Ced. Rapids	48	37	.565	Bloomington	43	46	.483
Terre Haute	45	40	.529	Decatur	37	51	.420
Davenport	44	44	.500	Evansville	37	54	.407

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 4; Chicago, 3.
Detroit, 5; Boston, 2.
St. Louis, 8; Baltimore, 7 [ten innings].
Cleveland, 7; Washington, 6 [ten innings].

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 11; Philadelphia, 1.
Cincinnati, 6; Brooklyn, 4.
Pittsburg, 3; New York, 0.
Boston, 5; St. Louis, 4.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Louisville, 12; Milwaukee, 2.
St. Paul, 6; Columbus, 2.
Minneapolis, 4; Toledo, 3.
Kansas City, 8; Indianapolis, 6. Kansas City, 6; Indianapolis, 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Omaha, 5; Des Moines, 1.
St. Joseph, 3; Milwaukee, 0.

THREE-ETE LEAGUE.

Cedar Rapids, 8; Evansville, 4.
Terre Haute, 4; Rock Island, 3 [eleven innings].
Davenport, 5; Bloomington, 2.
Rock Island, 6; Decatur, 2.

Games Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Boston at St. Louis.
Baltimore at Detroit.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at Philadelphia.
Pittsburg at New York.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Boston.

Luck, running Philadelphia's way at the finish, was all that kept the White Sox from making it three straight from the Athletics and six straight victories, yesterday.

What another man than Harry Davis pilfying first base Callahan's liner in the last half of the ninth inning would have gone safe, scoring Tom Daly from third with the run necessary to tie, and every one knows what happens when the camphions play extra innings. Or, if Jimmy had hit a couple of inches farther away, it would have been too much for even Davis to catch. As it was, the fellow at the bat nearly turned Davis arround, and he was as surprised as any one to find that he really had the ball.

It was luck, too, that made Isbell fumble Fultz's grounder in the eighth and give the Athletics the two runs that took the game away after the White Sox had seemingly pulled it out in the seventh. Luck did not run all one way, for the home team had its share of it in the early innings, but it was not so noticeable then.

Plank and Callahan in Box.

"Rube" Waddell had not caught all the fish he wanted, and so Manager Mack was forced to use his other sou'paw, Plank, in the final game of the series, and the lad pitched as fine a game as did Callahan, who was hit less often but was more generous with his passes. The game was well played in spite of its errors, and there were more than the usual number of brilliant spots, nevertheless it was dragged out to an entirely unnecessary length by the dilatory tactics of the players, with the wet grounds from the morning's showers as only a partial excuse.

It was only a lucky double play that saved Callahan's scalp in the second inning, when, with runners at third and second and one out, Tom Daly pulled down Monte Davis' liner, jumping high after it, and, without waiting to descend, threw to Davis in time to double up Lave Cross at second. In the next inning the visitors landed with a single, a base on balls, and Strang's fumble of Seybold's grounder. Lave Cross' single and Murphy's double far out between Jones and Mertes, off which Jones barely missed making the most sensational catch of the year, gave the Athletics another run in the fourth.

White Sox Score in Sixth.

The White Sox threatened things in the second and fourth, but failed to connect with the rubber. In the sixth they broke the ice. Jones cracked with a single. He stole second off the rest, and went to third on Green's out. Davis whipped one to Lave Cross, who made a great stop, and cut Jones off at the plate, but Fielder lived long enough to get Davis to second, and George came home on Mertes' single.

In the seventh Daly opened with a clean one. Plank picked up Sullivan's bunt and threw wide of second, leaving both men safe. Callahan sacrificed them ahead, but Daly was nailed at the plate trying to score on Strang's hit to Monte Cross. Strang was safe second. Then came Jones with a drive to left which sent two runs home, but he was himself run down on the line trying to reach second on the throw-in.

That lead of one looked good until the eighth, when Isbell fumbled an easy one for a starter, and through that hole went the game. Seybold popped out, but Fultz stole and scored on Davis' single to left. Lave Cross fouled out, but Murphy was there with another double between Jones and Mertes which sent in the winning run.

Final Effort Is Balked.

The champions were not beaten yet. With Isbell out in the ninth, Daly cut loose his fourth hit of the game, pulling it along the left foul line for two sacks. Sullivan's out by way of Murphy advanced Tom to third. Then Callahan smashed that one to right which failed to tie the game, only because Davis had glue in his mit and the ball stuck there.

Score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	BB	SH	SB
Strang, 3b	4	0	1	2	2	2	0	0	0	1
Jones, cf	4	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	1
Green, rf	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0
G. Davis, ss	3	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	0	0
Mertes, lf	4	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Isbell, 1b	4	0	1	1	12	1	1	0	0	0
Daly, 2b	4	0	1	1	3	4	0	0	0	0
Sullivan, c	4	1	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0
Callahan, p	3	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	0
Totals	34	3	10	11	27	16	2	1	1	2

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	BB	SH	SB
Hartsel, lf	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
Fultz, rf	4	1	2	2	2	0	0	0	1	1
Seybold, rf	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0
H. Davis, 1b	3	1	1	1	11	1	0	1	0	0
L. Cross, 2b	4	0	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	0
Murphy, 2b	4	0	2	4	2	4	0	0	0	0
M. Cross, ss	4	0	0	0	4	6	0	0	0	0
Powers, c	4	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0
Plank, p	3	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0
Totals	33	3	7	10	27	19	1	4	0	2

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	—3
Hits	1	0	1	0	2	1	2	2	0	—10
Philadelphia	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	—4
Hits	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	—7

Two base hits—Daly, L. Cross, Murphy [2]. Struck out—By Callahan, Murphy; by Plank, G. Davis. Double play—Daly-Davis. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Philadelphia, 6. Time—2:07. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance—2,400.

Notes of the White Sox.

Washington comes today for three games, then Boston.

Green juggled Lave Cross' single in the sixth and time dropped the ball when he attempted to throw, but Lave was playing it safe and missed an opportunity to reach second and to give Dan an error.

Harry Davis went clear to the bend in the first base stand and caught Mertes' foul in the eighth.

Platt is expected to try his hand against the many left handed batters on Tom Loftus' aggregation today.

The grounds, especially the outfield, were heavy from the morning's rains and there were pools of water in foul ground, but the diamond was in fairly good condition.

Strang stumbled rounding first base in the opening inning or he would have reached second easily on his hit past Lave Cross. That stumble cost him his life, however, by a narrow margin.

Jones made a great run after Murphy's long hit in the fourth and barely reached the ball running with it, but could not grasp enough of the leather to hold it. Murphy put another in the same place in the eighth, which won the game. It looks as if the outfield would have to revise its method of playing for that person.

Pitcher Jack Katoll watched his former companions go down to defeat. Jack left last night for Detroit, where he will join the Baltimore patriots, having thought better of his decision to stick to Wilmot's team in the American association. Katoll won nine out of thirteen games with Minneapolis and will try to keep up that gait in faster company.

CLEVELAND WINS IN THE TENTH.

Defeats Washington with a New Pitcher in Extra Inning Contest—Score Is Seven to Six.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 5.—Cleveland won in the tenth inning today on Gochnauer's two bagger and Elly's error. Hess, a youngster recently returned from three years' service in the Philippines, was in the box for Cleveland, and, aside from his wild throws to first, did good work. Score:

Cleveland.	R	B	P	A	E	Washing'n.	R	B	P	A	E
Bay, cf	1	1	0	0	1	Ryan, cf	1	2	3	0	0
Bradley, 2b	2	0	3	4	0	Doyle, 2b	1	1	2	3	0
Lajoie, 2b	0	0	4	3	1	D'hanty, 1b	1	2	12	0	0
Hick'an, 1b	0	1	17	2	1	Keister, rf	0	0	1	1	0
Flick, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Coughlin, 3b	0	1	2	2	1
McCar'y, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Lee, lf	1	2	1	0	0
G'nauer, ss	1	2	0	2	0	Elly, ss	0	0	1	2	1
Wood, c	1	1	4	3	0	Clarke, c	1	1	5	0	0
Hess, p	2	1	0	4	2	Patten, p	0	0	0	4	1
Totals	7	8	30	21	6	Totals	6	10	*28	12	5

*One out when winning run scored.

Cleveland	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	1—7
Washington	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	0—6

Two base hits—McCarthy, Wood, Gochnauer, 2; Keister. Delehanty. Three base hit—Bradley. Sacrifice hits—Patten, 2; Bay, 2; Keister, 2; Clark. Stolen bases—Lajoie, Bay. Double plays—Hickman-Wood; Bradley-Lajoie-Hickman. First base on balls—By Patten, 3; by Hess, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By Patten, 1; by Hess, 1. Struck out—By Patten, 5; by Hess, 2. Wild pitches—Hess, 1. Time—1:55. Umpire—O'Laughlin. Attendance—2,004.

St. Louis, 8; Baltimore, 7.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 5.—St. Louis took the last game of the series from Baltimore today, although it took ten innings to do it. Both teams used two pitchers, the home club carrying off the batting honors. The game was loosely played throughout. Score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Baltimore.	R	B	P	A	E
Burkett, lf	2	2	3	1	1	0	McFar'd, cf	1	2	2	0	0
H'drick, cf	1	1	3	0	0	0	Selbach, lf	1	3	4	1	0
W'phall, rf	1	1	2	0	0	0	Williams, c	1	1	8	1	0
Anderson, 1b	1	1	9	1	0	0	Arndt, rf	1	1	0	0	0
Wallace, ss	2	2	3	4	1	0	Mellor, 1b	1	2	9	0	1
McC'lck, 2b	1	1	2	3	2	0	Hayden, ss	0	1	3	3	1
Padden, 2b	0	0	3	5	2	0	Gilbert, ss	0	0	1	5	4
Kahoe, c	0	0	1	5	2	0	Smith, c	0	0	2	3	0
Rudhoff, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	Mercer, p	0	0	0	1	0
Harper, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	Shields, p	0	0	0	1	0
Friel	0	1	0	0	0	0	Yeager, c	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	8	17	30	19	8	1	Totals	7	14	*28	16	3

*One out when winning run scored.

St. Louis	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	1—8
Baltimore	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	4—7

Two base hits—Wallace [2], Heidrick, Burkett, Selbach, McFarland, Mellor, Howell. Home run—Williams. Sacrifice hits—Kahoe, Howell, Gilbert. Double plays — Burkett-Padden; Selbach-Smith; Williams-Gilbert-Howell. Passed ball—Yeager. Stolen base—Hemphill. Hit by pitcher—Anderson. Bases on balls—Off Butler, 2; off Sudhoff, 2; off Harper, 2. Struck out—By Shields, 1; by Sudhoff, 1; by Harper, 3. Time—2:05. Umpire—Carruthers and Johnston. Attendance—1,000.

Detroit, 5; Boston, 2.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 5.—The home team hit more opportunely today than did Capt. Collins' men, and won the odd game of the series with Boston. Mercer had perfect control throughout and pitched splendidly, especially in the seventh inning, when, with no one out and two on base, he struck out Criger and Sparks in succession. Score:

Detroit.	R	B	P	A	E	Boston.	R	B	P	A	E
Harley, lf	0	1	1	0	0	D'gherty, lf	1	2	0	0	0
Elberfeld, ss	1	1	2	3	0	Collins, 3b	0	1	2	1	0
Casey, 3b	1	1	0	2	1	Stahl, rf	0	1	2	3	0
Barrett, cf	2	1	3	0	0	Freeman, rf	0	0	3	1	0	0
Holmes, rf	1	2	1	2	0	Parent, ss	0	0	1	2	3	0
Beck, 1b	0	0	11	1	0	0	Lachance, 1b	0	1	13	0	0
Gleason, 2b	0	0	3	2	2	0	Ferriss, 2b	0	0	2	4	1
Buelow, c	0	1	2	0	0	0	Ready, c	0	1	2	0	0
Mercer, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	Sparks, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	5	7	*20	16	2		Totals	2	10	24	17	1

*Collins out, hit by batted ball.

Detroit	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	*—	5
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2

Three base hit—Freeman. Sacrifice hits—Elberfeld, Beck, Mercer, Holmes. Stolen bases—Elberfeld, Dougherty. Bases on balls—Off Sparks, 2. Hit by pitcher—Harley. Struck out—By Mercer, 2; by Sparks, 2. Double plays—Collins-Parent-Lachance. Time—1:45. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance—1,400.

Southern Association.

At Nashville—Nashville, 8; Chattanooga, 2.
At Shreveport—Little Rock, 11; Shreveport, 0.
At Birmingham—Atlanta, 6; Birmingham, 3.

Miscellaneous Games.

At Holland, Mich.—Muskegon, 4; Holland, 3.
At Goshen, Ind.—Goshen High School, 7; Bremen Greens, 1.

RUN OF NEW YORK YACHT CLUB.

Muriel, Corona, and Yankee Winners in Their Respective Class, with Cup Victors Still in Doubt.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 5.—The initial run of the New York Yacht club fleet from New London to this port today was on the whole satisfactory, the light, fluky weather at the start and the soft breezes along the Rhode Island shore being forgotten in the splendid seven mile dash in an increasing southeaster from Point Judith to the finish at Brenton's reef lightship.

Charles Smithers' crack 70 foot schooner Muriel led the fleet practically all the way, and covered the distance, 37 miles, in a trifle under five hours and three-quarters. Commodore Ledyard's schooner Corona was a close second, and J. Roger Maxwell's 70 foot sloop Yankee a good third. These three yachts won in their respective classes.

The rest of the fleet made a long procession, reaching Round Point Judith when the leading yacht was crossing the line, but all had finished by dark.

The lead of Muriel, Corona, and Yankee was acquired off Watch hill early in the afternoon, when they managed to double Point Judith without a tack, but the rest of the fleet spent some time in beating round.

Mineola and Rainbow had a great fight all along the Rhode Island shore, with a luffing match that carried them well outside. Mineola finally got by and finished nearly four minutes ahead. Both were beaten fifteen minutes by Yankee.

Fifty-one yachts crossed the starting line at New London this morning. The little sloops were sent away first and the rest went off at five minute intervals, the classes increasing in size until finally came the giants of the fleet.

The yachts came flying up to the finish with every sail and rope hard at work and lee rails well down. Had they been at all bunched instead of coming in singly, the sport would have been exciting, but strung along over seven miles of water it was merely a pleasing picture, with nothing but their onward rush to make it even exhilarating. It will be impossible to announce the cup winners.

BRYNHILD WINS KING'S CUP.

Beats Emperor William's Meteor III. in Race for Trophy of Royal Yacht Squadron.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

COWES, Aug. 5.—The race for the King's cup, offered by the Royal Yacht squadron, started at 10 o'clock this morning. Twelve yachts crossed the line almost side by side. The Brynhild was slightly in the lead of Emperor William's American built yacht, Meteor III. The Meteor allows Brynhild 13 minutes and 20 seconds; Glory, 31 minutes; Leander, 31 minutes; Catonia, 35 minutes; Florinda, 40 minutes; Fiona, 52 minutes; Corisande, 57 minutes; Brunhilda, 70 minutes; Brunette, 80 minutes; and Roselle, 90 minutes.

The king has left for Ryde on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert in order to watch the return of the competing yachts.

Meteor secured the lead on the eastern end of the course and was a long distance ahead when she crossed the line again at 1:40 p. m. In an additional race for forty-two raters, the Lucida beat the Camellia by two minutes.

Returning from the eastward on the second round, Brynhild led Glory and Meteor by twenty-five minutes. She continued to hold the lead to Lymington and on the homeward course, finishing 5:54, and winning the cup. Meteor came in second at 6:13. Glory was third at 6:16.

The Telegraph considers that Meteor was beaten by the adverse wind and tide. It says that a schooner could not be expected to cope with a smart yawl like Brynhild in beating to windward with the tide in its teeth. If it had been a reach instead of a turn to windward, Meteor certainly would have headed the fleet.

HAVE PHILLIES ON RUN.

COLTS WIN THIRD STRAIGHT GAME IN QUAKER CITY.

Lundgren Holds Opponents Down to One Tally, and That in Last Inning, While Selee's Men Pile Up Eleven Scores—Wolverton Put Out of Contest by Being Hit in the Eye by a Batted Ball—Many Errors Made—Details of the Game.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Chicago had the Phillies on the run today and beat them out by the score of 11 to 1. That one run was made in the ninth, when Jacklitsch singled and was sent home by White, who hit out a scorcher to left for three bases.

The Phillies were weak at the bat, in the face of the pitching of Chicago's college wonder, Lundgren. Their work in the field was decidedly off color. Chicago's batting was harder, and Fraser was wild at times. Then, too, the Colts behaved themselves with much more directedness in the field.

Jones hit the first ball pitched to center for two bases. He did not score, as a Slagle, Chance, and Dobbs were easy outs. Despite a wild throw, a passed ball, a muffed fly, and a base on balls in the second inning, Chicago did not score, but in the third the Colts broke loose and scattered things for three runs. Singles by Jones and Slagle and a base on balls to Chance filled the bases, with one out. Dobbs hit to Hulswitt and Jones was thrown out at the plate, but when Tinker hit to right Slagle and Chance scored. Dobbs tried to score on Lowe's hit to short and was nipped at the plate. Then Tinker stole home when no one was looking. Kling forced Lowe at second.

Fraser held the visitors in check until the seventh, when they again broke away for a block of three. Jones got his base on balls and Slagle singled. Jacklitsch made a wild throw to second and Jones scored. Jennings and Krug stood still while Chance's hit rolled out to Barry, and Slagle crossed the plate. Chance stole second and third in the most daring manner. Jacklitsch stood with the ball in his hand while he went to third. He scored on Tinker's fly.

In the eighth Kling got his base on balls. Schaefer put up a foul, which fell safe, with Wolverton, Jacklitsch, and Fraser standing around it. Then Shaefer hit one to Wolverton, who could not handle it. Both men advanced on Lundgren's sacrifice, Kling scoring. Jones struck out, Slagle got his base on balls, and Schaefer scored on Chance's two-bagger to center.

Three more came in in the ninth, when Tinker doubled and advanced on Lowe's out. Kling got his base on balls. Both scored on a hit by Schaefer, which plugged Wolverton in the eye and put him out of the game. Schaefer stole second and counted on Lundgren's single. Score:

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	Philadel'a.	R	B	P	A	E
Jones, rf	1	2	2	0	0	Thomas, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Slagle, lf	2	2	5	0	0	Wolv'n, 3b	0	0	1	2	1
Chance, 1b	2	2	8	0	1	Childs, 2b	0	0	1	0	0
Dobbs, ss	2	0	2	3	0	Barry, ss	0	0	0	1	0
Tinker, ss	2	2	1	5	0	Jenn'gs, 1b	0	1	8	0	0
Lowe, 2b	0	0	5	3	0	Krug, 2b,3b	0	0	2	2	0
Kling, c	1	2	4	0	0	White, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Shaefer, 3b	2	0	1	3	0	White, lf	0	2	2	0	0
Lundgren, p	0	1	0	2	0	Hulswitt, ss	0	0	0	6	1
						Fraser, p	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	11	10	27	16	1	Totals	1	5	27	15	5

Chicago	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	2	3	—11
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Two base hits—Jones, Chance, Tinker. Three base hit—White. Sacrifice hit—Lundgren. Stolen bases—Slagle, Chance [2], Kling, Shaefer. First base on balls—Off Lundgren, 2; off Fraser, 7. Struck out—By Lundgren, 3; by Fraser, 4. Passed ball—Jacklitsch. Time—1:55. Umpire—O'Day.

CINCINNATI BEATS BROOKLYN.

"Reds" Take a Close Game from Hanlon's Men by a Score of Five to Four.

Brooklyn, Aug. 5.—Cincinnati and Brooklyn played a close game today, and the final score was 5 to 4 in favor of Cincinnati. There was free batting on both sides in the fifth inning, when each secured two runs. Another rooted prospects for Brooklyn in the latter half of the ninth by being caught napping off first with the best batters of the team following him. Score:

Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E	Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E
Kelley, lf	0	1	2	0	0	Sheckard, lf	0	3	2	0	1
Beckley, 1b	0	2	12	0	0	Keeler, rf	0	1	2	0	0
Crawford, rf	1	1	3	0	0	Dolan, cf	0	1	5	0	0
Seymour, cf	1	1	0	0	0	Dahlen, ss	0	1	3	4	0
Peitz, c	1	0	7	0	0	Jones, 2b	0	0	3	3	0
Corcoran, ss	0	0	3	0	0	M'Creery, 1b	1	1	9	0	0
Steinfeldt, 3b	1	2	2	0	0	Irwin, 3b	0	0	2	2	0
Hahn, p	1	2	2	3	0	Flood, p	0	0	0	2	0
Bergen, c	0	1	4	3	0	Kitson, p	1	1	2	0	0
Totals	5	10	27	13	1	Totals	4	12	27	9	1

Cincinnati	0	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	—5
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	—4

Two base hits—Kelley, Crawford, Hahn, Sheckard, Keeler. Three base hit—Kitson. Stolen base—Dolan. Sacrifice hit—Hahn. First base on balls—By Hahn, 1. Struck out—By Kitson, 2; by Hahn, 2. Passed ball—Bergen. Time—1:46. Umpire—Lynch. Attendance—2,000.

Pittsburg, 3; New York, 0.

New York, Aug. 5.—Matthewson pitched a losing game against Pittsburg at the Polo grounds today, while Taneehill held New York to two hits. Pittsburg got seven hits off Matthewson and made three runs. Leach was put out of the game by Umpire Emslie for protesting a decision. Score:

Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E	New York.	R	B	P	A	E
Clarke, lf	0	0	3	0	0	Brown, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Beaum't, cf	0	0	3	0	0	McGraw, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Burke, 3b	0	0	0	2	0	Bresna'n, c	0	1	12	2	0
Wagner, rf	2	1	4	0	0	Mercer, 1b	0	0	10	0	0
Bransf'd, 1b	1	1	10	0	0	Brodie, cf	0	0	0	0	0
Ritchey, 2b	0	1	1	2	0	Jones, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Conroy, ss	0	1	1	4	0	Lauman, 3b	0	0	0	2	0
H. Smith, c	0	0	7	1	0	G. Smith, 2b	0	0	2	3	0
Tannehi'l, p	0	0	0	2	0	Matthe'n, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	3	4	27	8	0	Totals	0	2	27	12	2

Pittsburg	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—3
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

First base on balls—Off Tannehill, 1; off Matthewson, 1. Struck out—By Tannehill, 6; by Matthewson, 11. Two base hits—Bransfield, Conroy, Wagner. Sacrifice hits—Mitchell, Wild pitch—Matthewson. Umpire—Emslie. Time—1:30. Attendance—3,700.

Boston, 5; St. Louis, 4.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 5.—Boston beat St. Louis today in a close game. A one hand stop by Greminger in the first inning was the only feature. Both pitchers were batted hard at times. Score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E
Dexter, cf	0	0	1	0	0	Bresn'n, lb	0	1	7	1	0
Tenney, 1b	0	1	10	0	0	Smoot, cf	0	2	1	0	0
Cooley, lf	1	2	0	0	0	Barclay, lf	1	1	0	0	0
Carney, c	2	2	7	1	0	Donovan, rf	1	1	2	0	0
Gr'nger, 3b	0	1	2	5	0	Farrell, 2b	0	0	0	5	1
Demont, 2b	0	0	3	4	2	Kruger, ss	1	2	3	1	0
Dolan, p	0	0	0	3	0	Harbridge, c	0	0	5	1	0
Kittredge, c	0	0	6	0	1	Ryan, c	0	0	6	1	0
Willis, p	0	0	1	0	1	Pearson, p	0	1	0	3	1
Totals	5	8	27	12	4	Totals	4	7	24	11	2

Boston	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	*—5
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0—4

Two base hits—Tenney, Carney. Stolen bases—Smoot, Barclay [2]. Sacrifice hits—Dolan, Bases on balls—Off Willis, 2. Struckout—By Willis, 5; by Pearson, 5. Time—2 hours. Umpire—Brown. Attendance—1,833.

LOCKS GATE AGAINST ST. VRAIN.

New Orleans Manager Refuses to Admit Former Colt Pitcher, Now with Memphis—Claims Forfeit.

New Orleans, La., Aug. 5.—Monday's farce was repeated today at Athletic park and there was no game between New Orleans and Memphis. Although it was generally anticipated that Manager Powell would not recede from his position, Manager Frank again took his team out to the ball park. Admission was refused to St. Vrain, Evans, and Babb of the Memphis team and to Ed Cline, the league umpire. Umpire Chabot, whom Mr. Powell had selected yesterday in place of the regular official, declared the game forfeited to New Orleans. Manager Powell exhibited a telegram singned Little Rock ball club, and saying "Congratulations upon your firm methods. We will stand by you."

Williams to Play with 'Frisco Team.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Arthur Williams of the Chicago team has signed to play with the 'Frisco team through President Hart.

Says English Play Better Polo.

New York, Aug. 5.—Foxhall P. Keene, who was captain of the American polo team in the recent international match at Hurlingham, England, arrived home today on the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. Speaking of the contests, Mr. Keene said the Americans were beaten because they were inferior players, and not because the English had better horses, as had been stated by other American players. The secret of the Englishmen's success, he said, was their combination play.

Kenwood Club May Have to Move.

The Kenwood Country club, with its fine tennis courts at Forty-seventh street and Ellis avenue, may soon have to find a new home. Two brand new signs announcing that the grounds are for sale have been placed on the premises. J. P. Gardner, one of the directors of the club, said last night: "The matter has not been brought up officially by the club. The grounds are for sale, but until they are sold we shall remain. We may be here for five years yet."

McCHESNEY NOT IN THE MONEY.

Ante-Post Derby Choice Appears for the First Time Since June 18.

FOURTH IN FAIR FIELD.

Albert Enright at 75 to 1 Earns Brackets—Racing Poor and Class Lacking.

Albert Enright's win of the fourth race after being backed down from 100 to 1 to 75 to 1 and the defeat of McChesney in the third race were the features of the ordinary afternoon's sport at Harlem yesterday.

The club's offerings were mediocre, and class in the majority of events was conspicuous by its absence. Interest, of course, was centered in the third race, and that simply because McChesney, one of the ante-post fav

GERMANY STRIKES AT PACKERS ANEW

More Restrictions Put on the Importation of American Products.

LAW A BLOW TO TRADE.

Ambassador White Sends Details of the Statute Recently Enacted.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.

Germany Aims New Blow at Packers.

Packing interests and others engaged in the meat industry will be interested in information relating to the exclusion from Germany of fresh meats just received here. Ambassador White at Berlin advises the department of state that the new law goes into effect next April, except that clause which relates to doing away with the second examination of meat once officially inspected. This paragraph becomes effective on Oct. 1, 1904. Under the new regulations the ambassador says:

"It is prohibited to import into Germany meat in hermetically sealed boxes and similar vessels, as well as sausages and other mixtures of chopped meats; dog meat; also prepared meat of horses, asses, mules, and other solipeds; meats which has been treated with one of the following substances or with a preparation containing such: Boracic acid and its salts, formaldehyde, hydroxides and carbonates of alkalis, sulphurous acid and its salts, hyposulphurous salts, fluorhydrogen and its salts, salicylic acid and its salts, chloride salts, and coloring substances of whatever nature.

"The latter, however, may be employed for coloring coverings, if not otherwise prohibited. Fresh meat may be imported into Germany in whole carcasses only, which if of cattle (calves excepted) or hogs, may be in halves. Calves must not weigh more than 165 pounds. With the carcasses, the pleura, peritoneum, lungs, heart, kidneys, and the udder and lymphatic glands, if of cows, must be naturally connected. Carcasses divided into halves must be packed together, and must be so marked and numbered that it becomes at once apparent that the halves belong together."

Many Restrictions Are Put on Trade.

"With cattle, calves excepted, the head or the lower jaw and the masticating muscles must be connected with the carcasses in the natural state," says Ambassador White; "with hogs, the head with the tongue and the head of the windpipe, the brain and the eyes, may be missing. With cattle the head may be separated from the carcass, provided the head and the carcass are so marked or numbered that it is at once apparent that they belong together. With carcasses of horses, asses, mules, and other solipeds, the head, the upper part of the windpipe, and the windpipe, as well as the whole skin, must be connected in at least one place in its natural state, in addition to the pleura, peritoneum, lungs, heart, and kidneys.

"Pickled and salted meats, with the exception of ham, bacon, and intestines, may be imported only if the weight of the separate pieces is not less than 8.8 pounds. Smoked meat, which has been subjected to a pickling process, is to be treated as pickled meat. Meat which has been lawfully inspected in Germany and has been exported is not subject to an official examination if reimported.

"The immediate transportation in transit under a customs escort or in bond is not to be considered as importation under the law; such meat in transit is not subject to the provision of the law, but it must not remain longer in Germany than is necessary. If meats are stored in a customs warehouse they are not to be considered as for immediate transportation."

Writ Forcing Hay to Press German Claim Denied.

Justice Hagner of the District Supreme court today declined to issue a writ of mandamus against Secretary Hay compelling him to institute proceedings against the German empire on behalf of Ferdinand Holzendorf, a naturalized American citizen of German birth, to recover $500,000 claimed as damage for false imprisonment. Mr. Holzendorf explained that on May 11, 1898, while bearing a passport from the state department of the United States government, he was arrested at Berlin and imprisoned in an asylum for the insane at Daldorf, and there detained until July 8, 1899.

On the date last mentioned he said he was declared by the highest court of Berlin to be of sound mind, and further that such was his condition since he returned to Germany. The petitioner declared that the state department ignored this circumstance and based its non-action on irrelevant matters and things which occurred twenty years prior to his becoming an American citizen. He further said that he has never been lax or remiss in prosecuting his grievances against the German government, and that the United States government took no action in the matter.

When the petition was presented to Justice Hagner he declined to issue a rule requiring the secretary of state to show cause why the writ of mandamus should not issue. Mr. R. S. Tharin, counsel for the petitioner, states that he wished the proceedings to be instituted, as the petitioner is unable to bear the expense of the litigation. Justice Hagner then called the petitioner and questioned him as to his financial circumstances, and decided not to allow the proceedings to be docketed without the payment of costs.

New York Business Men Are For Roosevelt.

"Among New York business men I heard nothing but praise for President Roosevelt," said Acting Postmaster General Wynne, who returned to Washington today. "They have absolute confidence in him. His utterances and policies for trust legislation are approved by them. The action of Senator Platt in coming out for the nomination of Roosevelt has convinced the republicans of the New York state organization that there is no one else in the field so far as New York is concerned."

YE HOUSEKEEPER'S CORNER.

Old fashioned lanterns suspended from the ceiling or from an arm on the side wall grow daily in popularity for living rooms, halls, and libraries. Their mild soft light produces a beautiful effect.

Hickory cradles are most interesting pieces of bedroom furniture, having, like the old fashioned cradles, a seat for the mother at the end so that she may rock herself and the baby at the same time.

The latest oddity in summer curtains is made of thin grass cloth similar to that so much used for women's gowns last summer, with applied borders of striped muslin after the style of liberty muslin curtains.

Everything comes in sets, and the sets themselves are developing and including more and more pieces. Besides the wastepaper basket, cushion cover and work basket, covered with material alike, there are sets in blue denim, with white trimming, which include bureau covers and shoe bags.

Should you accidentally spill oil or soot on the carpet you can extract the former by covering the spot with buckwheat flour, allowing it to remain several hours without sweeping. To get rid of the soot you will need to spread thickly over the spot some coarse salt, let it remain a short time, and when swept the carpet will be clean.

When at a smart dinner party the claret is poured into beautiful bell shaped Charles II. glasses, engraved with a Stuart rose; Burgundy is poured in drawn bowl Bristol glass, showing an opaque white glass ribbon in the stem, and the bowl richly carved with grape leaves and clusters; the hock comes in Jacobite goblets, exquisitely engraved with a thistle or a rose and two buds on a single branch, supposed to be emblematic of the deposed Stuart king and the two pretenders.

ENGLISH REFORMER ASKS ROOSEVELT TO STOP CHILD LABOR IN THE UNITED STATES.

LADY FLORENCE DIXIE.

Lady Florence Dixie, who, noted as England's leading huntswoman, recently created a sensation by announcing she would never kill another living thing, and that she henceforward would do all in her power to protect birds and other animals, has addressed a letter of protest to President Roosevelt against child labor in the United States, which she declares to be "more repulsive than the negro slavery ended by the civil war." Lady Florence asks the president to use his influence toward the passage of laws prohibiting child labor.

Lady Florence is a daughter of the Marquis of Queensberry, who framed the prize ring rules. She acted as war correspondent in the Boer war of 1880. She learned to hunt in childhood, and hunted every variety of game in nearly every country on the globe. Because of her expertness with the rifle she was called "Diana." Now she is one of the most active opponents of the sport, and a few months ago secured the cooperation of Queen Alexandra in a campaign to stop the killing of birds for fashion's sake.

Palma Asks Free Entry of Cattle to Cuba.

President Palma's message to the Cuban congress recommending the free entry of cattle for breeding and a reduction in the rate of others has been transmitted to the state department by Minister Squiers. President Palma said: "So imperious is the necessity of reestablishing the raising of live stock, the most natural and certain of all the resources of this country, that the executive believes and without prejudice to the direct aid which he proposes to ask of congress for its encouragement and development, that private initiative should be stimulated by all possible means, furnishing it a way to enable it to contribute under favorable circumstances to the same end.

"To demonstrate this necessity and the incalculable benefit which providing for it would bring to the country, the following considerations are in the opinion of the executive sufficient: Of the 30,000,000 acres of which the land comprising the territory of the island is composed, 16,000,000 acres are at present uncultivated and for which reason they produce nothing. They are, however, adapted to the raising of cattle, and in them at least 4,000,000 head could be splendidly cared for at the rate of eight per thirty-three and a third acres.

"Some 300,000 head being on an average the number consumed in the island in one year, when Cuba, succeeds by the restocking of its cattle farms in producing the same, their value, reasonably estimated at $30 per head, would amount to $9,000,000, a sum which would remain in the country instead of going to the foreign lands from which such cattle are now obtained, and this aside from the $2,000,000 approximate value of the jerked beef at present consumed, aside from the value of the hides, which can be estimated at $1,500,000, and aside from the amount derived from cattle which could be exported to other countries from the surplus of Cuban stock."

Points to Great Profit in Home Pasturage.

"Of the 400,000 head received throughout the island during the year," said President Palma, "200,000 should be sent to pasture before being slaughtered, according to reports from authentic sources. As lean cattle in the six months pasture which it requires to fatten should, according to the estimate of competent persons, yield a profit of at least $10, to the cattle men for the greater weight obtained it results that if these 200,000 head are brought in lean to be sent to pasture instead of coming in fattened for immediate slaughter, their fattening in this country would yield $2,000,000, which would be distributed among the cattlemen and planters; or, that is to say, by receiving them fattened the country would not enjoy this considerable profit, but it would go to increase the treasure of a few merchants and of the foreign raisers.

"However, while we are arriving at this longed for result, that is, of producing in Cuba the number of cattle required for its consumption, it becomes indispensable to enact efficacious provisions directed not alone to the reproduction of this cattle, but to causing that which is received from the exterior, in the meanwhile, to yield a profit to the country before its slaughter, instead of obtaining it solely, as today happens in the majority of cases with reference to fattened cattle.

"The executive is consequently of the opinion that the thing to do is to amend the present custom tariffs to attain the end in view as a principal means for stimulating private initiative in this matter; the customs tariffs in force today tending more to favor speculators than to protect the raising of cattle in Cuba."

Drunken Pension Clerks to Be Discharged.

Drunken clerks and dead beats will be dismissed from the pension office when well authenticated cases of intoxication causing neglect of duty and of the failure to pay honest debts are brought to the attention of Commissioner Ware. He has established an ironclad rule which will be rigidly applied to those who fall within its scope. Action by the commissioner will be final, as he will decline to reopen cases of this character upon promises of reform or on the plea of family necessities.

During the week six clerks have been dismissed and a number have resigned to escape dismissal. The first clerk discharged was granted an interview by the commissioner, who declined to reinstate the man, who acknowledged his guilt, said he merited dismissal, and made a plea for another trial, urging the distress of his family as a reason. Commissioner Ware said promises of this character had been worthless in the past, and in order to have his employes understand that drunkenness in the pension office must stop, he proposed summarily to remove all who were guilty. Heretofore pleas of this kind have been effectual, but the generosity of the officials has been abused. Now all who are guilty must suffer.

Corean Band Learns to Play National Hymn.

After ten months of hard practicing under Frank Ekert, instructor of music to the Corean government, a native band of Koreans has learned to play the national hymn of the Hermit kingdom. Horace N. Allen of Ohio, the United States minister at Seoul, deemed this accomplishment worthy enough to be incorporated in the official records of the Corean progress and he sent a report about it to the state department.

Mr. Ekert, it appears, is the composer of the Japanese national hymn, so he was no new hand at the business when he undertook to do likewise for Corea.

A copy of the words of the hymn were inclosed with Mr. Allen's report. They are in German and begin by asking "Gott" to grant many things to "Unsern Kaiser," who is not the German monarch, but the emperor of Corea. It also wishes him luck for 10,000,000 years, or, to quote the words of the hymn, "A thousand times ten thousand."

"In addition to having learned to render most creditably the Corean national hymn," says the American minister, "since June 1, 1901, the Corean band has learned to perform most clearly the national hymns of the countries represented at Seoul and many other popular airs."

OLEO BILL CONTEST ARGUED.

Chicago Attorney Claims Palm Oil Is Not a Coloring Matter, Though It Makes the Product Yellow.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—C. Y. Knight of Chicago, secretary of the National Dairying union, made an argument today before Commissioner Yerkes of the internal revenue bureau in opposition to the contention of the oleomargarine interests that although palm oil, when used in the manufacture of oleomargarine, gives to it a slightly yellow tint, the product is subject to a tax of ¼ of a cent a pound, and not 10 cents a pound, as an adulteration. The question will not be decided for some days.

WALLER TO DEFEND OFFICER.

Major Recently on Trial Himself Will Act as Counsel for Paymaster Accused of Embezzlement.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—Paymaster Penrose, who is to be tried by courtmartial at Erie, Pa., on Thursday upon several charges, the principal one of which is embezzlement, has asked the navy department to assign Maj. L. W. T. Waller of the marine corps to act as his counsel. His request will be complied with. Maj. Waller is now at the marine barracks, Norfolk.

DECLARES HE HAS FIVE WIVES.

Mrs. Alexander Josephs Accuses Her Husband, Arrested for Bigamy, of Numerous Marriages.

Morris, Ill., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—If the statements of the Chicago woman who claims to be Mrs. Alexander Josephs No. 1, are true Josephs, who was arrested in this city yesterday on the charge of bigamy, is going to bid fair to eclipse even the famous matrimonial efforts of Bates. Mrs. Josephs No. 1 says that there are four other young women whom Josephs married at various times with the view of securing pecuniary gain. Josephs has been unable so far to give bail. He stoutly denies all the charges against him.

Child Almost Killed by Brick.

Brazil, Ind., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—During a storm this morning lightning struck Frank Foster's house, almost demolishing it. Two chimneys were wrecked and a brick fell on the bed where Foster's little child was sleeping, but did not injure it.

HENDERSON SEES VICTORY

SPEAKER OF HOUSE PREDICTS BIG REPUBLICAN SWEEP.

Says All His Party Is Confident and That Some of the Democrats Are Secretly Hoping That Existing Administration Will Remain in Power—Prosperity in Evidence All Over the Country and Contentment Is the General Feeling.

New York, Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Speaker Henderson is confident the republicans will be victorious in the fall campaign. In an interview today the speaker said:

"The republicans believe they will win, and some of the Democrats hope their own party will be defeated. I believe the people are thoroughly convinced of the wisdom of republican policies, and there is a widespread feeling among all classes, regardless of political parties, that their welfare depends upon keeping the republican party in power.

"My own state, Iowa, is decidedly in favor of the thoroughly tried and approved policies of the republican party. It is a strong protection state. It is equally determined that anything that possibly can be done to curtail the dangers that lie in great combinations of capital must be vigorously and wisely treated by law.

Country Backs Up President.

"The country believes that the Philippine question is settled so far as the title and our duty are concerned, and that it only remains for this country to carry out firmly, kindly, and wisely the policies inaugurated by McKinley and President Roosevelt toward the Filipinos for their own good.

"The country is overwhelmingly for the policy advocated by the administration and passed by the house of representatives in favor of reciprocity with Cuba, and will not be willing to abandon that position until it is consummated by legislative action or treaty.

"On the subject of revision of the tariff, the republican party is now, as in the past, prepared to act whenever it can be done wisely and without seriously disturbing business. A great 'free list' will be created by the republican party when that duty is made plain.

Prosperity on Every Side.

"Prosperity is stamped on the face of every part of the country. From 1893 to 1896 it was only a question of bread and how to avoid starvation. Now it is a question of the equitable distribution of the products of labor and capital. Courage and hope are everywhere. There was never a moment when the country had greater reason to approve of the republican party than it has now, and I do not entertain a doubt that in the coming elections the people will voice their approval at the polls.

"The republicans are united, earnest, and acting upon conviction. The democrats are divided. Their giants of the past are bitterly assailed by their more modern chiefs. The latter are quarreling among themselves, while the republicans are standing shoulder to shoulder conscientiously asking what is right and determined to do it."

TWO CONCERNS GET MONEY TO BUILD FACTORY PLANTS.

S. Franklin & Co. and the Chicago Wood Finishing Company Sell Bonds Bearing 6 Per Cent.

Two building loans involving factory improvements were made matters of record yesterday. Peabody, Houghteling & Co. took an issue of $75,000 of building bonds from S. Franklin & Co. They are known as the Franklin Factory building 6 per cent first mortgage bonds. They are of the denomination of $500, mature in ten years and six months, and bear 6 per cent interest. They are secured on land fronting east on South Morgan street and west on Waller street, between Twelfth and Maxwell streets, with 100 feet frontage on Morgan street and 225 feet on Waller, both pieces having a depth of 85 feet.

The American Trust and Savings bank is trustee in a building loan of $50,000 to the Chicago Wood Finishing company, to secure an issue of $50,000 of building bonds. They are of the denomination of $500, run ten years, and bear 6 per cent interest. The loan is secured on 75x125 feet of ground in Sloan street, 119 feet west of Elston avenue, north front, and 100x142 feet in Elston avenue, 41 feet south of Sloan street.

Another extensive building improvement was foreshadowed by a permit granted to the United States Express company for the erection of a one story stable and warehouse at 60-62-64 West Congress street, to cost $250,000. It will be of mill construction, three stories high, and will have ground dimensions of 119x210 feet.

The Grand Crossing Tack company took out a permit for the erection of a large furnace building at One Hundred and Eighteenth street and the Calumet river, to cost $50,000. It will be one story high and will have ground dimensions of 100x180 feet.

The Polish church has executed a trust deed to H. A. Haugen on 75x113 feet at the northwest corner of Ashland avenue and Twentieth street, to secure a building loan of $17,500, running five years at 5 per cent.

The three story building in Grand boulevard, 25 feet south of Fortieth street, with ground dimensions of 50x150 feet, has been sold by Charlotte M. Harford to Daniel Duffin for $50,000, subject to an incumbrance of $29,000.

LOOK AT MILWAUKEE SITES.

Members of the Naval Board Inspect Proposed Locations for Training School.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—The naval board of which Rear Admiral Taylor is the head left at 8 o'clock tonight for Duluth, after spending all day inspecting local sites. The board went to South Milwaukee in a special car, where it was met by a citizens' committee and shown the two sites proposed. Later the officers were driven in carriages to Fox point, north of the city, and shown the site at that place. The latter site seemed to impress the board most.

Andrews' Trial Near Close.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 5.—The defense in the trial of F. C. Andrews for the alleged wrecking of the City Savings bank has about concluded its case. Andrews will probably be the last witness tomorrow and the case will go to the jury late this week.

REPUBLICANS TO BUILD UP PARTY.

County Executive Committee Seeks 100,000 More Votes in Chicago.

CLOSE CANVASS PLANNED.

Presidents of Ward and Precinct Clubs Receive Their Instructions.

An increase of 100,000 in the voting strength of the republican organization in Chicago is what the county executive committee has set out to obtain. The work of getting that number of new members into the precinct clubs will be commenced next Monday.

At its meeting yesterday the committee decided to call in the executive body of each ward organization and give it such instructions as may be deemed necessary to successfully carry on the work. According to William Lorimer the club membership now numbers about 60,000.

A call was issued for a meeting Friday afternoon of the full county central committee to discuss this question of bringing republican voters into the precinct clubs and to devise the best means of doing it. The second Tuesday in October will be what is known as "roster day," when the new enrollment takes place.

Plan to Build Up Machine.

Beginning on next Monday with the First ward, and continuing until each of the thirty-five wards has been covered, the executive committee will have the presidents of the ward and precinct clubs before it to receive the instructions with reference to their part of the work. While the plans were not made public, it is understood that they provide for the most stupendous movement in the building up of a political machine any party has ever attempted. Every citizen will have the opportunity, it is claimed, of making himself as prominent as he pleases in running the machine. That no one shall have a chance hereafter to complain of the importance as a duty to his party of joining the regular organization will be urged upon every voter known to be a republican.

The several precinct club presidents will be directed to appoint captains whose duty it will be to canvass every voter in the precinct and extend him a personal invitation to join the club. The block system will be followed in making these canvasses.

Discuss Campaign Fund Question.

The finance committee of the republican state committee attended the meeting, hoping to arrange some scheme for collecting campaign funds. The county executive body delegated Mr. Conway, Mr. Judah, and Mr. Wilk to take the matter up with the state committee next Tuesday. The latter met at state headquarters and discussed the situation with a view to agreeing upon a schedule of assessments for the several county committees, as well as the candidates, and certain individuals who can always be relied on to contribute. No estimate has been prepared as yet of the amount of money that will be needed to defray the expenses of this campaign.

BARRETT WANTS SALARY ONLY.

Democratic Candidate for Sheriff Pledges Himself to Take Nothing but Compensation Allowed by Law.

Thomas E. Barrett, democratic candidate for sheriff, put himself on record yesterday with reference to the question of compensation. In a communication addressed to "the democratic campaign committee and the voters of Cook county," Mr. Barrett says:

"I hereby pledge my sacred honor that if elected to the office of sheriff at the coming November election I will not take or receive any perquisites or compensation other than the salary allowed by law, and that I will not charge or receive from the county for the board of prisoners in the county jail any more than the actual cost and expense thereof, whether I be paid therefor by appropriation or contract, and that in my semi-annual reports as sheriff to the county board, I will report such actual cost and expense under my own oath."

The campaign committee will meet today and take any action that may be thought advisable on this pledge. It is expected that Chairman Doyle will also give the list of subcommittees on finance, organization, naturalization, halls, and speakers.

MAY ESCAPE CAMPAIGN LEVY.

Republican Committeemen Oppose Assessment of State Employes Drawing Less than $100 a Month.

In the event that certain members of the present republican state committee have their way, there will be no assessment for campaign purposes this year of state employés drawing less than $100 a month. The matter was discussed at yesterday's meeting of the finance committee, and decided opposition was aroused against making the small wage earners contribute.

It was suggested that the office holders drawing big salaries and the state committeemen should be called upon to contribute a little more than they have in former years.

Ex-State Senator Homer Aspinwall, who will have charge of the organization work, stated that the first canvass is going along satisfactorily. The reports he gets are to the effect that the greatest difficulty of the campaign will be to get the voter out on election day.

Two Months of Matrimony Enough.

A divorce in less than two months after she was married is asked by Mrs. Ettie Roth, 181 Barber street, in a bill filed in the Circuit court yesterday against her husband, Samuel Roth. The couple were married June 27 last by Justice Murphy, and immediately after the ceremony Roth, it is charged, told his wife that he had no money or employment and that she should go to work. He refused to support her, she says, and abused her on numerous occasions.

THE HUB
HENRY C. LYTTON, Pres.

Great Clearance Sale of

Outing Suits.

These suits must not in any way be confounded with ordinary garments offered in basement bargain sales, as every suit in our stock was carefully tailored for us by the very best wholesale tailor in the country, whose name appears on each garment. New fall goods are beginning to arrive and we must clear away all summer stocks at once without regard to cost or value, hence the decisive reductions.

Your choice of thousands of fine flannel and homespun outing suits that have been selling all season for $10, $12 and $15.. dark and light shades..all styles and patterns..suits all sew'd with silk..trous'rs made with side straps.. clearance price **$5**

Our Great Semi-Annual Sale of Trousers

will continue all this week..all $8 and $10 trousers now $5..the finest quality of outing trousers, $5 and $6 values, now $2.85..all regular lines of $5 and $6 trousers now $3.35 ..all $3 and $3.50 trousers now $1.75.

PLAN PRESIDENT'S TOUR.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR BOSTON VISIT ARE ANNOUNCED.

Senators Lodge and Hoar Notified That Roosevelt Will Be in That City Aug. 25—From There He Will Go to Newport and Points in Maine and New Hampshire—Public Receptions Are Not Desired by the President on His Journey.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Secretary Cortelyou has telegraphed to Senator Lodge and Senator Hoar that the president will reach Boston on Saturday, Aug. 23, and will go at once to Nahant, where he will pass Sunday with Senator Lodge. The next morning the president will go to Newport, making ten minute stops at Taunton and Fall River. He will return from Newport the same day, reaching Boston about 8 o'clock, where he will be received by the governor, the mayor, and the Boston congressmen.

Tuesday morning he will go to New Hampshire, making ten minute stops at Lowell, South Lawrence, and Haverhill.

After a week in Maine and New Hampshire he will return to Massachusetts on Monday, Sept. 1, visiting Northfield late that afternoon and other points, and ending either at Dalton, where it is hoped he may go to pass the night with Gov. Crane, or at New Haven.

Arrange Details of Receptions.

Gov. Crane, Secretary Moody, and Senator Lodge conferred with such members of the congressional delegation as could be reached today and it was agreed that the congressmen in each district should take charge of the president's visit at every place where he stops in the respective districts.

The arrangements in Boston for Monday, the 25th, will be in charge of the governor, the mayor of the city, and the congressmen representing the Boston district.

Theodore Jr. Seeks Snipe.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—No visitors came to see the president today before his departure on the Sylph for Gardiner's bay, where he will witness the target practice of the crew of the naval yacht Mayflower. Theodore Jr. had a most pressing demand to make of the president. Young Theodore is an enthusiastic follower of all outdoor sports open to youngsters of his years. It is a family rule that no bird or animal that lives on the place shall be molested by any member of the family. But yesterday Theodore went far out on the point, where it runs out into the bay between Cold Spring harbor and Oyster Bay, and shot three snipe.

He came back overflowing with the ambition to kill enough snipe to fill the needs of the family table for at least one meal and obtained permission to go out with his two cousins and be out on the beach all night.

No word came to the village today as to the result of the expedition, but no one doubts that Mr. Roosevelt's leisure has been fully occupied with a minute account of the adventure.

ALLEGED BABY FARMER MAKES SOME ADMISSIONS.

Tells Inspector Campbell She Adopted Six Children—Has Three Lots in Calvary Cemetery.

Sweatbox methods proved too much for Mrs. Nellie Campbell, proprietress of the alleged baby farm in Grand avenue. Yesterday morning in the West Chicago avenue police court she faced a charge of murder, and the case was continued for ten days to allow the police more time to investigate. After two hours of questioning by the inspector she weakened and said that she obtained several of the children that died in her home from women doctors throughout the city. She denied, however, that she ever received any pay for adopting the children and ascribed their possession to her natural love for children.

She said that she had taken six children into her home from women doctors, and that four that had been born to her increased the loss of life under her roof. She did not, however, tell why she had three separate lots in Calvary cemetery, and for this reason it is probable that the graves there will be opened.

Mrs. Campbell said that she had obtained from women doctors the following children:

Four years ago, a baby from Mrs. Baker, 595 West Monroe street.

Three years ago, a child from Mrs. Kerster, 50 May street.

Dec. 8, 1900, a baby from Mrs. Dr. Swarts, 297 West Adams street.

Aug. 28, 1901, twins from Mrs. Hadrick, 707 Carroll avenue.

Last month a child from Mrs. Detrick of the north side.

When told that a post mortem examination of the child that died recently showed the skull to be fractured Mrs. Campbell was not surprised. She declared that the baby had held its head in a peculiar position from the day she got it. She professes ignorance of the injury.

August Excursions
via
ROCK ISLAND SYSTEM

$25 COLORADO AND RETURN August 1-14

$35 SALT LAKE CITY and OGDEN and RETURN August 1-14

$50 CALIFORNIA and RETURN August 2-10

Choice of routes to California. Through Sleepers via Colorado, Salt Lake City and SCENIC LINE

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EL PASO SHORT LINE

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TO COLORADO SPRINGS and MANITOU. Popular Line to Denver.

Rocky Mountain Limited
ONE NIGHT OUT TO COLORADO.
Leaves Chicago Daily 5.45 p. m.

BEST DINING CAR SERVICE
Breakfast and Supper a-la-carte
Luncheon 50 Cents.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
91 ADAMS STREET, COR. DEARBORN

That Furrowed Brow

is often caused by pinching eye glasses. All glasses don't pinch. If yours do it's the Optician's fault. There's a difference in Noses, there's a difference in Clips. The "ALMER COE" Clip is a new Clip. It's a Clip that clips and doesn't pinch. It's different from others and it's better than yours. Nothing extra on new glasses, fitted to your old ones at a nominal cost—nickel, 50 cents; gold, $1.00.

Almer Coe, Optician,
74 State-st. Opposite Field's New Building.

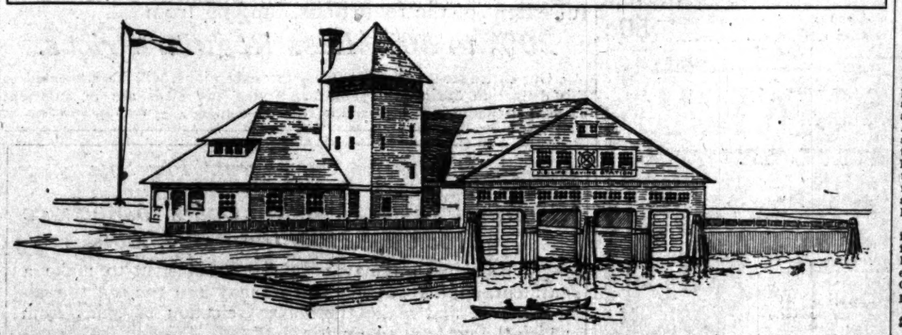
if you want a shirt that fits, and is fit to wear—full dress, business, outing shirt—find our name in it.

Your furnisher has them for sale.

Cluett, Peabody & Co.

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Baths, Wigs, Scalp Treatment. E. BURNHAM, 70 and 72 State-st

NEW HOUSE FOR CHICAGO LIFE SAVING STATION.



After a service of more than a score of years, the old life saving station at the mouth of the Chicago river is being replaced with a new house, which is planned to be one of the best of its kind in the world. Work on the foundation is now under way, and it is planned to have it ready for occupancy by the opening of navigation next spring. The old station has long been regarded as entirely unfit for use. Unlike nearly all the existing stations, the new structure is to be built, at a considerable distance from shore, within the "L" of the south breakwater at the mouth of the river. The new station will be completely cut off from shore, and a ferry service will be maintained for the convenience of the men and the visitors to the station. The site is about an eighth of a mile directly east of the present location. It will give the lookout men in the signal tower a chance to watch the entire area of the yacht harbor and the north shore as well. The building will contain accommodation for four boats of various sizes up to thirty-five feet in length and a complete and comfortable house for the keeper and a crew of eight men. The boathouse will be two and one-half stories high, containing on the second floor one large room and eight small rooms for the crew. Adjoining the boathouse will be an office, a kitchen, and a large messroom on the first floor, and three chambers on the second floor. With the opening of the new station, it is planned to connect all of the stations in Chicago by telephone service. By this means the crews at Evanston, Chicago river, Jackson park, and South Chicago will be in close touch with each other in case assistance is required.

BOARD OF TRADE OUSTS OBJECTORS

Suspends Waite and Thorburn for Not Paying Oats Corner Claims.

WILL NOT GRANT DELAY.

Statement Is Issued by Defendant Promising a Fight to a Finish.

Charles Waite and Robert H. Thorburn, composing the firm of Waite, Thorburn & Co., were yesterday suspended indefinitely from membership in the board of trade. The cause was charges of uncommercial conduct preferred by Harris, Gates & Co., based on a claim of $36,000 alleged to be due the latter firm as a result of the corner in July oats.

The case came before the directors at the regular weekly session. Mr. Thorburn, with H. C. Avery as his attorney, was before the directors a few minutes, but he did not remain long after announcing that he was not ready to proceed and would not be as long as his other cases were pending in court.

Hearing Quickly Ended.

This practical refusal on the part of Waite-Thorburn to go to trial before the directors did not affect the Harris-Gates end of it. This firm was represented by S. C. Scotten and Rudolph des Jardins. The former presented the case, made a formal claim on Waite, Thorburn & Co. for $36,000, and asked for the suspenston of the members of the firm until such time as the claim was settled.

The entire proceedings did not consume much more than half an hour, which would indicate little of a fight in the directory over the proposition to suspend.

Statement by Mr. Thorburn.

Informed of the action of the directors, Mr. Thorburn made the following statement:

"The action of the directors in suspending Mr. Waite and myself indefinitely causes us no surprise. It has been evident to us for some days past that there has been a bitter feeling against us on the board generally, in consequence of our action in going into the courts to test the legality of the corner in July oats.

"We dispute the claim of Harris, Gates & Co., on which we were suspended, but, owing to the pressure of matters in connection with the litigation we are engaged in, it was impossible for us to put in our defense this afternoon. We asked for a week's postponement, which is something that in the past the directors almost invariably have granted. In the present instance, however, they seem determined to embrace this opportunity of getting action against us and insisted on the case proceeding. As we were not ready with our defense we retired after making protest.

Hopes to Make an End of Corners.

"This action by the directors today will make no difference in our fight in the courts to prove the illegality of corners, which fight we intend to go on with. We believe the result of our action will be that there will never be another corner attempted on 'change in Chicago, as it will be found that according to the law of this state such conspiracies are illegal and criminal, and those attempting them unable to collect damages except such as are actually incurred, and on a basis of the legitimate value of the property.

"We are not alone in this fight, as has been generally supposed. Yesterday and today two other firms have come out on our side and procured injunctions, and there are others who have been hesitating who may do so now. We have the moral support of the majority of the firms engaged in the cash grain business on 'change here and in New York, Baltimore, and other eastern cities, as well as the country grain dealers throughout the west, who have been so fearfully victimized by the recent July corners in corn and oats.

"These corners have been vicious holdups, just as criminal in their intention and effects as are attempted on street corners. The common law and the statutes of the state are clearly prohibitive of such holdups, and we propose to find out whether or not the law can be enforced against such practices."

Must Pay to Be Reinstated.

The process of reinstatement, should Mr. Thorburn desire to return to the board of trade, involves paying all claims against him and being "posted" fifteen days under the rules.

Mr. Waite is a Brooklyn man. The firm has been in existence between three and four years, though Mr. Thorburn has been identified with the cash grain trade since 1884.

Lynden Evans, attorney for the suspended men, said that so far as Mr. Waite was concerned the action of the directors was an especial injustice, inasmuch as Mr. Waite had been out of town and personally knew nothing of the matter.

Margins "Indorsed Down."

Margins up on July oats trade were "indorsed down" in several cases not covered by the first or second batches of injunctions. Applications for such indorsements were made by W. G. Press & Co., Duncan Pacaud, L. H. Vance, and W. A. Frazier. The president appointed a special committee consisting of Chandler, Snydacker, and Bunnell to hear the evidence, and in the cases of Press, Vance, and Frazier the margins were released. The amounts involved ranged from $1,200 to $2,100.

Asked why these names did not appear in some of the injunctions Mr. Thorburn explained that they were small cases, few representing over 5,000 bushels, and their incorporation in the original list would have delayed the proceedings.

James Kidston also presented a case against Waite-Thorburn, but it was not considered by the directors because it is already under consideration by the courts.

New injunctions were taken out, tying up margins pu up by D. Pacaud and E. A. Beach.

CITY ORDINANCES APPLY TO ALL

Judge Tuley Declares Council's Practice of Making Special Exceptions to Be Illegal.

Judge Tuley decided yesterday that the passage of a resolution by the city council, with the approval of the mayor, does not legalize violations of the building ordinances or any other law. The decision was given in the case of John and Kathern Fix against Joseph Fakan seeking to restrain the defendant from conducting a livery business at 661 South May street.

Violations of the building ordinance by Fakan were sanctioned by the city council, but Judge Tuley held that special exemptions of this character could not be granted. The decision may have an important effect on a large volume of city council business which consists of exemptions granted at the request of aldermen.

"I have long held," said Judge Tuley in his decision, "that a resolution of the board of aldermen, which has the effect to amend or make an exception from the operation of an ordinance, unless it is presented to the mayor for his approval, is a nullity.

"But, independent of the regularity of its passage, it was beyond the power of the city council, with the mayor's approval, to give the complainant a right to build in a manner different from that prescribed by the general building ordinance. The power to pass a building ordinance is the exercise by the city of a power delegated to it by the state. It is beyond the power of the state to delegate to a city any power which it could not itself exercise. The policy of the state, as shown by the constitutional limitations, is opposed to special legislations."

E. W. GROVE.

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day. 25 cents.

BIG BOAT SENT TO BOTTOM

STEAMER CITY OF VENICE IS CUT DOWN IN COLLISION.

Quickly Sinks, Carrying Three Members of Crew to Death—The Seguin, Responsible for Accident, Crashes Into the Other Vessel, Almost Dividing It—Passengers Rush to Deck in Wild Panic—64 Persons Rescued from Starvation in Schooner.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Aroused from their slumbers by the crashing of timbers, and thrown from their bunks by the careening of the vessel, twenty-five passengers and members of the crew of the steamer City of Venice rushed wildly to the deck at midnight last night to find the boat almost cut in half and fast being dragged to the bottom by the weight of the 3,000 tons of iron ore it carried. A few feet to one side loomed the steel prow of the steamer Seguin, which, in backing off from the vessel, left a huge hole through which the water was pouring.

Capt. Broderick rushing from his stateroom in his night robe, rallied the panic stricken crew, and in five minutes the lifeboats touched the water. Quickly as the work was done, it did not prevent some of the passengers and crew from leaping into the water, whence all but three, who were caught in the swirling eddies as the ship sank, stern foremost, a few minutes later, were rescued.

The Drowned.

FLANNIGAN, THOMAS, deckhand, of Buffalo.
SIMONDSON, PETER, fireman, Brooklyn.
WEIR, GEORGE, watchman, residence unknown.

The Injured.

Hubecker, Louis, Cheboygan, Mich.; head and back badly bruised.
McDougal, J. A., Cheboygan, Mich., chief engineer; arm injured and body badly bruised.
Sullivan, John, Chicago, first mate; contusion of back and internal injuries; probably will die.

The collision occurred off Hondeau, Canada, and the City of Venice went down in water more than 100 feet deep. The cause of the accident is unknown, as lights were burning brightly on both vessels at the time. There was no fog.

Officer Refuses to Talk.

The second mate of the Seguin, W. A. Lavigne, who was on watch, refuses absolutely to give any information in regard to the way the accident happened.

"The less said about it the better," was the only statement he would make.

The City of Venice was bound to Buffalo, while the Seguin was going north to Perry sound from Ogdensburg. On board the Seguin all were asleep save the second mate, Lavigne, and the watchman, who was with him in the pilot house. The first mate of the Venice Sullivan, was on watch aboard the boat that went down.

The first that was known that anything had happened was a terrible crash which brought both boats almost to a standstill. The Seguin had struck the Venice fairly amidships and plowed its way half through the boat.

Other Vessel Aids in Rescue.

Many of those who jumped overboard were picked up by the lifeboats from the Seguin. After standing by for an hour the Seguin headed for Cleveland with the survivors, arriving early today.

Injured Mate Makes Statement.

First Mate Sullivan of the City of Venice, who is lying in a critical condition at the Marine hospital, rallied slightly this afternoon and made a statement.

"I was on the night watch," he said. "It was something after midnight when I first saw another boat ahead. It was still some distance away, but I blew the whistle to signal the boat. It did not answer. Our lights were burning and there was no fog, so I don't see how they could have helped seeing our vessel. When the boat was considerably closer I whistled again, but still there was no answer. I was then frightened and signaled still another time. I saw that we were not seen; at least there was no attention paid to our signals, and the boat was bearing directly down upon us.

Attempt to Escape Is Vain.

"I then attempted to get out of the way and veered the ship diagonally, hoping to escape with a slight rub. The Seguin was nearer than I supposed, however, and going at a fast rate. Suddenly the bow loomed up high above us and there was a sickening crash, and then for a moment I scarcely realized what had happened. I was thrown from my feet by the jar and the pilot house was crushed and piled on top of me."

Many Are Rescued at Sea.

New York, Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Sixty-four persons were rescued from a slow death from starvation and thirst by the Italian steamer Sardegna, which arrived today with the American schooner Notice in tow. The little vessel had been found drifting helplessly at sea. Its captain had committed suicide and the crew and passengers were beginning to suffer for food and water.

The schooner's mate John F. Pina, said that the Notice sailed from Brava, Cape Verde islands, for Providence, R. I., on June 27 with sixty-five persons on board. Of the sixty-five eleven were women. The schooner had no cargo and its hold had been fitted up to accommodate the passengers.

On July 21 a squall struck the little schooner and disabled it. The vessel drifted with the gulf stream. A spar was rigged for a jury rudder, but the little craft, having no spare canvas for headsails, did not steer well. Worry over the accident caused the captain to leap overboard and be drowned.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

Our Ladies' Tailoring Section

Is now prepared to receive orders for Fall Suits and will make, only for a limited time,

Tailored Suits at Special Prices.

Some new models are now being shown, together with a pleasing variety of new and exclusive cloths.

Eighth Floor South Room.

Kimono Wrappers and Dressing Sacques

In these cool, summer comforts, besides the great varieties of the plainer, more simply designed garments, we have successfully endeavored to excel in the origination of exquisitely fashioned, exclusive new ideas—styles with a charming touch of the picturesque about them, which will harmonize with the most refined appreciation of the novel. Fourth Floor Middle Room.

One of the most fascinating styles in Kimonos is of Japanese crepe with border of China silk, $4.50.

A number of attractive new styles in Wool Challis Kimonos have just been received, $4.75.

Many new styles of merit are shown in French Flannel Kimonos, faced with silk, $6.95.

A neatly designed style in White Lawn Dressing Sacques, trimmed with embroidery, $2.25.

Dressing Sacques of corded lawn, in pink and blue, trimmed with lace, special 85c.

Extensive Reductions in Women's Bathing Suits.

The opportunities at present prevailing throughout our entire stock of Bathing Suits and accessories will be found deserving of more than the usual notice—the styles are such as will be seen nowhere else, the materials have been remarkably well chosen, and the prices have been brought to a point very close to their original cost.

As an instance of the values, we mention Blue or Black Alpaca Bathing Suits trimmed with white braid and with skirt cut with a dip, $3.25.

In other lines the range of the reduced prices is from $2.25 upwards.

Fourth Floor North Room.

Special Sale of Toilet Soaps and Face Powders.

Very special prices have been made on the following three items for this event:

4,800 Boxes of
Kirk's Juvenile Toilet Soap,
Box of three large size cakes, 25c.
Shandon Bells Toilet Soap,
Box of three cakes, 15c.
Pozzoni's Medicated Face Powder,
in flesh, white and brunette, box, 25c.

On sale on the First Floor North Room and in Annex Basement.

The great interest and the opportunities in our

Great Semi-Annual Sale of High-Grade Shoes

for men, women and children are now at their height. The great numbers of customers who have visited the sections so far have been quick to realize the wonderful extent of the reductions, ranging from

20% to 50% Less Regular Prices.

Our entire stocks, with but very few exceptions, will be subjected to this deduction during this month. Styles and sizes are in sufficient variety satisfactorily to meet almost every demand. First Floor North Room.

A Feature of Our August Fur Sale.

Genuine Alaska Sealskin Coats to Measure $165.00, $210.00 and $245.00.

The skins are matched in sets sufficient to make a garment, so that the customers may see the exact quality offered and make their own selection of skins from which the coats will be made.

These garments will be made in our own workroom

from new models in several of the approaching season's standard styles, which have already been decided upon. We guarantee a perfect fit and emphasize the fact that these prices are very much lower than we shall ask for the same grades during the regular fur season—prices which mean to the customer an actual saving of from $35 to $55 on each coat.

MANDEL BROTHER'S DAILY STORE NEWS.

Sweeping clearance women's shirt waist suits and jackets.

"Out with the old, in with the new," is our watchword in women's apparel this week, and price-cutting is the potent factor in the transformation.

We're closing out many excellent lines at far less than they cost us, to make ready for the proper showing of new fall garments.

The specimens listed below are all in first-class, well made and thoroughly stylish articles.

Pongee and satin foulard shirt waist suits—among the best suits we've carried this year—giving you an opportunity to secure neat and nobby clothing for a small price—$15 and 13.50 suits for **$8.** $8

A great clearance sale of women's jackets—all the season's best garments, handsomely made from the best cheviots, coverts and broadcloths—jackets that sold a comparatively short time ago from $10 to $20, now on sale for **3.95, $5, 7.50.** 3.95

Girls' sailor suits of fine chambray and gingham—full skirt, neatly braid trimmed—regular $3 values for **1.45.**

Basement: Lawn and dimity dresses in fancy colors, worth $10, priced to close at **2.95.**

Wonderful shoe selling.

Our great 1.65 shoe sale has never been equaled in all shoe history.

Regular $4, $5 and $6 grades—

Choice—

1.65.

Clearing foreign wash goods

Main floor, Wabash-av.

Extraordinary bargains today in fine imported wash fabrics for dresses, waists, wrappers, etc.

Dressmakers are least busy now, so this affords you a chance to come out with the new things in late summer at a small outlay.

A superior assortment of high qualities in Scotch ginghams and tissues—two of the season's most popular fabrics, at prices that represent the very narrowest margin of profit. Specially serviceable for house gowns and wrappers—values to 35c per yard—at **18c** and **12½c.** 12½c

Special lines of madras in white and colored grounds with black, white, and colored stripes, also the popular black and white combinations—very serviceable fabrics. The present prices afford immense saving—qualities that have been selling at 50c and 60c, per yard **25c** and **35c.** 25c

Immense reductions on our fine line of linen suitings that will crowd this section with eager buyers—plain and fancy mixed tan linens—blue, green, red, gray, and mixed blue and white, black and white, and two-toned Scotch tweed mixtures in all linen—all at a positive reduction of **33 per cent.**

Bathing suits.

Some delightful bathing weather lately—presumably there's more coming, so these items will be of interest.

Both the quality and the workmanship on these suits commend them to critical people.

Women's brilliantine, sicilian and silk bathing suits with handsome sailor collars—braid trimmed, at **2.25, $3, 3.75, $5** and up to **$12.**

Girls' flannel and brilliantine bathing suits—vest front and fancy collar—at **$2, 2.50** and **3.75.**

The trousers sale

Continues with plenty of vigor, for the well-dressed men of Chicago realize that it's a splendid chance to get two good pairs of trousers for the usual price of one.

Better look over your wardrobe and see if it won't be a good thing to buy a pair or two while this sale bisects prices.

All our $10 and $12 trousers now $6.
All our $5 trousers reduced to $3.
All our $6 trousers reduced to $4.
All our $5 trousers reduced to 3.50.
Basement—
All our $4 trousers reduced to 2.75.
Basement—
All our $3 trousers reduced to 1.95.
Basement—
All our $2 trousers reduced to 1.35.

Summer rugs greatly reduced to close.

It's closing out time for summer rugs and the prices we quote ought to decimate the stock in a hurry.

Several weeks still to use them this summer—then, too, fashions in these rugs don't change as often as in most other things.

Japanese rugs (washable cotton)—the celebrated rugs sold so extensively for bed rooms, bath rooms, etc.—positively the best grade made.

9x12	16.00
7.6x10.6	11.75
6x9	8.00
4x7	4.20
3x6	2.70
2.6x5	1.85
2x4	1.20
1.6x3	65c

Japanese rugs (vegetable fiber)—a grade of rugs to be found only here—handsome Japanese patterns in attractive colorings on red, green and blue grounds.

2x4	1.10
2.6x5	1.75
3x6	2.50
4x7	3.90

They are used as door rugs, hearth rugs, hall rugs, for bed rooms and offices—inexpensive but artistic rugs.

This store will close Saturdays during the month of August at 1 p. m.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

Travelers' Sample Hdkfs.

IF YOU are among the hundreds who wait each year for the Carson-Pirie Travelers' Sample Handkerchief Sale to supply your immediate and future handkerchief needs you'd better hurry down to the store before the keen judges of values have picked out the best values. Better values and more variety this year than ever before. Handkerchiefs that sell at retail as high as $1.50 each, during this sale specially priced for quick selling.

Men's, women's and children's handkerchiefs—linen hemstitched, scallop embroidery, hemstitched, embroidery initials, lace trimmed, fancy sewing; in fact everything found in the handkerchief line—

8c 10c 12½c 18c 25c 35c 50c 75c

In the basement, on the bargain square, we have placed the cheaper grades and are offering some remarkable values at 2c, 3c and 5c each.

White Shirtwaists, 90c.

AS a special inducement to close out at once a splendid line of handsomely embroidered waists that were made to sell at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 we have reduced them all to the special after inventory sure-selling, quick-clearing price of, each..... **90c**

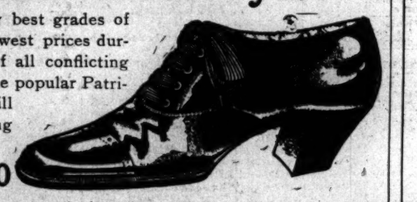
Also a splendid assortment of beautiful white waists, slightly soiled and crushed from handling—reduced to..... **75c**

Radical Price Reductions on Higher Priced White Shirt Waists.

$2.00 white waists reduced to..... **$1.00** | $2.50 white waists reduced to..... **$2.00**

$4.00 white waists reduced to..... $3.00 | $5.00 white waists reduced to..... $3.50

Important to Shoe Buyers.



YOU can buy the very best grades of shoes at the very lowest prices during our closing out sale of all conflicting lines to make room for the popular Patrician Shoes, which we will sell exclusively beginning this fall.

Women's $5 and $6 tan lace boots..... **$2.20**

Women's $5.00 and $6.00 bench-made shoes; Women's $5.00 Oxfords..... **$3.75**

Women's $3.50 and $4.00 shoes; women's fashionable colonials and Oxfords..... **$3.20**

$3.00 and $2.50 values, misses' and children's hand-made shoes, patent and other leathers—at $2.20 and..... **$1.80**

Women's $3.00 and $3.50 Oxfords and colonials; women's $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 stylish boots..... **$2.65**

$3.00 and $3.50 values, women's hand-made Oxford ties, in light and dark tans, the best values, mostly small sizes..... **$1.00**

Women's and misses' half inch and spring heel shoes, in all styles of lasts and leathers—$3 and $3.50 values, now priced at $2.20 and..... **$1.95**

Boys' and youths' French calf and tan, Russia calf, hand-made extension sole shoes, $2.50 and $3.00 values (mostly small sizes)..... **$1.00**

Misses' and children's vici kid, box or velour calf, spring heel dress or vacation shoes, all sizes and widths, button and lace, $2 and $2.50 values; also 500 pairs children's tan chrome kid button shoes, hand-made turn soles, $2.00 and $2.50 values..... **$1.00**

Girls', boys' and children's black canvas, rubber sole tennis or outing low shoes, cool and comfortable, all sizes—clearing sale price..... **50c**

ILLINOIS CENTRAL

OMAHA
Council Bluffs
Sioux City

Superb trains, double daily service, Buffet-Library-Smoking Cars and Dining, Sleeping, Parlor and Reclining Chair Cars. Send for free copy of "Pictures and Notes" describing the line to Omaha.

California—2 Routes

Personally conducted through Excursion Sleeping Cars leave Chicago for Los Angeles and San Francisco every Wednesday morning via New Orleans and the Southern Route, every Friday evening via Omaha and the Scenic Route.

To the South

Evansville, Memphis, New Orleans, Vicksburg, Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Jacksonville. Sleeping Cars, Parlor Cars, Buffet-Library-Smoking Cars, Dining Cars.

City Ticket Office, 99 Adams St. Phone Central 2705

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald, if addressed so request, by writing on their notices, and handing them in, "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

Bates, Miles.
Bergman, Lottie.
Bond, Annie.
Cohnman, Abraham.
Cox, Jacob B.
Dyer, Mrs. Caroline.
Ernst, Julius.
Fern, John P.
Fitzgerald, Mrs. Honora.
Fitzgerald, Katherine E.
Gray, Winifred May.
Hahn, Carl.
Hart, Elizabeth.
Heidenberg, John.
Hart, Diana.
Kennedy, Martin C.
Larson, James.
Lord, Thomas.
Louis, Ada L.
Lindberg, Alfred.
McCarthy, Mary.
McDonald, Catherine.
Moran, Lizzie.
Mara, Philip.
Mayo, Mrs. Caroline.
O'Donnell, James.
Pollak, Bertha.
Pittsner, Henrietta.
Smith, J. Henry.
Sullivan, Charlotte Mary.
Van Ness, Karolyn J.
Wiechers, William L.
Wootton, Emma B.
Wainwright, Charles.
Welsh, Katherine.
Westrich, Jacob.
Wiler, Aaron.

BURKE—Miss. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 3647 Archer-av., to Church of the Nativity, thence by train to Mount Olivet.

BUCKMAN—Lottie, Aug. 5, wife of George Buckman. Funeral Aug. 6 at 2:30 p. m. from 5606 Drexel-av.

CLARK—Aug. 4 at her residence, 1841 Wabash-av., Annie Clark, wife of the late Francis A. Clark of Albany, N. Y. Burial private, Albany, N. Y., papers please copy.

CONAGE—Abraham, husband of Sarah Clendage. Funeral today at 12 o'clock from 101 Arlington-st., by carriage to Waldheim.

DAY—Jacob R., Aug. 4, aged 59 years; husband of Frederika Day. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from 6 Fulton-st., to Forest Home.

EMMEL—Aug. 4, 1902, Caroline Emmel, wife of Peter Emmel and mother of Mrs. Louis H. Meyer, Mrs. C. Emmel, Carolyne Muilenbach, William Emmel, and Robert J. Emmel. Funeral from residence, 6413 Ingleside-av., Thursday, at 9 a. m., to Rosehill cemetery. Funeral private.

ERNST—Julius, husband of Emilly Ernst. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 1225 George-st.

FERGE—John P. Funeral Aug. 5 at 1 p. m. from 1529 Washington-av.

FORD—John, Aug. 4, aged 72 years. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from 900 W. Madison-st., by carriage to Forest Home.

FITZGERALD—Mrs. Honora, at Springfield, Ill.

FIRESTEIN—Katherine E., Aug. 4, aged 20 years; daughter of Nicholas and Margaret Firestein. Funeral Aug. 7 at 1:30 p. m. from 76 N. Carpenter-st., to Rosehill.

FREY—Winifred May, Aug. 3, aged 10 years; daughter of Benjamin P. and Mary Frey. Funeral today at 11 a. m. from St. Philomena's church, thence to St. Boniface.

GIERKE—Carl, Aug. 4, aged 67 years; husband of Frederika Gierke. Funeral Aug. 7 at 1 p. m. from 37 Will-st., to Waldheim.

GARRIEL—Elizabeth, aged 89 years. Funeral Aug. 6 at 1 p. m. from 1815 N. Seeley-av., by carriage to Eden.

GOLDENBERG — John Goldenberg, Monday, Aug. 4. Funeral Thursday, Aug. 7, at noon, from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. William R. Goodheart, 450 E. 55th-st.

HART—Diana, wife of the late Thomas Hart. Funeral Aug. 7 at 2 p. m. from 2908 Emerald-av., to Oakwood.

HENNESSY—Martin C. husband of Susan Hennessy. Funeral today at 10 a. m. from 332 W. Erie-st., to St. Columbkill's church, thence by carriage to Calvary.

KATOUN—James, Aug. 4, aged 54 years. Funeral today at 9:30 a. m. from 4023 Wabash-av., to St. Elizabeth's church, thence by carriage to Mount Olivet.

LAMPARTER—Barabara Lamparter, beloved mother of Emma Best, Aug. 5, at 5 p. m., at the age of 84 years 7 months. Funeral notice later.

LOYD—Thomas, Aug. 4, aged 38 years; son of Ex. Anne Loyd. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 199 W. Madison-st., to St. Malachy's church, thence by carriage to Calvary.

LOUIS, Ada L., at Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 4, aged 8 years. Kewanee and Monmouth (Ill.) papers please copy.

LINDBERG—Alfred, Aug. 4, aged 18 years. Funeral today at 1:30 p. m. from 257 Grand-av., by carriage to Rosehill.

McCARTHY—Mary, Aug. 4. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 606 Fairfield-av., to St. Agatha's church, thence by train to Calvary.

McDONALD—Catherine, Funeral today from 147 South-st. to Holy Family church, thence by train to Calvary.

MORAN—Lizzie, Aug. 5, wife of Thomas Moran. Funeral Aug. 7 at 9 a. m. from 3005 31st-st., to St. James' church, thence by carriage to Calvary.

MARA—Philip, Aug. 4. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from Alexian Brothers' hospital, by train to Calvary.

O'DESNAL—James, Aug. 4, aged 25 years. Funeral Aug. 7 at 9:30 a. m. from 79 W. 15th-st., to National cemetery.

POLLAK—Bertha, aged 54 years, beloved wife of Bernard, mother of Arthur, Victor, Albert E., William T., Nina Treichlinger, Rose, Jennie, and Belle M. Funeral Thursday from her late home, 261 N. Paulina-st., Ravenswood.

PFITZNER—Henrietta, Aug. 4, aged 78 years. Funeral today at 2:30 p. m. from 1221 Wrightwood-av., to Rosehill.

SMITH—J. Henry Smith, beloved husband of Annie Smith and father of Mrs. J. J. Barrett, Mrs. Maggie, and Ethel Smith, brother of Chas. and Lewis Brisbane. Funeral notice later, from his late residence 2907 La Salle-st.

SULLIVAN—Charlotte Mary, aged 3 months; daughter of Andrew and Mary Sullivan. Funeral today from 82 E. Superior-st., to Calvary.

VAN NESS—Aug. 4, Karolyn Josephine, daughter of the late Isaac R. and Caroline A. Van Ness. Funeral p. m. Thursday from her late home, 261 N. Paulina-st., Ravenswood.

WIECHERS—William L., Aug. 5; son of Mathew and Catherine Wiechers. Friday, at 10:30 a. m., from 4334 S. Albany-av., by train to Mount Olivet.

WOOTTON—Emma E., Aug. 5, beloved wife of Joseph Wootton. Funeral from La Salle Avenue Baptist church Thursday, Aug. 7, at 2 p. m. Please omit flowers.

WAINWRIGHT—Charles, husband of Mary Wainwright. Funeral notice later.

WELSH—Katherine, Aug. 4, at 203 Greenleaf-av. Funeral today at Hennepin, Ill.

WESTRICH—Jacob, Aug. 4, aged 67 years. Funeral Tuesday, Aug. 7, at 1:30 p. m., from Karrer's store, 666 Larrabee-st., by carriage to Graceland. Baltimore (Md.) papers kindly copy.

WILER—Aaron, 4718 Indiana-av., Aug. 3, 10:15 p. m. Funeral Wednesday, 12:30 p. m., from late residence. Friends to C., M. and St. P. depot, by train to Mount Maariv.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Batts, Laura, 36; 5648 La Salle-st., Aug. 3.
Barker, Andrew, 31; 251 Chestnut-pl., Aug. 4.
Bennett, Esther, 22; 806 W. Adams-st., Aug. 3.
Briggs, Sarah A., 71; 7235 Stewart-av., Aug. 3.
Bolin, Jos. P., 33; 22 St. Peter-pl., Aug. 3.
Bechel, Ida M., 23; 566 Hadden-av., Aug. 1.
Cuna, Arthur, 29; 4011 Drexel-blvd., Aug. 4.
Cowan, Margaret, 21; 261 S. Morgan-st., Aug. 3.
Cornet, Julius, 57; 1325 George-st., Aug. 4.
Cahalin, Tillie, 58; 7010 Seipp-av., Aug. 3.
Cahill, Benjamin P., and Mary Frey, 10; 4613 Rascher-av., Aug. 2.
Dickson, Margaret, 41; 11615 Stewart-av., Aug. 2.
Dahlin, Harriet, 73; 143 Campbell-av., Aug. 4.
Dickson, Elizabeth, 73; 4613 Rascher-av., Aug. 4.
Fraser, Catherine, 73; 208 24th-pl., Aug. 2.
Fagerald, David, 17; 2001 Farrell-st., Aug. 4.
Gast, Diana, 61; 627 29th-st., Aug. 5.
Gerber, Johanna, 53; 169 93d-st., Aug. 2.
Gehrt, Oscar, 10; 245 W. Erie-st., Aug. 5.
Gregory, Albertina, 20; 220 N. Elizabeth-st., Aug. 5.
Hanks, Weronika, 26; 166 High-st., Aug. 4.
Hok, Jak Bing, 30; 332 S. Clark-st., Aug. 4.
Hoffman, Elizabeth, 181 Throop-st., Aug. 4.
Hensley, Martin, 36; 552 W. Erie-st., Aug. 4.
Hanson, Eva, 28; 940 N. Halsted-st., Aug. 2.
Ingebretsen, Mathilda, 31; 1 Taylor-ct., Aug. 4.
Jones, Aug. 4.
Kelly, Mary, 47; 306 Grand-av., Aug. 4.
Kline, John H., 60; Fletcher and Paulina-st., Aug. 4.
Kolovitz, Mary, 28; 8010 Strand-st., Aug. 4.
Kaiser, Rudolph, 42; 602 W. 21st-st., Aug. 5.
Kennedy, Catherine, 50; 147 Shotto-st., Aug. 4.
Lyons, Ellen, 67; 150 N. Carpenter-st., Aug. 4.
Lyons, Ellen, 67; 150 N. Carpenter-st., Aug. 4.
Lyons, Ray, 33; 578 N. Robey-st., Aug. 3.
Lyons, Oscar, 26; 2006 Wabansia-av., Aug. 3.
Lyons, Bertha, 54; 4212 Calumet-av., Aug. 5.
Lyons, Frederick, 48; 116 W. Madison-st., Aug. 4.
Lyons, John, 28; 85th-st. and Buffalo-av., Aug. 4.
Lyons, Rudolph, 45; 17 Julian-st., Aug. 4.
Lyons, Margaret, 82; 42 E. 43d-st., Aug. 4.
Lyons, Frederick, 52; 628 W. Western-av., Aug. 4.
Lyons, Winifred May, 17; 24 O'Brien-st., Aug. 5.
Lyons, Maggie R., 56; 177 Ontario-st., Aug. 3.
Lyons, William, 45; 832 Troy-st., Aug. 3.
Lyons, Thomas, 76; 3066 Lyman-st., Aug. 3.
Lyons, Catherine, 70; 208 Greenleaf-av., Aug. 4.
Lyons, Joseph, 57; 6145 Wentworth-av., Aug. 4.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER.

BAD LAKE VIEW
BAD CHICAGO AVE.
GOOD 14TH ST
GOOD HYDE PARK.

Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Fourteenth street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth street, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the stockyards. The Rogers Park station supplies the district from Devon avenue north to the city limits.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT THE CHICAGO postoffice today, Aug. 6, as follows:
Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Belgium, and Cape Horn, 4:30 p. m.
Africa, 5 p. m.
Jamaica, via Boston, 12 p. m.
France and Italy, via S. S. La Bretagne, 6 p. m.
Costa Rica, 5 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1854.
C. H. JORDAN & CO.
CADY M. JORDAN,
M. AND 18 E. MADISON-ST., CHICAGO.
ALSO 1927 SHERMAN-AV., EVANSTON, ILL.
Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, EVANSTON, ILL.

WHITTIER BUFFUM (20 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan) and A. B. PERRIGO, undertakers, 2529 Wabash-av. Telephone South 963. Pallbearers furnished when desired. Elegant ambulance to all parts of city.

MONUMENTS.

CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE. Largest makers of monuments and mausoleums.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Illinois and Indiana—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, with moderate temperature, fresh northwest winds, becoming variable.

Ohio—Fair Wednesday, with cooler in south and east portions; brisk northwest winds Thursday fair.

Lower Michigan—Fair Wednesday, with cooler in southeast portion, Thursday fair, with warmer in north portion, fresh northwest winds, becoming variable.

Upper Michigan—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, warmer Thursday, fresh northwest winds, becoming variable.

Wisconsin—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, fresh northwest winds, becoming variable.

Minnesota and Iowa—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, warmer Thursday, light variable winds.

Missouri—Fair Wednesday, with cooler in south portion, Thursday fair, with rising temperature.

Place of observation.	Time taken: Aug. 5, 8 p. m.	Thermometer:	Max. temp.	Direction of wind:	Velocity of wind:	Precipitation	State of weather:
Abilene		90	94	S.E.			Clear
Albany		76	82	S.		Tr.	Fair
Alpena		66	80	N.W.		.01	Clo'dy
Atlanta		82	92	S.W.		.04	Clo'dy
Amarillo		88	94	S.E.			Fair
Battleford		74	78	N.W.			Clear
Bismarck		72	74	N.			Clear
Buffalo		84	78	S.E.		.38	Rain
Boston		74	84	E.			Clo'dy
Cairo		76	94	E.		.06	Clo'dy
Calgary		74	78	S.E.			Fair
Charlotte		76	90	S.			Clear
Cheyenne		90	82	S.			Clo'dy
Chicago		76	84	N.		.16	Fair
Cincinnati		82	90	S.W.		1.24	Clear
Cleveland		74	78	S.		Tr.	Fair
Concordia		94	98	W.			Clo'dy
Davenport		76	86	N.E.		.14	Fair
Denver		66	86	N.E.		.02	Clo'dy
Des Moines		76	82	S.W.			Clear
Detroit		76	82	N.E.		Tr.	Fair
Dodge		76	88	N.			Fair
Dubuque		84	86	N.W.		.10	Fair
Duluth		66	70	N.W.		.10	Fair
El Paso		90	94	E.		Tr.	Clear
Edmonton		72	76	Calm			Clear
Galveston		94	86	S.			Clear
Grand Haven		72	78	N.W.			Clear
Green Bay		76	88	N.W.		.04	Clear
Havre		82	86	W.			Clear
Helena		82	82	N.E.			Clear
Huron		76	80	N.W.			Clear
Indianapolis		80	82	W.		.56	Clear
Jacksonville		84	90	N.		.10	Clear
Kansas City		78	94	S.W.		Tr.	Clo'dy
Little Rock		88	94	S.W.			Clear
Los Angeles		72	76	W.			Clear
Marquette		58	70	N.W.		Tr.	Clo'dy
Memphis		88	92	S.W.			Clear
Medicine Hat		82	84	Calm			Clear
Milwaukee		74	82	N.W.			Clear
Minnedosa		66	72	W.			Fair
Montgomery		84	94	W.		.36	Clo'dy
Montreal		68	74	S.			Clo'dy
Nashville		88	94	S.W.			Clear
New Orleans		94	92	S.W.			Clo'dy
New York City		76	82	S.E.			Clo'dy
Norfolk		82	90	S.		Tr.	Fair
North Platte		80	86	S.			Fair
Oklahoma		94	100	S.			Fair
Omaha		78	78	N.W.		.04	Clear
Oswego		74	78	S.			Clo'dy
Palestine		94	96	S.			Clear
Parkersburg		78	84	S.W.		Tr.	Clo'dy
Philadelphia		80	84	S.			Clear
Pittsburg		78	82	N.E.		Tr.	Clo'dy
Pueblo		58	80	N.E.		.70	Rain
Qu'Appelle		68	74	W.		Tr.	Clear
Rapid City		68	74	N.W.			Clear
San Francisco		58	62	S.W.			Clear
St. Louis		82	92	S.W.		Tr.	Clear
St. Paul		72	76	W.			Clear
Salt Lake City		90	92	N.W.			Clear
Ste. Marie		72	80	N.W.		.08	Fair
Springfield, Ill		80	84	N.W.		.46	Fair
Springfield, Mo		80	90	S.			Clear
Vicksburg		94	96	S.			Clo'dy
Washington		80	88	S.E.			Clo'dy
White River		50	60	N.		.02	Clear
Williston		66	76	W.		Tr.	Clear
Winnipeg		62	68	N.		.01	Fair
Wichita		80	88	S.E.			Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Managan, optician, 66 State-st., in front of his office building, was as follows: Thermometer: 8 a. m., 69 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 70; 10 a. m., 74; 11 a. m., 79; 12 m., 81; 1 p. m., 84; 2 p. m., 85; 3 p. m., 85. Barometer: 8 a. m., 29.38; 6 p. m., 29.37.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord Tuesday, Aug. 5, 1902.

Grand-blvd—N. s. of 40th-st., w. f. 50x150, incumbrance $29,000, Aug. 1 [Charlotte M. Harford to Daniel Murphy]..... $50,000

Princeton-av., 195 s of 69th-st., w f, 52x132, Aug. 1 [Andrew O'Donnell to Louis Amesbury]..... 20,000

Townsend-st., 197 n of Chicago-av., e f, 27x125, incumbrance $8,000, Aug. 1 [Peter J. Quintin to Ewald H. Richter]. 15,000

55th-st., 100 e of Woodlawn-av., s f, 26x95, and other property, Feb. 1 [Geo. C. Benton to Geo. W. Benton]..... 1

Calumet-av., 172 n of 45th-st., w f, 25x128, July 29 [Chauncey W. Foster to Mary Henn]..... 13,000

Osgood-st., 300 s of Grace, w f, 25x120, Aug. 4 [A. Peterson to Anna Johnson]... 10,250

Drexel-blvd., 182 n of 39th-st., s f, 30x100, incumbrance $6,000, Aug. 2 [K. McGuire to the University of Chicago]..... 1

Division-st., 25 w of Humboldt, e f, 25x125, July 28 [F. C. Kirchof to August E. Kirchof]..... 8,500

S. 42d-av., 327 n of 30th-st., e f, 50x124, and other property, July 26 [W. A. Gray to Jacob H. Osborne and William Routt]... 5,100

Hamlin-av., 18 n of 26th-st., w f, 46x134, July 21 [G. Eich to Mary K. Kricek]..... 5,000

Rockwell-st., n e cor Harrison, w f, 52x101, July 21 [L. T. Gilbert to F. C. & Land St. L. Ry. Co.]..... 5,000

Homan-av., 223 n of 16th-st., e f, 25x125, Aug. 2 [G. A. Stricker to Emilie Fiss]..... 4,500

Fairfield-av., 145 n of 22d-st., w f, 25x125, Aug. 4 [M. Mebes to Frank Skrivsky]..... 4,400

Kenmore-av., 150 s of Lawrence, e f, 50x150, Aug. 4 [A. A. Hecht to Ida H. and Alice L. Perlam]..... 4,250

Ashland-av., 240 n of Irving Park-av., e f, 50x165, July 18 [R. W. Gordon to Allport-av., 96 n of 21st-st., e f, 24x125, July 31 [J. Sladek et al., by M. in C., to Karel Sladek]..... 2,900

Green Bay-av., 55 s of 39th-st., s f, 25x140, July 12 [A. L. Hutchinson to Mary E. Hansen]..... 2,800

Cortland-st., 212 e of Leavitt, s f, 144x100, April 7 [C. L. Pearce to Leonard M. Knapp]..... 2,500

Cornell-av., 50 s of 53d-st., w f, 50x125, July 28 [W. H. V. Rosing, et al., by M. in C., to Leontine E. Bideleax]..... 2,476

12th-pl., 100 w of Union-av., s f, 25x72, July 24 [J. Kouba to John P. Hoffman]..... 2,450

N. 40th-av., 225 n of Cortland-st., e f, 50x125, May 10 [J. L. Mason to William M. Quinn]..... 1,500

30th-st., n e cor Albany-av., s 133x264, April 14 [C. W. Lippelt to Manville Co.]. In same pty., Feb. 19 [Manville Co. to Jennie M. C. Lingle]..... 1

Ashland-av., 196 n of 46th-st., w f, 25x121, Aug. 4 [C. M. Foster to John T. Edwards]. 1,500

116th-st., 75 e of S. Clark, s f, 50x125, Aug. 1 [H. Heitzman to John Mallak]..... 1,000

Ladin-st., 236 n of 62d, e f, 30x124&c, and o. p., Aug. 4 [Consolidated Art Glass Co. to Lillian M. O'Connell]..... 1

Armitage-av., 108 w of N. 40th, n f, 50x125, and o. p., same to same..... 1

Robey-st., 249 s of 91st, e f, 50x187, July 30 [R. C. Frost to Orville G. Kephart]..... 1,250

Manistee-av., 47 s of 80th-st., w f, 50x125, and o. p., July 18 [A. H. Wiant to James G. Long]..... 1

79th-st., 73 e of Jeffrey-av., n f, 48x125, and o. p., Aug 1 [E. C. Durland to Nathan P. Higbee]..... 2,400

Vernon-av., 60 s of 78th-st., s f, 75x124, July 26 [C. H. Miller to Frederick H. Bartlett]. 2,200

Peoria-st., 200 n of 75th, e f, 25x124&, July 22 [B. Oschatz to Jan Vloedman]..... 1,000

Center-av., 306 s of 66th-st., w f, 26x124, Aug. 2 [Cottage Grove B. and L. assn. to Jeremiah D. Bacon]..... 1,600

Dearborn-st., 76 n of 57th-pl., w f, 25x99, Aug. 4 [C. M. Kaiser to August Haase]... 1,500

South Park-av., 293 s of 54th-st., e f, 24x88, Aug. 4 [W. Wolfarth to Edwin B. Myers]. 3,300

Emerald-av., 120 n of 38th-st., e f, 24x124.7, July 29 [E. Morris to Mary E. Kleree]..... 1,200

Union-av., 93 n of 28th-st., e f, 24x124, July 28 [R. Brand to John Goodman]..... 1,400

Dickson-st., 530 s of Blackhawk, w f, 24x106, Aug. 1 [F. Baranowski to W. Hojnacki]..... 2,250

N. 51st-ct., 216 n of Chicago-av., e f, 25x125, Aug. 1 [E. Hogenson to Ernst C. Hodell]..... 1,800

Girard-st., 140 s of Harvey, w f, 24x125, July 24 [F. Harfst to Joseph Belinski]..... 2,250

Cortland-st., 262 w of Hoyne-av., s f, 48x100, July 7 [L. M. Knapp to Marion Doloski]..... 1,400

Janssen-av., 241 s of Byron-st., e f, 25x183, Aug. 4 [H. Truckenbrod to W. Neitman]..... 2,562

Janssen-av., 2124 s of Waveland-av., e f, 27½x123½, June 25 [J. Hufmeyer to Axel E. Odman]..... 2,250

Roscoe-st., 250 e of E. Ravenswood-pk., n f, 20x125, July 26 [est. of G. Pisors to Regine Pisors]..... 1,000

N. 40th-av., 100 n of Byron-st., e f, 50x144 1-8, July 31 [C. O. Loucks to Clara E. Stevens]..... 1,000

Vincennes-av., bet. 44th and 45th-sts., s f, 90x165, July 28 [J. C. Stewart to Benj. F. George]..... 1,137

Granville-av., 128 e of Euclid, s f, 40x122, July 26 [J. N. Young to George S. Cawthorne]..... 1,600

Bellepiaine-av., 197 s of Leavitt-st., n f, 25x120, Oct. 22, 1900 [W. Schick to Henry Dietzel]..... 1

Same pty., Aug. 2 [H. Dietzel to Frederick W. Dobe]..... 1,950

Ridgeway-av., 226 s of Iowa-st., w f, 25x125, July 31 [est. of Edwar Heckl to Theresia Heckl]..... 1,100

Carmen-st., 396 w of Ashland-av., n f, 32x132, July 29 [M. A. Cunningham to Peter Simmons]..... 5,000

Grace-st., 219 e of Robey, n f, 26x125, inc. $1,100, June 16 [H. A. Green to John S. Moorhouse]..... 1,000

Same pty., inc. $1,100, June 16 [J. S. Moorhouse to Alvina Green]..... 1,000

Racine-av., 171 n of Addison-st., e f, 30x123, Nov. 5, 1901 [E. E. Briggs to Nels Nelson]..... 1,500

Bellepiaine-av., 350 e of Leavitt-st., s f, 25x125, inc. $1,050, Aug. 5 [M. W. Bovermann and Herman Eilert]..... 3,000

N. 51st-ct., 291 s of Iowa-st., e f, 50x125, Aug. 1 [E. Hogenson to Ernst C. Hodell]. 2,500

California-av., 150 n of Lemoyne-st., w f, 20x129, July 13 [K. E. Allport to Jens Nielsen]..... 396

Garfield-av., 398, 18x75, July 25 [E. Pigott et al., by M. in C., to Edward T. Crispe et al.]..... 1,550

Garfield-av., 396, 18x75, July 25 [same to same]..... 2,300

Garfield-av., 394, 18x75, July 25 [same to same]..... 2,300

Garfield-av., 392, 18x75, July 25 [same to same]..... 2,300

Irving-av., 100 n of Potomac, e f, 20x125, July 26 [E. Blasg to Pinkus Moskovits]... 2,400

Carroll-av., 176 e of N. 45th, n f, 70x70, m or l., June 2 [M. A. Gillespie to William D. Thompson]..... 1

Taylor-st., 94 w of Laflin, n f, 26 1-6x104½, July 21 [J. T. Morrissey et al., by spec. com. to Leon Frank]..... 2,900

12th-pl., 110 e of Loomis-st., s f, 20x124, July 30 [F. Uber et al., by M. in C., to William Ernst]..... 2,425

Center-av., 168 n of 21st-st., e f, 24x125, July 30 [M. Clohessy et al., by M. in C., to William Ernst]..... 1

Yorktown-st., 259 n of 55th, w f, 24x125, Aug. 4 [W. M. Bowman to Ste Cigielski]..... 1,450

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Ashland-av., 208 s of 33d-st., w f, 24x124, April 22 [estate of T. O'Rourke to Julia O'Rourke]..... 1,000

Coles-av., s cor 77th-pl., e f, 40x100, July 23 [estate of P. J. Ryan to Elizabeth F. Ryan]..... 1,850

Avenue H, 75 n of 106th-st., w f, 25x125, Aug. 1 [H. J. Millis to Clara Bade]..... 1,150

Campbell-av., N. 1026, 24.8x72, July 24, [Clara Schwartz to Charles H. Commons]. 3,500

Same property, Aug. 4 [Charles H. Commons to the Standard Brewery]..... 3,500

Winthrop-av., 50 n of Thorndale, s f, 50x150, July 12 [Jennie C. Moderwell and Charles M., her husband, to Robert L. France]..... 1

Same property, July 12 [Robert L. France to Jennie C. Moderwell]..... 1

Troy-st., 168 n of Ohio, e f, 25x126, and o. p., Aug. 1 [Mary G. Becker to Julia Conlin]..... 6,000

Monroe-st., 76 s of Francisco-av., n f, 26x124, July 29 [Anna C. Bohlander et al. to Sanford Peck]..... 7,000

Park-av., 81, 26.2x131, Aug. 5 [Ruth A. Featherstone to John J. Kleinmass]..... 2,750

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

James Besta, Mary Bilg	29—19
Frank Gumieniak, Helena Ilass	22—27
Frank Zilka, Josie Seifkova	23—23
Joseph Rolson, Maria Wadington	43—23
Joseph J. White, Ida Wilson	23—31
Daniel McMillin, Mazie Hinds	23—31
George R. Blackburn, Alice R. Reid	22—26
James Tushall, Antonett Lonka	22—26
Fritz Fick, Petra M. Firing	60—45
Nels Hull, Alma Samuelson	24—23
Anton Inhof, Helena Schwan	24—23
Henry J. Merle, Daisy M. Champlin	21—21
Daniel Naughton, Mary Gury	40—43
James J. Liston, Margaret Cassidy	21—22
Charles Swanson, Annie Larson	21—26
Robert Berggren, Gertrude Larson	21—22
Maximilian Acoto, Anastasia Olivo	21—22
Frank Bohan, Jennie Nash	22—20
Charles M. Partridge, Kathryn Abbott	23—24
William Lindstrom, Olivia Johnson	35—18
John A. Carr, Nonie Roche	21—18
Isaak Halskog, Maria Seppanen	21—21
Thomas Jennings, Kittie Lang	20—20
Panozzo Pio Biondo, Gesi Bacigalupo	32—27
William Nelson, Marie Clinton	22—22
James Murkay, Ellen Walsh	27—25
Nels Engstrom of North Judson, Ind., Sigrid Nelson	20—23
Antoni Liswinsko, Wiktolja Gowinska	25—19
Isidor Kiejna, Apotonia Kipka	22—18
Philip Gould, Mary B. Jones	30—35
Hugh C. Orr, Margaret Halket	31—27
John McMaster, Lillie Kehrig	22—18
Anton Simon, Josifina Krehova	26—23
Juzop Szcepanek, Agnieska Kastarendo	26—23
Albert Sedlacek jr., Barbara Tolar	21—21
Edward Schmidt, Annie Schuman	23—19
Frank W. Karn, Maggie Fenton	40—40
Michael Slonik, Rose Kuta	27—21
Lewis Cohen, Bertha Abrams	24—19
Mary Olson, Hulda A. Malmberg	31—26
John J. Korha jr., Annie Nelson	24—23
James W. Reeve, Louise F. Stein	32—23
Frank W. Van Ness, Jennie C. Sullivan	23—23
Frank Morrison, Agnes Willie	24—22
Albert Hudej, Anna Zillinska	24—22
Patrick T. Barrett, Anna Carmody	29—20
George E. Hiscott, Bertha E. Miller	28—20
J. Warren Miller, Jennie R. Olson	27—22
Tomasz Pieukowski, Martha Gleszynska	20—20
Walter B. Mann, Edith M. Reese	27—20
George J. Nutsford, Jane W. Camerson	21—18
Oskor Moran, Addie Bascon	22—18
Jacob A. Kaw jr., Louise W. Hafer	30—24
John Girten, Mary Sasges	25—19
August Green, Frances Savorda	24—23
Alfred Holtine, Ethel M. FISHER, 664 Lakeside	27—20
Martin Lavelle, Margaret Bain	30—27
Olof Sovgren, Agda Wedneriund	37—39
John Sullivan, Sarah Buckner	31—30
Arthur McNally, Florence E. Sadler	28—23
William R. Parr, Henriette M. Howell	38—38
Harold E. Clark, Lulu A. Cleveland	21—21
William Watts, Ottie Binder	24—25
Edward Schmidt of Topeka, Kas., Sarah H. Coleman, same	25—18
Jendrzej Makuk, Zobija Janik	26—22
George B. Morgan, Adah F. Burton	23—20
Anton Forell, Fannie Erzek	25—20
Matthew K. Parker, Fanchon Abrams	28—24
John Pawelka, Nellie Mykasa	25—24
Charles T. Slanberg jr., Lois W. Cornell	30—28
Edward J. Insing, Gliroionla Castro	30—22
John E. Ferguson, Alice E. Smith	22—21
Ray M. Stackhouse, Kathryn M. Thompson	26—25
Edward J. Kelly, Mary Murphy	21—20
Creed A. Taylor, Edna V. Bernard	21—26
David J. Condon, Annie Hogan	24—23

LOST AND FOUND.

$50 REWARD—LOST, ON 31ST-ST., BETWEEN State-st. and Prairie-av., night of 3d inst., two rings, one solitaire diamond, 1k., Tiffany; the other two diamonds and one emerald, 1k. each, and $87. Finder will return to 3117 Prairie-av. No questions asked.

LOST—ON 47TH CAR. NEAR ELEVATED STATION, black chatelaine bag containing pocketbook with sum of money, other articles; liberal reward. Return to 4520 Woodlawn-av.

LOST OR STOLEN—YOUNG FEMALE DOG. Dane; color, dark brown, black spots, with collar. Return and receive reward, 266 Ontario-st.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—WILL BLAN H. COMMUNICATE with S. at same place in Mich.? Call at P. O. for letter.

PERSONAL—TO A. B. C.: BABY BETTER since Sunday. Come or write at once. MAMA.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—

SUCCESS IN SPECULATION—
GRAIN OR STOCKS.
Depends upon the best brokerage connections. Why waste your time with triflers? We protect our customers at all times and guarantee satisfaction. Our commissions are low. Send us a trial order. A $100 invested in wheat at the present market price will make lots of money and should double fast.

We pay all expenses on orders sent in by wire or phone. Wis. Stock and Grain Co. of Milwaukee.

PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL LEADING MARKETS. BANK REFERENCES.

PERSONAL—

"HOW TO BUY A DIAMOND."

RIGHT WAY. RIGHT PRICE.
Our new booklet is worth $10 to an intending diamond or jewelry purchaser.

IT'S FREE.

100 points to guide you in diamond buying. Sent on approval, express paid.
Pin money buys diamonds by our charge account system. Write today.

GEO. E. MARSHALL,
103 State-st., Chicago.

PERSONAL—OUR BEAUTIFUL NEW BOOK answers every question you could ask about our liberal credit system of selling diamonds and watches—how it tells at one time and sells a credit and pay monthly; how you can exchange at full value years after; how you can wear a $50 diamond for less than 10 cents a week, and a hundred other interesting facts. Copy mailed free on request. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., Diamonds, Watches, and Jewelry, 92 to 98 State-st., 2d floor of Stewart Building.

PERSONAL—

Many families in moderate circumstances do all of their trading with us "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock everything for men, women, and children, or used in furnishing a home completely from "parlor to kitchen."

Established in 1886. E. SHOWERS & CO., 2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—BAUMAN LOAN AND JEWELRY CO. REMOVED TO 147 STATE-ST.
We bought 2,000 BANKRUPT STOCK and all unredeemed pledges of DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CUT GLASS, and CLOCKS.
We offer for sale at SACRIFICE PRICE.
BAUMAN LOAN AND J

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER—EXPERIENCED LADY WHO can use typewriter; permanent; state age, experience, and salary wanted. C 274, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—LADY. Remington; must be a good penman; $10. O 715, 92 La Salle.

BOOKKEEPER—FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT; $14. 402 Ft. Dearborn Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—thoroughly competent; $12. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENO.; EXP.; MUST BE reliable; $10. 460, 324 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—ASSISTANT, LADY; RAPID, accurate at figuring. E 211, Tribune office.

CASHIER—GIRL ABOUT 17 YEARS OF AGE; must be exp. Leonard Mandel Dry Goods Co., 51st and Indiana.

EXPERIENCED YOUNG LADY—TO TAKE charge of the auditing department. Apply Superintendent. THE FAIR.

GIRL—MUST WRITE LEGIBLY AND FIGURE accurately; $6 week. E 214, Tribune office.

GIRLS—FAMILIAR WITH CARD INDEXES, alphabet, and state; must write neat hand; also circular folders and envelope addressers; state experience. Address E 380, Tribune office.

SALESLADIES—FIRST-CLASS, FOR MILLINERY, GLOVES, JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE, UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, LACES AND EMBROIDERIES. Apply Superintendent, 8 to 10 a. m. and 5 to 6 p. m. THE FAIR.

YOUNG LADY FOR SUIT ROOM; MUST BE EXperienced in muslin, underwear, corsets, etc. Leonard Mandel Dry Goods Co., 51st, near Indiana.

YOUNG LADY—SOME EXP. IN CARD AND file indexing; $7-$8; must be willing to leave city. Address M R 880, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADY—FOR GENERAL OFFICE work; must be accurate and rapid; give references; state experience. Address S J 244, Tribune.

YOUNG LADY OR GENT—EXPERIENCED, TO fill watch material orders. C 263, Tribune office.

Domestics.

GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; 4 IN family; wages $5. 3210 Kenmore-av., Edgewater.

GIRL—THAT CAN COOK; SUMMER HOME; family four; $6; reference required. Call 415 Elm.

GIRL—FOR COOKING AND IRONING; REFS. 2901 Lake-av.

GIRL—FOR HOUSEWORK; 3 IN FAMILY. Call in store, 468 W. Van Buren-st.

HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good cook; no washing; good wages. Call 5549 Woodlawn-av.

HOUSEWORK—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST. 530 W. Madison-st. Apply in store.

HOUSEWORK—215 WILSON-AV. GIRL FOR general housework; small family.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; $6 a week. 306 S. Taylor-av., Oak Park.

SECOND GIRL—TO ASSIST WITH CHILDREN. 1441 Castlewood-terrace, s. of Sheridan-drive, Argyle Park.

SECOND GIRL—GERMAN OR SCANDINAVIAN. 1401 Ridge-av., Evanston.

THREE GIRLS AT ONCE, TO DO CHAMBER work. Hunt's Hotel, 148 Dearborn-st.

Housekeepers.

COMPETENT WORKING HOUSEKEEPER—IN upper flat; not over 35; $5. 183 West Madison-st.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

WOMAN—FOR PLAIN SEWING, $3 PER WEEK. Wednesday morning. 393 East Superior.

WOMEN FINISHERS ON COATS, LINING makers, sleevemakers, canvas stitchers, pocket makers. Apply 192-194 Van Buren-st., 6th floor. ED V. PRICE & CO.

Nurses.

A REFINED WOMAN TO HELP WITH CARE of two children. Apply at once with references to 2109 Sherman-av., Evanston.

NURSE — EXPERIENCED. APPLY SUPT. THE FAIR.

Agents Wanted.

NICE HIGH ART PROPOSITION, 50 PER CENT commission; ladies investigate. Studio, 1028 Walnut.

Stenographers.

SEE AD. OF THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER Company under Employment Agency column.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY; SHORThand in mail; $8. Remington machine; must be of neat address; $10 per week. Call before 10 a. m. and after 5 p. m., if possible. Edmonds Letter Co., 1405 Monadnock Block.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY, SMITH PREMIER; must be accurate and of good appearance; $15. OTIS, 92 La Salle.

STENOGRAPHER — LADY; REMINGTON; for an insurance office; must be good penman; $50 per month. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER AND B. K. OR GOOD GEN. office lady; two stenographers; $10 to $12. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER—BARLOCK MCH.; MUST BE thoroughly competent business woman; $12. R. 605, Monon Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—REAL COMPETENT; GOOD permanent place; state salary. 1534 Monadnock.

STENOGRAPHERS — 2, RAPID OPERATORS; $12-$14. 740, 148 Washington-st.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY; SMITH-PREMIER. CAMPBELL, 815 Dearborn.

STENOGRAPHER—AN EXPERIENCED YOUNG lady; salary $10 week. Room 911, 185 Dearborn.

STENOGRAPHER, ROOM 600, 234 DEARBORN-st. Call between 10 and 11:30 a. m.

STENOGRAPHERS — COMPETENT EXP. temp.; Rem. or S. P.; $10, $12. 402, 134 Monroe.

Miscellaneous.

CANVASSERS—FEW NEAT APP. EXP. LADY canvassers; straight salary. STEARNS, 720 Schiller.

DEMONSTRATOR FOR PYROGRAPHY—EXperienced young lady. Apply 8 to 10 a. m. and 5 to 6 p. m., to Superintendent. THE FAIR.

EXPERIENCED HANDS ON NECKWEAR—AL so a few plain sewers to learn. CUTTER & CROSSETTE, 237 Franklin-st.

GIRL FAMILIAR WITH PILLING AND wrapping boxes of medicine; state experience and wages. E 279, Tribune office.

GIRLS—FOR PYROGRAPHY WORK; BRING samples. 530 W. Madison-st.

LADIES—TO INTRODUCE AMONG 1ST-CLASS families a superior line of flavoring extracts, perfumes, and toilet articles; permanent situation to right parties. Sawyer Mfg. Co., 41 River-st.

LADIES—TO QUALIFY FOR IMP. POSITION; previous exp. as canvassers or life ins. preferred. Address E 320, Tribune office.

MILLINERY TRIMMERS — FIRST CLASS. OF long city experience; must be original and artistic; good salary and steady position to the right party. MME. C. GOLDENSON, 203 Blue Island-av.

SALESLADIES—EXPERIENCED, TO CALL ON dry goods trade; only high grade store specialty of merit; 6 to 30 used in every family. Standard Development Co., 52 State-st.

SALESLADIES, DEMONSTRATORS — NEW store; good salaries for good people. 618 Schiller Building.

WILL MAKE AN EXCEPTIONALLY PROFITable arrangement with an up to date business woman, under 35, must be of good address, convincing talker, and able to APPROACH ANY ONE, at her home or place of business, no insurance or books; as we want a lady of undoubted ability; snap seeker need not apply, as we will please not take up our time unless full particulars regarding self, former occupation, etc. Address for interview E 397, Tribune office.

WOMEN FINISHERS ON COATS, LINING makers, sleevemakers, canvas stitchers, pocket makers. Apply 192-194 Van Buren-st., 6th floor. ED V. PRICE & CO.

$4 TO $12 WEEKLY COPYING LETTERS AT home; send self-addressed envelope for particulars. King Mfg. Co., 248 Warren-av., Chicago.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS — SEVERAL COMPETENT LADIES FOR PERMANENT AND SUBSTITUTE POSITIONS, EARLY THIS MORNING; ALSO TYPEWRITERS WANTED THROUGHOUT THIS WEEK. APPLY IN PERSON. REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO., 154 WABASH-AV.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY has a vacancy of high grade position for young ladies. Its methods differ greatly from those of "employment agencies." Self-respecting girls of ability and ambition will find it to their advantage to call.
1007 JOURNAL BLDG., 169 WASHINGTON-ST.

STENOGRAPHERS—COMPETENT, FOR TEMporary and permanent positions. The Smith-Premier Typewriter Co., 205 Wabash-av.

STENOGRAPHERS — SIX $12
Stenographers, twelve ..... $6 to 10
Office girls, two 10
Bookkeeper, good 9
Bookkeeper and stenographer 12
Merchants' Clerical Exchange, 740, 108 La Salle-st

ANY WELL REFERENCED DOMESTIC CAN secure a desirable and good paying position by calling at our office at once; our bureau is established for the sole purpose of giving worthy women work in reliable homes.
Home Science Bureau, Room 314, 115 Dearborn-st.

LADIES—TO LEARN HAIRDRESSING, MANIcuring, facial treatment, or chiropody; 4 weeks required; good pay when competent. Call or write, Moler College, 465 Wabash-av.

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER COMPANY, 107 Lake-st., has a large number of temporary and permanent positions open. Competent stenographers please call.

BOOKKEEPER—EXPERIENCED; ABLE TO take charge. 1007 Journal bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—THOROUGHLY COMPETent and experienced. 1007, 169 Washington-st.

UNDERWOOD STENOGRAPHERS—$16 TO $15 weekly. Apply Underwood office, 139 Monroe-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER—3 WEEKS $15.00
Stenographer, 2 weeks 15.00
Stenographer, permanent, Kent 12.00
Stenographer, permanent, P. 12.00
Stenographer and bookkeeper 12.00
Stenographers, temporary ..... $10.00 and 12.00
Learning shorthand and bookkeeper 10.00
Stenographer, permanent, good hours 10.00
Stenographer, permanent, Oliver 10.00
Stenographer and general office 9.00
Stenographer, S. P. 8.00
Stenographer, Rem. 6.00
Stenographer, exp. 6.00
Typewriter and correspondent, N. W. Side.. 10.00
Bookkeeper, exp. 10.00
Bookkeeper and typewriter 10.00
Bookkeeper 10.00
Card index clerk, exp. 4.00
Folders, exp. 6.00
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY.
134 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 324 Dearborn.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

FIGURED BY THE WEEK—IT ONLY COSTS $1.07 to learn millinery; all material free; $1 per week for dressmaking and tailoring, after learning; cutting; latest Paris and New York patterns now ready. McDowell School, 78 State-st.

ALBRO'S MILLINERY, DRESSMAKING, HAIRdressing, manicuring, and cooking schools are open for fall terms; reduced rates. 204 Indiana-av.

MADAM HUSEY'S MILLINERY SCHOOL—BEST in city; positions furnished; indorsed by leading wholesale houses. 1301 Masonic Temple.

S. T. TAYLOR SCHOOL OF DRESSCUTTING—Positions waiting for competent pupils; special lessons in cutting skirts. Room 800, 39 State-st.

TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOLS.

CHAS. J. STONE & CO., TAILORS' CUTTING School, 164-166-168 La Salle-st., Chicago. For particulars call or phone Main 1053.

DESIGNING, CUTTING, GRADING MEN'S AND women's garments taught. Croonberg's Sartorial Academy, 185 Dearborn-st. Suite 503-6-7-8.

CHICAGO TAILORING INSTITUTE, 209 STATE-st., teaches scientific garment cutting; ladies' tailoring by expert men tailors; patterns cut.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

THE GREAT WOMEN'S SPECIALIST.
THE GREAT WOMEN'S SPECIALIST,
DR. BRINEY,
214 State-st., 3d floor.
Phone Loomis 1011. Hours, 9 to 1. Sunday, 10—1.
Ladies, if you are worried, sad, discouraged, hopeless and despondent, from any cause, don't become reckless. Don't give up. Dr. Briney has saved more women from the knife, fire, and better life than all the other doctors in the city combined. Wonderfully gifted and skilled in treatment of all diseases and complications peculiar to women, his brilliant reputation unclouded by a single failure, he inspires all with hope who consult him and never disappoints. He absolutely guarantees every case undertaken. Come and be examined. Get a diagnosis that will forever put at rest the tormenting uncertainty of your mind. The blessed hour of relief will come like magic under the skill of this specialist, no matter what the cause or how obstinate the case. Patients from out of town have all the privileges of his private sanitarium extending to them, or they can treat at home with the same day.
Write for booklet, terms, etc. Help extended like prompt relief when they can't call. Consultation and examination free.
LADIES! $500 REWARD!
for a case of Dr. Briney's Regulator fails to relieve. This applies to all obstinate, long standing, chronic cases, no matter what the cause. Ergo Myrrh fails to relieve; if sick, worried, and discouraged come or write for testimonials; vegetable; safe and certain; no change in diet or treatment; no operations with consequent pain and danger; no loss of work. DR. JACKSON R. D.,
LADIES—CONSULT THE OLDEST SPECIAList, skillful treatment; positive results; strictly private home before and during confinement. MRS. ANNE B. M. LA GARNITT, 2209 Wabash-av. Walnut.

Stenographers.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA TABLETS CURE NERvous Debility, lost vitality, and all nervous diseases; two weeks' treatment, $1; sent postpaid or obtained at his office.
DR. GREENE, 88 E. Madison-st.

MRS. HORTA FAUSTMAN, 484 N. CLARK-ST.—Regular graduate of obstetrics; all difficult cases; day and night; instruction given in all delicate cases before confinement. Ladies' parlor.

2301 S. HALSTED-ST., COR. 33D—STRICTLY private home for ladies before and during confinement; expert in obstetrical cases; consultation free. DR. MARY J. WOOD.

DR. WOOD, 321 LA SALLE-ST., OLD GRADUate physician, 30 years' practice; SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF WOMEN; home for confinement cases; best of attention; low charges. Phone Main 1053.

DR. HASENCLEVER, 119 LA SALLE-ST., R. 84 and 85, treats ladies successfully; $500 reward for any case we accept and cannot cure; return same day. Private hospital for confinement.

MRS. DIETRICH, 695 WELLS-ST.—GRADUATE University of Leipsic; private home for ladies before and during confinement; treats all cases; skillful physicians; 16 years' experience.

IDA VON SCHULTZ, 480 N. CLARK, NEAR DIvision—Regular graduate and expert in obstetrics, irregularities, complaints, etc.; 25 years' exp. Ladies in trouble, call or write.

WOMEN'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 3634 VINcennes-av., treats all diseases of women; best of care in private confinement cases.

CORNS, 25c—MANICURING, 25c. PROF. WM. Emanuel, Scientific Chiropodist and Manicure, 213 State-st., nr. Adams. Tel. 2308 Harrison.

REVE FUCHS CURES CHRONIC COMPLAINTS when medicine failed. 50, 99 Dearborn-st.

CONFINEMENT CASES TAKEN FREE AND private. National hospital, 533 Wells-st.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

FREE TESTS! FREE TESTS! FREE TESTS!
FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.
For those that come prepared for readings.
COMPLETE LIFE READING FOR $1.00.
PROF. W. J. HANNAN
IS THE CELEBRATED
SPIRIT MEDIUM,
CLAIRVOYANT
and
PALMIST
WHO HAS HAD THE PRESIDENCE AND PATRONAGE OF THE ENTIRE COMMUNITY FOR THE PAST EIGHT YEARS.
PROF. W. J. HANNAN HAS HIS
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
1441—MICHIGAN-AV.—1441.
Between 14th and 15th-sts.
HE LEADS YOU TO HEALTH, WEALTH, AND HAPPINESS.
HE CAN BE CONSULTED ON ALL AFFAIRS.
Realizing that this city has been overrun with pretenders, and that many of its best citizens are victimized by so-called clairvoyant and palmist, Mr. Hannan has decided to place the consultation fee within the reach of every one that calls, no matter what might be the condition in life.
POOR OR RICH,
IF YOU HAVE ALREADY MADE A MISTAKE, THROWN AWAY YOUR MONEY, and lost confidence through dealing with much advertised and self-styled, palmists and clairvoyants and their cheap, inspired productions, START FROM THE BEGINNING AND CONSULT MR. HANNAN.
If nothing can be done for you he will not take one cent of your money.
IS THIS NOT FAIR AND HONEST?
HE IS EVER READY TO HELP THOSE WITH CAPITAL, AND FIND A SAFE AND GOOD PAYING INVESTMENT. THIS HE CAN DO, AND HAS A HANDSOME PROFIT IN THE INVESTMENT PAYS A HANDSOME PROFIT.
ADVICE ON BUSINESS, SPECULATION,
LOVE, COURTSHIP, MARRIAGE,
AND DIVORCE.
SATISFACTION GIVEN OR NO FEE ACCEPTED.
Mr. Hannan wishes to state that his
$1.00 LIFE READINGS $1.00
are unequaled. For reading by mail send day and date of birth.
HOURS, 10 TO 7—SUNDAYS INCLUDED.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
1441—MICHIGAN-AV.—1441.

MADAM S. MILLSFAUGH
Announces to the public who are interested in the cure of chronic diseases of long standing given up as hopeless by physicians as well as readings of any business nature, that she will be located at
2236 MICHIGAN-AV.
where she will be pleased to make the acquaintance of all persons troubled in the least. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Madam Millspaugh is one of the most wonderful as well as reliable trance mediums in the United States. She has traveled quite extensively throughout the United States and Canada and has referees as to her ability and power from patrons benefited.

$5 READING FOR $1 THIS WEEK ONLY.
PROF. C. V. LEON,
1224 MICHIGAN-AV.—1224.
PRINCE OF CLAIRVOYANTS. PALMISTS.
Advice on all business transactions, love, courtship, marriage, family affairs. Fee, $1.
Full readings by mail, $1 and stamp; send date of birth; ask as many questions as you like.

THE ROUMANIAN GYPSY HAS JUST ARrived. If you wish to have your entire life foretold or that you may understand yourself and not miss your life's aim consult her. 2352 Cottage Grove-av.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WANTED—50 GOOD SECOND HAND WHEELS at once for cash; every make; highest prices; our cash offer. Mead Cycle Co., 1248 Wabash-av.

NICE CLEAN, NEW TANDEM. THOR FITtings, G. & J. tires; $15. Janitor, 375 36th-pl.

COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.

WANTED—TO BUY—A YOUNG POINTER, 9 or 10 months old; state price. Address E 339, Tribune office.

TWO PARROTS ARRIVED AND SELLING cheap this month. Kaempter's, 88 State-st.

AUCTION SALES.

WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 185-187 Wabash-av., general auctioneers. Sales at store every Tuesday and Saturday, 10 a. m. Furniture, carpets, gen. household goods. Tel. 2109 Cen.

PRINTING MATERIAL.

WANTED—8X12 JOB PRESS AND 25 INCH CUTter for cash. Address F 137, Tribune office.

TYPE OUTFIT, 22X36 MAGAZINE; PRACTICally new; $125. BURELEY, 534 Dearborn.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

2949 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS, BOARD; SINgle, en suite, $5 per week; all conveniences; phone.

2962 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM, with board; detached residence. Phone 4091 Calumet.

3248 INDIANA-AV. — WELL FURNISHED rooms; private; board; modern residence; swift transportation.

3916 LAKE-AV., COR. OAKWOOD-BLVD.—Rooms with board.

3935 ELLIS-AV.—CHOICE ROOMS, WITH GOOD board; private family; I. C. trains.

5716 WASHINGTON-AV.—SUITE OR SINGLE rooms, with board.

1611 MICHIGAN-AV.—COOL, OUTSIDE ROOMS, with board; all conveniences; phone.

North Side.

22 WISCONSIN-ST. — AN IDEALLY LOCATED home for refined people; cool, shady, overlooking Lincoln park; preferable to country or resorts; 10 min. to business; charming rooms, every comfort; good food; beautiful smoking and billiard rooms; especially low summer rates solicited.

MAISON-DE-NOBLE, 16 ASTOR-ST., NEAR THE lake and Division-st.—Handsome, convenient, and homelike; room, with board, $5 to $9 per week.

306 OHIO-ST. — ROOMS WITH EXCELLENT board; all conveniences; walking distance; reasonable.

205 CASS-ST.—SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS with board. MRS. KAUTZ. Tel. 4481 Dearborn.

245 DEARBORN-AV. — NEWLY DECORATED rooms with board; produce direct from country.

519 LA SALLE-AV.—FINE ROOMS AND board; reasonable.

387 LA SALLE-AV. — LARGE NEAT ROOMS, with board, single or en suite; high class refs.

412 LA SALLE-AV.—LARGE DOUBLE AND SINgle rooms; good boarding; reasonable terms.

Hotels.

LEXINGTON HOTEL—22D-ST. AND MICHIgan-blvd.—High grade European; absolutely fireproof; large rooms, finely furnished; hot and cold water; electric light; large closets; rates $1 and up per day; rooms with private bath, $1.50 and up per day. Special summer rates if here for three weeks or longer. Wabash-av. cable passes door; South Side Elevated station at 22d-st. Away from dirt, smoke, and heat of business section. Only seven minutes to postoffice.

THE LOUVRE, 3011 LAKE-AV.—JUST REMODeled; four additional buildings to our residential hotel; modern conveniences; all newly furnished in the latest style; an ideal home; parlors; drawing room; single or double rooms and suites; front or lake view; TABLE UNSURPASSED; choice located; big lawns; tennis ground with our property; two blocks to 39th st. block Ill. Cent. R. R.; reference. Tel. 1257 Oakland.

THE ONTARIO HOTEL,
120 NORTH STATE-ST.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
10 minutes' walk from the noise and heat of the business part of the city. Pleasant, large, cool rooms, with and without baths; excellent table; electric cars pass the door.

HOTEL WARNER, 33D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel; finely located; new; newly furnished throughout; fireproof; 220 outside rooms; 140 private baths; rooms with private bath, $5 to $8 per week; fine new cafe; cuisine and service the best. McGUIRE & COBE, Props., formerly with the Lexington.

HOTEL BARTEAU, 3300 LAKE-AV., OVERlooking lake—Without exception the best located hotel on S. Side; newly furnished throughout in the latest style; an ideal summer home; always cool; elevator service, parlors, reading rooms, good transportation; 12 minutes on I. C. Rates $6 upward.

HOTEL WYCHMERE (EUROPEAN), INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—Fine location; 150 elegantly furnished rooms; rates, $1 per day and upwards; reasonable rates. MRS. H. YORK, Manager.

HOTEL RICHMOND, COR. VAN BUREN AND State-sts.—Cool, desirable rooms, newly renovated; most convenient hotel in Chicago.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D AND LAKE-AV.—Rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath; ten minutes to city. Telephone Oakland 192.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Just completed; 50 rooms; electric lines; steam, baths. Tel. Oak. 656. American or European.

EDINBURGH, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD.—AMER. and European plan; suites of 2 and 3; also single; private bath; fireproof. Tel. 1038 south.

ALABAMA, ELLIS AND BOWEN-AVS.—FINest family hotel; overlooking lake; excellent table.

Summer Resorts.

SOUTH HAVEN—
Club parties organized and conducted; special hotel rates. I. H. ATHEY, 808, 159 La Salle-st. Telephone Central 4336.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—GENTLEMAN AND WIFE DESIRE two unfurnished rooms and board, near Buena or Sheridan Park; send full particulars. Address D 189, Tribune office.

BOARD—IN QUIET SIDE PRIVATE FAMILY by young lady; give particulars. Address E 340, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOMS, TWO GENTLEMEN; clean, good cooking; near Midway and Kimbark-ave.; $7. Address E 350, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY LADY EMPLOYED, BOARD AND room, south of 39th-st. Address E 204, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 22D-ST.—LEXINGTON Hotel—Fireproof, high grade; European; a few rooms, $3 and $4 per week, with hot and cold water; electric light; fine furniture and carpet; prompt bell service; gentlemen's bathrooms on each floor; for extra guests, gentlemen's and popular priced cafe. Wabash-av. cable passes door.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ALCOVE ROOM, overlooking lake; private balcony; bath; hot and cold water; large clothes closet; modern house; convenient to Illinois Central and Cottage Grove cable; private American family. 2400 South Park-av.

TO RENT—MODERN, ELEGANTLY FURNISHed, and newly decorated; closets, running water, velvet carpets; 2 and 3 rooms; with board; $2 up; elevator. Murray Hill Bldg., 3667 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—3000 MICHIGAN-AV., ELEGANTLY furnished suites and single rooms by week or month; elevator all night; cafe in building. Apart. 61. Phone Brown 2422.

EXCELLENT TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE boarding house nr. Drexel and Oakwood-blvds. Address D 70, Tribune office.

TO RENT—4348 BERKELEY-AV., DETACHED house, large porch; choice, elegantly furnished rooms; I. C. and blvd. trains.

TO RENT—KENWOOD, CHOICE, FURNISHED, housekeeping suites, 3 and 4 rooms, heat; $18 to $22. Call today, 4515 Lake-av.

TO RENT—3030 VERNON-AV., NEWLY FURnished, modern conveniences, convenient to C. C. R. R., 51st, and Grand Boulevard cars; 20 min. from loop; janitor.

TO RENT—3000 MICHIGAN-AV., FLAT 40—Kitchen and bedroom, completely furnished; large windows, ice box, laundry tub, elev., phone.

TO RENT—1429 MICHIGAN-AV., FLAT F, 5 ELegant front outside rooms, single or en suite; electric lights, elevator, steam, hot water.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM; MODern, private residence; telephone. 3445 Prairie-av.; gentlemen only.

TO RENT—3236 BOWEN-AV., LARGE FRONT room, modern, reasonable; also single room; boulevard trains.

TO RENT—1702 MICH.-AV.; NICELY FURnished rooms; modern conveniences; refs.

TO RENT—167 OAKWOOD-BLVD., 2D FLAT—Large and cool front rooms.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 3153 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—1915 INDIANA-AV., LARGE, COOL, handsome room; large closet, modern, desirable.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE ROOMS; ONE WITH private bath. 3000 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—1920 INDIANA-AV., NICELY FUR. room; running water; private family.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 3908 LAKE-av., 4th flat.

TO RENT—TO GENTLEMAN; FINE ROOM AT 516 W. 16th-st.

TO RENT—2552 PRAIRIE-AV., 2 CHOICE large front rooms; all conveniences; private home.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with private bath; nr. Drexel-blvd. 180 41st-st.

TO RENT—4328 GREENWOOD-AV., A LARGE west room, convenient to I. C. and surface lines.

TO RENT — 3232 LAKE PARK-AV., ROOMS with hot and cold water; $2 up.

TO RENT—4645 CALUMET-AV., FRONT ROOMS with or without board.

West Side.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM; ONE block from Met. L. Humboldt Park; two in family, reasonable; gentleman preferred. MRS. STRUBLE, 847 N. Sawyer-av.

TO RENT—NEWLY FUR. FRONT ROOM, NEAR Garfield Pk.; excellent bath; convenient; good trans.; reasonable. 121 S. St. Louis-av., Fl. 3.

TO RENT—456 ADAMS, FURNISHED ALCOVE and 2 small rooms, facing park; running water; modern.

TO RENT—LARGE FUR. ROOM, WITH ALcove; private family. 427 Warren-av.

TO RENT—301 ASHLAND-BLVD., NEWLY furnished front rooms; elegant location.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, MODern conveniences. 1st flat, 460 Jackson-blvd.

North Side.

TO RENT — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ALcove, also back parlor suite, opposite Lincoln park. 659 La Salle-av. Phone.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM AND ALcove facing Lincoln Park. 559 Webster-av.

TO RENT—133 PEARSON-ST., LARGE FRONT room; running water; single room.

TO RENT—FRONT ROOM, NICELY FURNISHed, at 3 Washington-pl., fronting park.

TO RENT—357 DEARBORN-AV., LARGE, AIRY rooms at summer rates; private.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM; STEAM HEAT. 876 La Salle-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING, 2 LARGE front rooms; mod. conveniences. 550 La Salle-av.

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TO RENT—TO MEDICAL STUDENT, BEDroom; steam. Address F 221, Tribune office.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms, near any park; suitable for light housekeeping; references, C., 781 N. Clark-st.

WANTED—BY RELIABLE COLORED MAN, living rooms in exchange for light janitor work; best ref.; employed. Address E 262, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOM IN BARN; STATE price. Address R R 13, Tribune office.

WANTED—BY SINGLE GERMAN GENTLEman, two well furnished rooms or large alcove room with private family, on north side, in good location; all modern conveniences required. Address O. N 330, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY LADY, UNFURnished light room in private family, no flat; south side. Address G F 179, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—BY EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & CO., Chamber of Commerce Bldg. Phone 4403 Main. The desirable houses:

4201 Prairie-av.,	11 rooms; hot water heat..	$ 75.00
4248 Prairie-av.,	10 rooms; hot water heat..	60.00
3606 Calumet-av.,	11 rooms, modern.....	150.00
2331 Michigan-av.,	11 rooms, modern.....	125.00
2714 Michigan-av.,	11 rooms, modern.....	75.00
2828 Michigan-av.,	11 rooms, modern.....	100.00
3243 Groveland-av.,	9 rooms.....	45.00
2238 Calumet-av.,	12 rooms.....	115.00

TO RENT—EIGHT OF THOSE NEW, MODERN houses on 34th-st., between Cottage Grove and Rhodes-avs.; houses have never been occupied; contain every modern convenience; hardwood, hot water heat; etc.; reasonable.
D. G. HAMILTON, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—BY E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 204 DEARBORN-ST. Tel. 4174 Central.
ELEGANT MODERN HOUSES,
AVENUES AND BOULEVARDS. Call for list.

TO RENT—HOUSE OF 10 LARGE, LIGHT rooms, 3136 W. Lake-av. and 36th-st.; only $55 mo. H. A. RUST, 1210, 135 Adams-st.

TO RENT—LIST YOUR HOUSES AND FLATS with SOUTHARD & TRAINER, 142 Oakwood-blvd. and 218 La Salle-st. Tel. Oak. 705.

North Side.

TO RENT—IN SHERIDAN PARK—ELEGANT 9 room residence, hot water heat, fine lot, and trees, etc.; owner leaving city; $50.
REBELIN, JENSON & CO., 156 Washington-st. Branch office, 1888 Evanston-av.

TO RENT—LAKE VIEW, FURNISHED COTtage, with large grounds, near lake; $40 per month. MRS. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT—9 ROOM HOUSE AT WINNETKA, furnished or unfurnished. E 208, Tribune office.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—A MODERN DETACHED residence, with stable, on the south side boulevards preferred; will take a long lease if suited. Address S J 247, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—OCT. 1—8 ROOM OR larger modern detached house; must be in first class neighborhood; north side preferred; name rent, location, and condition; no children. Address D 494, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FAMILY OF THREE adults will care for a home for winter; compensation, rent. References, E 323, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—KENWOOD APARTMENTS—
4635-37 ELLIS-AV., NEW COLONIAL BLDG., 9 room apartments; spacious and elegant interior arrangement, beautifully finished in hardwoods; dining rooms finished in weathered English oak; opening on large private porches; 2 bathrooms; choicest residence section of Kenwood; all outside light; rent, $90 to $95.
4740-42 MADISON-AV., 8 and 9 room apartments, new bldg., just finished in hardwoods, completed, 10 room apartments; these apartments are 35 ft. wide, 3 rooms in front, finished in beautiful wood; 2 bathrooms; dining rooms finished in English oak; open for inspection; rent, $85 to $90.
4841 MADISON-AV., one elegant 8 room apartment, most delightful location in Kenwood, dining room paneled in oak, drop beam ceilings, etc.; rent, $70.
107 EAST 47TH-ST., 8 room apartment, south and east exposure, overlooking the most beautiful residences section of Kenwood; 2 bathrooms; $50.
Send for our complete list of apartments and houses in Kenwood and Hyde Park.
W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.
Kenwood office: 43d-st. and Oakenwald-av.

TO RENT—NORTHWEST CORNER OF 55TH and Cornell-av., elegant 5, 6, and 7 room apartments; all outside light, exceptional large bedrooms; finish mahogany, birch, golden oak, and white enamel, natural finish; mantels, hallrees, sideboards, china closets, and tiled foors for servants, and every known improvement to make a home complete; no finer apartments in Hyde Park. These are just being completed and will be ready for occupancy after Aug. 20. Within one block of Jackson Park, having fine view of the lake; within two blocks of the Illinois Central express train, bring you to the city in ten minutes.
For those who have already leased we are decorating to suit. If you want one you will have to apply early, as they are going fast, and you can choose your decorations. Open every day for inspection. Agents on premises.
H. D. PARKER, 247 East 47th-st., Jackson Park depot.

TO RENT—BY W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 DEARBORN-ST. Tel. 4174 Central.
For a complete list of apartments and houses along the elevated road call at our LOCAL OFFICE, 55TH AND INDIANA-AV.
NEW COLONIAL BLDG., 36th-blvd. and Wabash-av.—Most complete, up to date bldg. in the city; 9 rooms all finished in hardwoods; buffet kitchens, etc.; elegant location overlooking the park and blvd.; convenient to the elevated road; rent, $27.50 up; special concession to tenants taking these months.
5454-56 INDIANA-AV.—Elegant NEW BLDG., just completed; 7 room apartments, finished in beautiful woods and richly decorated; equipped with the latest improvements. Open for inspection. Rents, $45 to $50.

TO RENT—4400 TO 4408 PRAIRIE-AV.—
NEW CORNER BUILDING.
16 elegant 8 room apartments.
All rooms are exceptionally large and light.
Finish mahogany, enamel, and oak.
Fixtures elaborate and latest design.
Including mantels, with gas logs.
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Ready Sept. 1. Plans at our office.
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TO RENT—9 AND 10 ROOM APARTMENTS IN THE VALKYRIE BLDG.,
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One block from Kenwood depot; interior finished in costly woods; spacious rooms; dining rooms finished in finnish oak, with drop beam ceiling and tiled bathrooms; elegant appointments throughout; rent, $80 to $100.
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Kenwood office, 43d and Oakenwald-av.

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200 sold in 90 days.

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5 room houses	$1,250	$ 8
5 room houses	1,400	10
6 room houses	1,700	10
6 room houses	1,900	12
7 room houses	2,100	15
8 room houses	2,200	15
8 room houses	2,500	15
9 room houses	2,875	20
10 room houses	3,300	25
11 room houses	4,000	30
12 room houses	6,300	40

Very small cash payments required. Call or write for illustrated circulars of 200 new houses, located on the north, south, and west sides, and in Lincoln Park. Open for sale on monthly payments same as rent. It will cost you only 1 cent to find out what a cozy home you can pay for with your rent money. On receipt of postal I will send you plans.
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FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—
Corner inside the loop and in heart of business center, 100 feet front; pays 6 per cent net, at $36 per square foot; immense bargain.
Corner apartment building, at Alley L; one of the best on a wide street; pays 6 per cent net, at $28 per square foot.
Corner vacant and clear, near Alley L; cheap for cash; or will exchange for Al improved.
Corner, Sheridan-rd and Sheridan-drive; best of transportation, vacant and clear; none better for choice apartment buildings, to be sacrificed for cash.
Large list of choice flat buildings, residences, clear vacant on n. and s. side; cheap for cash; or will exchange.

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Strictly modern detached 2 flat; rent, $960. New 2 story and 3 flat bldg.; rent, $720.
150 ft. fine wooded vacant, Winnetka.
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Evanston, 115 ft. choice ripe vacant.
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FOR SALE—$20,000 INVESTMENT. EQUITY IN new apartment building, income 15 per cent net; cash $5,000.
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SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CHOICE RESIDENCE
PROPERTY AND VACANT LAND
HYDE PARK AT DECIDED BARGAINS.
$27,500—Handsome modern residence, stable, and coachman's house on 2 lots; Michigan-blvd.; cost over $40,000; lot 50x160; 3 story swell brown stone front, finished in costly and beautiful woods, including mahogany, birds-eye maple, etc.; heated by hot water; one of the finest homes on the blvd. Terms: $5,000 cash; remainder to suit.
$23,500—12 room frame house and barn, 220 East 48th-st.; lot 100x185; between Greenwood and Woodlawn-avs.; owner is residence-section of Kenwood.
$17,000—2057 Michigan-av., modern brick residence; one of the best locks on Michigan-blvd., surrounded by elegant homes; property must be sold at once; $7,000 cash; mortg. 5 yrs. 5%.
$13,500—Detached 3 story, modern gray stone residence, within 1 block of Kenwood depot [47th]; all finished in hardwood, inlaid parquetry floors, tiled bathrooms, a thoroughly well built, up-to-date, modern house. Terms: $5,500 cash; mortg., $8,000, runs 5 yrs., 5%.
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FOR SALE—42 FEET, CORNER WABASH, NR. S 79th.; mort. $3,000; rents $530. E 324, Tribune.

FOR SALE—2 STORY FRAME HOUSE, 176 36th-pl. Owner on premises.

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FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, OWNER LEAVing city—2 story 4 flat, 4 rooms and bath each, with basement, brick house; everything first class and modern; good investment and home between Grand-av. and Chicago-av. 471 Monticello-av.

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FOR SALE—S. E. COR. OGDEN AND SPAULDing, 5 story stone front building, with two lots; owner must sell; cheap.

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NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FLAT BLDG., EIGHT 5 ROOM flats; La Salle-av., near Chicago-av.; lot 50x125 ft.; rental $3,000; incumbrance $15,000, at 5 per cent; bargain, or will exchange for residence. W. CARLISLE, 40 Dearborn-st.

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FOR SALE—YOU HAVE A CHANCE; LOT 1 can give you a fine brick front flat rented for Call at 205 Winthrop-av.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE NORTH SHORE joining Edgewater. WHITE & TAfor 132 La Salle, and n. w. cor. Foster and Clark.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—25X125 FT., ON Winthrop-av. near Lawrence-av. $1,225.
REGER, BENSON & CO., 105 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—NEW, MODERN 9 ROOM HOUSE, 1308 Montana-st., corner Surrey-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ARTISTIC MODERN HOMES—
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40 BUILT, 37 SOLD.
35 FAMILIES MOVED IN.
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ROMAN PRESSED BRICK AND STONE
HOUSES; 7 ROOMS;
MAHOGANY AND OAK INTERIORS.
$30 MONTHLY PAYS FOR THEM
PRICES, $4,800 TO $5,000; SMALL CASH PAYMENT.
ON BEAUTIFUL ALTA VISTA TERRACE.
between Grace and Byron-sts.

Take Northwestern Elevated train to Sheridan-blvd. station and go south and west one block to houses, or take N. Clark-st. or Wells-st. cable cars and N. Clark or Evanston trolley to Grace-st. and go east from Clark-st. or west from Evanston-av. to houses. See salesman at houses.
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SIXTH FLOOR, MASONIC TEMPLE.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL HOME IN SHERIDAN Park. Call at 2005 Winthrop-av.

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COTTAGES EAST SIDE, 50 ft., $1,300, $1,350, $1,800, $2,000.
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Out They Go!
Out They Go!
Out They Go!

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FOR SALE—BUY LOTS FOR SUMMER HOMES or for investment; 30 lots; 2 miles south of Chicago shore most beautiful lake in Michigan; warranty deed; abstract free; mail orders receive best location unsold.
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APPLY FOR LOW RATES TO
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Call and get our terms.
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Borrower pays only for continuation of abstract.
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ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, YOU CAN OBTAIN ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH, FROM $20 TO $1,000, ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COOK COUNTY, ON
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THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. We show honors when we loan MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITH NO PUBLICITY; LOAN CAN BE PAID BACK IN ANY AMOUNTS AT ANY TIME TO SUIT THE BORROWER, AND EACH PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. THERE ARE NO DEDUCTIONS FROM YOUR MOVING WHEN YOU WISH. NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE; YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
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S. E. COR. HALSTED-ST.

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PIANOS,
WAGONS, ETC.
WE OFFER
UNEQUALED RATES,
BEST TERMS,
QUICKEST SERVICE,
ABSOLUTE PRIVACY.
Deal with an old and reliable company and you will establish a credit that may be useful in the future.
WE MEET ALL COMPETITION.
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100 WASHINGTON-ST., SUITES 901, 902.
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THOSE IN DISTRESS COME TO US
AND THEIR NEEDS ARE RELIEVED BY OUR advancing such sums as they require
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, etc., without removal.
Advances made to salaried men and women
WITHOUT SECURITY.
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Quick service, any amount required,as long time as needed and the best and fairest terms ever offered are a few of the advantages of dealing with us.
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Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your possession. Our south and west side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on south and west sides. Lowest rates.
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Loans to responsible people on pianos, furniture, collateral, etc.; rates and terms reasonable.

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L. F. HOPKINS & CO.,
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FROM $10 TO $300.
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I LOAN ON FURNITURE AS THE BIG ADS. DO. Try me. I will treat you as they never knew.
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WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1902.

Deaths of Distinguished Men.

Three men of more than ordinary prominence in the field of art have passed away within the last few days. Hendrik Willem Mesdag, a Dutch painter, well known to all frequenters of American art galleries, whose death was announced yesterday, was a pupil of Alma Tadema. His tastes did not lead him, however, in the classic direction his master has followed so conspicuously. He chose the sea for his paintings and confined himself almost exclusively to marine scenes, many of them being located around Scheveningen, which was his favorite sketching place. His work is characterized by the same smoothness and finish to be found in Alma Tadema's pictures, and it received medals at London, Philadelphia, Chicago and Paris expositions. Heinrich Carl Hofmann, the well-known Berlin composer, also died recently. Many of his works are melodious and popular. He was a most prolific writer, his catalogue containing seven operas and scores of cantatas and choruses, besides an immense number of compositions for orchestra and piano. The work by which he is best known in Chicago is his cantata, "The Beautiful Melusina." The death is also announced of Benjamin Bilse at Berlin in his eighty-sixth year. He was at one time one of the most famous conductors in the world. He bore the same relation in popular music to Germany that the late Johann Strauss did to Austria. He retired from active life in 1884, the Emperor honoring him with the title of Hofmusikdirector.

There are members of the Second battalion, Seventh regiment, I. N. G. whom the civilizing, humanizing influences of the age have not yet reached. The man who takes pleasure in practical jokes is still in the savage stage of existence, when the acutest pleasure is found in the pain of others. The keener the pain of the victim the better the joke. A man was arrested in New York last Sunday for putting a pet cat which did not belong to him where some crabs seized it by the ears and tail. The agonized animal ran wildly in all directions. The man was surprised at being arrested. What he had done, he said, was "only a joke." It is worse to torture a man than it is a cat, and the members of the Seventh regiment who tortured their comrade by making him believe that he had been sentenced to be shot and by firing blank cartridges at him were more utterly barbaric than the man who decorated the cat with crabs. Of course the men who scared their comrade out of his wits will say it was "only a joke" and will resent the suggestion that they are uncivilised beings. But they are. The men who play practical jokes, the hazers, and all who take pleasure in the physical pain or mental distress of others are uncivilised. And it is a misfortune that when they make themselves unpleasant in civilized society they cannot be adequately punished. They are the men who as soldiers are guilty of atrocities which their civilized comrades never would dream of committing. The officers of the Second battalion of the Seventh regiment will fail of their duty if they do not put a stop to the performances of the practical joker. It does not take many of him to discourage enlistments.

Barbaric "Practical Joker."

THE BIOGRAPHY OF A BUG.

The common cockroach is the smartest insect of his size in the world. Mr. C. L. Marlatt, the entomologist of the agricultural department, says he is wiser than a serpent and more industrious than a bee, but his vices so far outweigh his virtues that he is officially set down as a nuisance. Many bugs of less importance and intelligence have had their stories told, but not until now has biographical justice been done to the roach. The injustice is atoned for by the appearance of a monograph of seven thousand words issued by the agricultural department. For the first time this interesting little beast is officially recognized by the national government.

It is cheering to be assured by Mr. Marlatt that the cockroach is domestic and even social in his tastes, clings to the family, and is devoted to the cook and housekeeper. He dates back to the cloudlands of antiquity. He is found among the coal fossils and has been here even longer than man. He has been man's companion from the time man erected even the rudest shelter for himself. He has accompanied him on all his expeditions. He went with the Northmen to Labrador, with Columbus to this continent, with Cortez to Mexico. Undoubtedly he went with Baldwin to Camp Ziegler, and though men make shorter expeditions now than they did centuries ago he persists in accompanying them. He is devoted to man and fond of travel, and yet is just as contented to stay at home and take his ease behind the baseboards or in the numerous kitchen crevices, while others of a less domestic turn of mind persist in living in the office desk and reveling in mucilage and postage stamps.

It is disquieting to be informed by Mr. Marlatt that there are 5,000 different varieties of this little beast in the world, but it will cause a distinct thrill of pride to learn that the American cockroach, while not so social or so moral as the oriental cockroach, is smarter, swifter, and more intelligent. The more stupid oriental bugs can be easily disposed of, but it requires a person unusually gifted in observation, quick in action, and abundant in resource to surprise the American. Mr. Marlatt says: "Roaches are unusually well endowed with the ability to guard themselves against enemies, displaying great intelligence in keeping out of the way of irate housekeepers, and in avoiding food and other substances which have been doctored with poisons for their benefit." Mr. Marlatt, however, does not leave us at the mercy of the cockroach. He says he can be killed by fumigating with hydrocyanic acid gas. This is a dangerous gas and careless people should not be encouraged to use it, as a few whiffs will also annihilate the hired girls and the children. Roaches can be driven out of their hiding places with trains of powder, but careless persons might blow up the kitchen. Mr. Marlatt's favorite exterminator is a mixture of one part of plaster of paris and three parts of flour. The cockroach is fond of this mixture. After he has eaten of it he gets thirsty and drinks, whereupon his intestines become clogged and gradually filled with cement, and then it is all up with him. It is a hard way of dying, but it is painless.

TRUSTEES WILL NOT INVESTIGATE.

The trustees of the Kankakee insane asylum have refused to investigate charges concerning the management of the institution. The refusal is not in itself so regrettable, for the state board of charities is to take the matter up. The trustees may well seek to escape the unpleasant task of investigating themselves. They may dislike to figure as judges, jurors, and defendants. They may be of the opinion that the findings of men occupying the three positions would not be accepted as conclusive by the community. Men who try themselves usually acquit themselves, whatever may be the evidence. If the state board of charities is to make an open, honest investigation, well and good.

But the trustees do not refuse to investigate because of their peculiar position. They are not sensitive creatures. The reasons they give for nonaction are not such as men of delicate sensibilities or animated by a high sense of duty would assign. The trustees, speaking through Mr. Small, say they "have not received a single communication, either written or verbal, making any charges against the hospital or its employes." They call the detailed charges printed in the newspapers "malicious representations made purely for political purposes." Thus do trustees, who are appointed for political reasons to serve political ends, dismiss charges involving the honor of the state.

It is unnecessary to repeat the long list of charges. Some of them, it is true, emanate from the diseased brains of lunatics," but some lunatics are more truthful than some sane people. It is not the habit of lunatics to make statements to reporters and then, like Trustee Small, impudently deny having made them. But such charges as have been made against the management of the Kankakee asylum, by whomsoever made and in whatsoever manner—verbally, in writing, or in print—would receive the instant attention of trustees who looked on themselves as administrators of a trust not for the benefit of a "machine" but for the good of helpless wards.

No honorable, self-respecting man would whistle down the wind as "malicious misrepresentations" charges he refused to investigate. When the faintest whisper of wrongdoing reaches the ears of trustees worthy of their trust they do not wait for formal charges. They investigate, and when they find that an offense has been committed they do not cover it up, hoping the press will not unearth it.

The trustees beg people who have friends and relatives in the asylum to believe that they have the best possible care and most scientific treatment. The assurances will reassure nobody, for they come from men who say there is nothing to investigate in charges some of which confessedly are true.

The charge that helpless women under the care of the state in an institution run by Mr. Len Small and his associates have been betrayed is tacitly admitted to be true. Instead of investigating, the trustees moralize on the sins of the press and wash their hands of the whole affair. The irresponsibility, the insolence, the degraded character of political management of a charitable institution cannot be more forcibly exemplified.

RECONSTRUCTION OF THE BOER COUNTRY

Gen. Pieter G. Steyn of the staff of ex-President Steyn of the Orange Free State has contributed to the current issue of Collier's Weekly an extremely interesting article upon the question of reconstruction in south Africa. It carries additional weight with it, as Gen. Steyn will head the reconstruction congress of the Transvaal. The general's paper is practical in its nature and is devoted to industrial conditions, with the purpose of showing what the Boer needs and how he will resume the processes of development which were interrupted by the war.

It is assumed at the outset that the mine owners can take care of themselves, as they have such abundant capital to draw upon, and the mining property has not specially suffered from the ravages of war. With the agricultural interests the case is widely different. While the Boers own the land, their houses and outbuildings have been mostly destroyed, and they have neither implements, cattle, nor horses with which to do their work. So far as cattle are concerned they will be brought from Australia and New Zealand, but Gen. Steyn is of opinion that the United States and Canada will have to supply thousands of horses, as horses from these parts are best fitted for work in south Africa. The Boers will also look to this country for plows, agricultural machinery, wagons, and barbed wire, immense quantities of which will be needed.

As to the planting and raising of crops, Gen. Steyn affirms that there will be no difficulty in securing farm labor. The Kaffirs who worked for the Boers before the war will work for them again. He describes their methods of labor as follows:

> A Kaffir family is engaged, and the more members this family has the better. It usually consists of the husband, the wife, several grown up sons, two or three grown up daughters, and a string of children. The female members of the family work in the farmer's house as domestic servants; all the sons who are old enough to work spend their time in the fields; while the Kaffir father of this family simply sits at home and does nothing but eat, sleep, and enjoy himself. The farmer usually supplies the laborers with food—an easy matter, for the Kaffirs live almost entirely on what is known in the United States as corn meal and corn bread. In the matter of payment, one arrangement is to pay the Kaffir in stock, he, in turn, breeding the cattle for his own profit; another arrangement is to pay him by the year, say about $30 or $35 as his cash compensation for twelve months. The extra hands hired at shearing or reaping time are paid a shilling a day.

It is evident from this that the Boer country will supply all its own farm labor and that things to labor with rather than laborers are what will be needed there, though Gen. Steyn is confident that there will be plenty of work for skilled mechanics at good wages, and that while there will not be a boom in trade until after reconstruction is complete, in five years from now exports from this country to Africa will be double what they were in the first year of the war. In the meantime, iron and steel for structural work, machinery for mining operations, material for bridges, and rolling stock for railroads will have to be supplied by the United States.

It is a cheering sign of the rapid reconstruction and future prosperity of south Africa that men like Gen. Steyn, now that adverse fate has compelled them to lay down the sword, are promptly accepting the new situation and devoting themselves to the rehabilitation of their country. It shows that the Boer instead of being dull, phlegmatic, and unprogressive, is alert, wide awake, and farsighted.

JAMES J. HILL AND THE SHIPPERS.

Mr. Hill's public conference with the shippers of Washington is an innovation in the railroad methods as welcome as it is unprecedented. The public has had good reason to believe that in the past there have been private conferences between the biggest shippers and the railroad magnates to the benefit of the preferred shippers, but to the injury of small shippers and of the railroad guilty of favoritism. The invitation extended to the Washington wheat raisers to confer in public with Mr. Hill and the heads of two railroad lines besides his own shows that Mr. Hill still maintains his position in the forefront of his business. Railroad legislation to which Mr. Hill objects is chiefly aimed at discrimination in favor of the larger shippers. If the public conferences mean that that discrimination is to be abolished there will be much less inclination to enact legislation unfavorable to the railroads, and the relations of the public and the roads will be mutually profitable.

Mr. Hill has had a happy thought. He thinks railroad managers and the people whose produce they ship to market will get along better together after they have met face to face and had heart to heart talks. So they will no doubt, and the precedent Mr. Hill has set may well be imitated by other railroad men. The railroad manager should be what politicians call "a good mixer." He should get out among the people and take them into his confidence. He should discuss rates with them openly instead of discussing them privately with the favored few. The more publicity there is about the management of a railroad the better.

PRESIDENT SCHURMAN'S THREE "R'S."

The German women have their three K's kindly given them by their emperor. The schoolmaster long has had the three R's—in which he does not always thoroughly instruct his pupils. President Schurman has obligingly given the republicans three R's to use until the next presidential election. He says:

> I believe the people want to indorse the three "R's"—namely:
> Roosevelt—the nation's leader.
> Reciprocity with Cuba—the nation's duty.
> Revision of the tariff—the nation's interest.

This is pithy and accurate. Evidently President Schurman knows how to employ to good purpose "apt alliteration's artful aid." He has a gift for making party mottoes which has been obscured by his devotion to collegiate duties and to the study of the Philippine question. The republican party should employ him regularly to write the inscriptions on its battle-flags.

Not all alliterative gentlemen are successful. The Rev. Dr. Burchard was most infelicitous with his three R's, to which the defeat of James G. Blaine has been ascribed. The reverend gentleman's war cry of "rum, Romanism, and rebellion" exasperated. That of Roosevelt, reciprocity, and revision is calculated to inspire. The republicans can with safety ring the changes on the three R's.

But if the republican party intends to go into the campaign of 1904 with the motto President Schurman has prepared for it it will be necessary for the party to make a reciprocity agreement with Cuba and take up and act on the question of tariff revision before the campaign fairly begins. The republicans in congress should give the people at the next session what they want in the way of reciprocity with Cuba, and in the next congress give them the tariff revision legislation they desire. Then in November of 1904 the voters will joyfully indorse the party and the three R's.

SAFETY IN OCEAN TRAVEL.

The protection of ocean travelers is considered in the current number of the North American Review by Admiral Melville, engineer in chief of the United States navy. The admiral is of the opinion that the state should require of the ocean lines measures for insuring the safety of passengers and crew similar to those required of the railroads. Twin screws he considers of first importance, since the abolition of all sailing gear on modern vessels deprives them of any secondary motive power in the event of a breakdown of the machinery. Accidents, attended sometimes by the loss of the whole ship's company, are directly attributable to mishaps to the engines of single screw ships, and of these not a few have occurred in the transatlantic passenger service.

The cost of installation for twin screws is only 15 per cent greater than that of single screws, and the cost of maintenance only 2 per cent greater. The gain in safety and the reduction in the cost of insurance together warrant the additional expenditure. Indeed, Admiral Melville goes so far as to recommend the adoption of three screws for the fast vessels of the transatlantic lines. He urges that no mail contracts be awarded any ships which do not have twin screws and double bottoms. The puncture of the single hull of the Rio Janeiro in sight of San Francisco resulted in one of the most appalling maritime catastrophes in the history of navigation. Together with twin screws the double hull permits a division of the ship into compartments to such an extent that sinking is rendered well-nigh impossible. The government pays for lighthouses and charts; it dredges harbors and marks shoals; it protects commerce and rescues distressed vessels. In return it should exercise jurisdiction over shipping in the interest of its citizens who go down to the sea as passengers or members of the ships' crews.

BLENDING WORK AND PLAY.

Men obviously do more work today than they did a generation ago. The increase in the output per capita proves that, but it does not prove that men work harder than they used to. Pessimists sigh at the thought of the money grabbing community by the lake which in three score years has built on a swamp a city of nearly 2,000,000 inhabitants. They look down from the topmost story of a skyscraper and are stunned by the volume of sound that pours up from the streets. In their youth stately trees grew on Wabash avenue and wild pigeons were shot by the score south of the site of the present north side water works. They forget the pioneers who worked sixteen hours a day. The forget that not so long ago men retired from business at 50 years of age, broken in health, while today they work merrily on to three score and ten. Ten years ago there were no golf courses about Chicago. There was none so frivolous as to suppose that solid men of business would play polo or drive a road coach in and out of town; that heads of mercantile houses would leave their houses early on Saturday and arrive at the office three hours late on Monday.

Nowadays men work more intensely when they do work, but, as a rule, they intelligently blend recreation with labor. There are some men who work intensely without recreation. They pay the penalty by breaking down. But they are the exception. Men have learned to take better care of themselves than they used to. The larger their fortunes the more do they realize the fact that they ought to take care of their health.

From top to bottom the rule holds good that men, bankers or bricklayers, work faster and better, for fewer hours, at a higher wage, than a generation ago. It is only the blind who cannot see the improvement. There are a few of the older generation who work in the old way, but the vast majority take time to play, and society is the better for it.

MR. BRYAN'S announcement that he will not be a candidate for president in 1904 is interesting, but not important.

OCCASIONALLY there is a father who teaches his boy to swim by throwing him into deep water and telling him to make the best way to shore; but he stands by to keep the boy from drowning. Remember this, Uncle Sam, while you are watching the struggles of little Cuba.

ALPHABETICALLY, however, Mr. Baldwin still stands near the top in the list of arctic explorers.

IT may be cheaper to cross the English channel by swimming, but recent experiments continue to indicate that the old way is better in all other respects.

"WITH sliced bacon selling at 20 cents a pound," says the Cleveland Leader, "the American swine can hold up his head." That depends somewhat on the price of jowls.

CUBA is trying to solve the problem of how to be happy though starved.

THE subway, of course, will have to be excavated through the city council first.

O, Dowie, Dowie, why don't you preach a little of the gospel of love?

THERE seems to be little danger of a head-on collision between Outlaw Tracy and the officers.

EVANSTON appears to have segregated its poison ivy this year.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Not in Their Set.

"My great-grandfather," she said, "was a drummer boy in the revolutionary army."

"What!" they exclaimed, "not a colonel? Not even a captain?"

And they ostracized her.

No Real Grievance.

Young Wife (with a pout)—"So I am a bird, am I? You used to say I was an angel."

Young Husband—"Well, I still give you credit for having wings, don't I?"

His Epitaph.

Here lies one who, for fifty years,
Appreciated nature's bounty;
For, though a little man, he was
The biggest eater in the county.

Changed Her Mind.

"Miss Riddlecomb," said the well preserved bachelor, "if I may be so bold as to ask the question, why have you never married?"

"Because you never asked me," she replied.

"Well, you can't have that excuse any longer," he eagerly rejoined. "Will you marry me, Jane?"

"No, Mr. Wellon," she said, with a yawn. "You're too late. I am out of the notion now."

Offhand Repartee.

Fair Spectator (in grandstand)—"Why does the band play 'Dixie' every time that left handed pitcher goes to bat?"

The Man—"That's a compliment, I presume, to his south paw."

Another Sufferer.

"You are a victim of the trusts, are you?" the sympathizing mistress of the house asked him.

"Yes'm," said Tuffold Knutt, with his mouth full of victuals. "I'm telling you the truth, mum, w'en I say that this is the fust place out o' fourteen whar I've had a bite o' real meat today."

Slightly Relented.

"You are beautiful, but hard hearted!" exclaimed the young man, with quivering lips.

"Since you have coupled a compliment with an appeal to my generosity," graciously said his hostess, who had won all his money at bridge whist, "I will return you enough to pay your car fare home."

Prosperity's Victim.

"You! Complain of being half-starved on account of the high prices! Why, man, you are making a fortune off your truck farm."

"That's jest it. I cain't afford to eat any of my veg'tables when they're wuth so much in the market, b'gosh!"

PERSONAL.

From this point of vantage it looks as though Gov. Stanley might jump from the chair of the chief executive of the state to the United States senate.

Arturo B. Calva of Porto Rico has passed the examination and will enter West Point. We gather them in from everywhere.

H. C. Whitney, a Colorado man, says he can make it rain every day. Chicago is not given to lynchings, but Mr. Whitney had better not come to this town all the same.

Senator T. C. Platt is running a Sunday school on the piazza of the Oriental hotel at Manhattan beach. The attendance is not large, but the proceedings are interesting.

Those who would like to see Secretary of State Hay in the presidential chair have not even another guess. When Mr. Hay says no it means that there isn't an incident to be closed.

St. Paul's cathedral is going to fall down pretty soon, having shown signs of crumbling, and they are going to see Premier Balfour about it. If he says no, St. Paul's will not fall.

It is quite a shock to many naval officers to learn that a portion of their duties is to go to sea. We have plenty of water and a lot of ships; what is needed is competent officers to look after the latter.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw is not a candidate for the republican presidential nomination. It must make Mr. Roosevelt feel lonesome to be the only man mentioned in connection with this high office.

Gen. Jacob Smith will receive a roaring welcome from the veterans of the Eighth army corps who served in the Philippines. Among those who will engage in the demonstration are the survivors of a picket guard, seventeen of whose comrades were burned at the stake by the Filipinos.

The Day's Work.
[From the Atlanta Constitution.]

I.

The hope and fear
And the failing tear:
But ever this message: "The day's work, dear!"

II.

The cross to bear,
And no crown to wear:
But ever this message: "The day's work, dear!"

III.

No task to shun:
With duty done.
Sweeter the rest when the dreams are won!

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

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It is an Oxford graduate and a crack football player who has just ascended the throne of Zanzibar as its sultan. He dresses wholly in European fashion, and it is only his dusky hue and the curly black hair that betray the African potentate. He is 18 years of age, bears the name of "Sayyd Ali Bin Hamud," is of course a Mohammedan, and belongs to one of the most ancient dynasties in existence—namely: that of Zenj, which for centuries claimed and vindicated the title of "Sovereigns of the Seas." His father, a grand looking old Arab, who abolished the slave trade in his dominions, never visited Europe. But his predecessor on the throne came to England when Lord Beaconsfield was last in office, his visit giving the occasion for one of the best cartoons that ever appeared in Punch. Lord Beaconsfield was represented as urging upon the sultan the necessity of introducing European civilization into Zanzibar, to which the sultan was portrayed as replying: "Remember, O Sheik Ben-Dizzy, conservative party strong in Zanzibar." It was on that occasion, too, that the lord chamberlain's department rendered itself guilty of the ridiculous "faux pas" of selecting "L'Africaine" as the opera to be given at a state performance in the sultan's honor at Covent Garden.

The French courts have just dissolved the marriage of that Russian born adventurer who alternately styles himself "Prince" Savine and "Count de Toulouse-Lautrec," and whose picture figures in almost every rogues' gallery of this continent as that of a singularly successful swindler, who seems to make a specialty of swindling that particular class of rich people who prefer to pocket their loss rather than to face the ridicule and put up with the loss of time and annoyance entailed by prosecuting him. Thanks to this he has been remarkably fortunate in escaping the penalties of his numerous cubas.

The French courts have annulled the marriage to the unfortunate Mlle. Clemence Hervoort, a daughter of respectable and well to do parents in France, on the ground that in marrying her he had intentionally deceived her by falsely representing himself to be "Count de Toulouse-Lautrec," and a scion of that well known house of the French nobility which has one branch in France and the other in Russia, but with neither of which the adventurer Savine—that is his real name—has ever had the slightest relationship.

The impudence of the man will be appreciated when I add that on being confronted by the incontrovertible evidence showing that he had no right whatsoever to the name of "Count Toulouse-Lautrec," and that his claims to relationship were indignantly repudiated by the Russian and French branches of that family, he protested that he nevertheless had a right to that name and title on the ground that he had been naturalized as an American citizen under the name of "Toulouse Lautrec," the papers having been delivered by the Circuit court of Cook county, in Illinois, bearing the date of April 27.

This reminds me of the numerous people bearing ornate handles to their names, and who are indebted for their high sounding titles to Henry Labouchere. When the latter was attached to the British legations at Dresden, Munich, Stuttgart, and other small German courts he was frequently called upon to make out passports for bona fide Englishmen and likewise for foreigners claiming English citizenship, and who had adorned themselves with self-assumed titles of nobility to which they had no vestige of a right.

Labouchere, according to his own admissions, never made the slightest difficulty about inscribing these titles on the passports without any regard to their validity, taking the ground that it gave the applicants for the passports pleasure, hurt nobody, and cost the English government nothing.

The consequence is that there are many titled personages in Europe today whose sole patents of nobility, if I may call them such, are the English passports delivered to their fathers and grandfathers forty years ago or more by Henry Labouchere.

Let me add with regard to the adventurer "Toulouse-Lautrec," that in spite of the annulment of the marriage on the ground of the fraud perpetrated in connection therewith, the girl born to the union is expressly declared by the French courts to be legitimate, the case recalling in a measure that of the reigning prince of Monaco and of his first wife, Lady Mary Hamilton, whose child, the present crown prince of Monaco, was likewise declared to be legitimate, in spite of the annulment of the marriage.

Count Albert Meran, who has just been ordained as a priest, and who has celebrated as such his first mass in the parish church of the village of Aussee, enjoys the distinction of having as one of his great-grandfathers, Emperor Francis I. of Austria, and as the other the postmaster of the village of Aussee. It was the daughter of the postmaster in question who won the heart and the hand of Archduke John of Austria. The latter was passing through the Tyrolese Alpine region and stopped at Aussee in order to change horses and to dine. When the moment came to resume the journey the old postmaster found to his horror that while the necessary horses were there there was no postilion, the man who ordinarily filled that office having been sent off into the mountains to hunt for some lost cattle.

Realizing that her father would lose his job as postmaster if reported at headquarters as not having had a postilion on hand for the service of the archduke, the girl, Anna Piochl, arrayed herself in the breeches, jacket, and jack boots of the postilion, mounted the near wheeler, and drove the archduke's carriage all the way to the next station. As the girl was somewhat buxom, her appearance naturally attracted the attention of the archduke, and before he dismissed her he asked her for an explanation, which he received, along with an entreaty not to visit her father with any punishment.

The archduke was so much fascinated by the adventure, as well as by its heroine, that he returned shortly afterwards to Aussee for the special purpose of becoming better acquainted with the fair Anne, whom he eventually married morganatically, the emperor sanctioning the match and conferring upon the postmaster's daughter the title of Countess Meran, which is now borne by her grandchildren, who are held in high regard by the imperial family, and treated, not, it is true, as princes of the blood but nevertheless as kinsfolk.

A suit for divorce which is attracting an immense amount of attention in Europe is that which has just been brought by the deputy warden of the great Austrian penitentiary of Meollendorf against his wife, in which he cites the ex-Captain Count Keglevitch as co-respondent and as the cause of his domestic misfortunes.

The ex-captain, it may be remembered, is undergoing a long term of penal servitude as a party to those frauds by means of which he is said to have obtained large sums of money for Princess Philip of Saxe-Coburg-Kohary on bills bearing the forged signature of her sister, the ex-Crown Princess Stephanie (now Countess Lonjay).

But it is generally believed, and has frequently been alleged in the press and even in the national legislature, that the real crime for which the ex-captain is suffering is for that of having been the companion of the flight of the princess when she abandoned her home and her husband.

There are some, of course, who will be tempted to assert that the present suit for divorce has been devised for the purpose of destroying public sympathy for the former "cavaliere servente" of the Belgian king's eldest daughter.

Used to Generals, Probably.
[From the Philadelphia Times.]

Back in the summer of 1871 Benjamin Harrison, with a party of fourteen, made up of members of his family and some friends, started from Rye Beach, N. H., for Center Harbor. The neighborhood was then popular with tourists, and he thought it well to telegraph ahead for rooms. As he was about to sign the telegram he said to a friend:

"I never make use of my title—don't believe in that sort of thing; but—well, do you think we'd fare better if I wrote 'general' before my name? Do you think they'd care that we got nice rooms?"

"Certainly!" was the friend's reply.

The wire was sent. When the party of fourteen arrived, the ladies were told at the hotel that they could have pallets on the parlor floor, while the men could get nothing better than side by side chairs in the reception room. General Harrison never again tried to make an impression by using his title.

JOCKO'S WHEREABOUTS.

Elephant—"Is the dentist engaged?"

Alligator—"Well—er—yes. He's filling some of my back molars. I find he can get at them much better from the inside."

"Manners"

It is difficult to resist the conviction that manners are dying out. They are no longer particularly conspicuous amongst us, and they appear to be incompatible with our modern and western state of civilization.

This is not intended for a paradox, and the contradiction is more apparent than real, civilization in any form having little or nothing in common with good manners, as any one can see for himself who considers for a moment the stately courtesy (frequently mentioned in truthful books of travel) shown

"STATELY COURTESY—OF UNCIVILIZED ARABS."

towards strangers by high caste but uncivilized Arabs in the wilderness and elsewhere. The average highly trained and educated undergraduate, these travelers further say, is little more than a clumsy boor by the side of one of these shabby, perhaps dirty, but invariably stately and dignified sheiks. Of course we all know that it would not do for an undergraduate to be stately, and that there is an unmistakable dignity and distinction about eastern laziness, or repose as it is called, which does not characterize western energy and directness; this may account for part at least of these traditional good manners which the greatest number of us must take upon trust.

Differences of race have more to do with the question than degrees of civilization. The civilized Japanese are exquisitely polite; Sir Edwin Arnold declares that Europeans, for all their superior western culture, are far inferior to them in that respect; and Miss Bird testifies to the fact that the aboriginal Ainos, hairy wild men of the woods of Japan, are just as polite in their way.

The formalities of all codes of courtesy

"RUBBING NOSES A POLITE FORM."

and manners, being purely symbolical and traditional for every nationality and race, are meaningless unless one is used to them. Rubbing noses is a polite form amongst savages which we do not precisely appreciate, but if a savage were to notice one of our athletic young men of the period meeting a young lady friend, the savage would likewise fail to understand how a simple rubbing of a soft cap backwards and forwards on the head could convey a graceful recognition and compliment, which nevertheless it does. The young lady accepts it as such, and there is no more to be said. It is, like the military salute or the touching of a hat or cap of an inferior, only a symbolic formula for the uncovering of the head, reduced to its most convenient and simple dimension.

The youth who rubs his cap on his head is therefore absolved from any intentional or unconscious want of manners. It is far from graceful, but that is not the question here, which is whether good manners are still as necessary and advantageous as they used to be. His rudeness and clumsiness is natural and comes from the heart, where true politeness is said to reside. In places where he is allowed to smoke he will even rub his match on the back of the unair occupied by his lady friend with an unconsciousness of offense and, a delightful assurance of intimacy which is not without a certain charm.

Love or happiness is thus attainable with a minimum of manners which would have startled our punctilious forefathers, but as we have retained nothing worth mentioning pertaining to their social life, why should we burden ourselves with their antiquated notions of formalities and restraint, out of keeping with the free, democratic, athletic, open air life of the present day?

The "laudatores temporis acti," and they who recommend the exquisite manners of the sheiks to our notice, ought not to forget that these charming effusions are singularly superficial. The sheik may be as urbane and courteous as only a sheik can be, but if he does not then and there, as Kinglake of "Eothen" fame discovered, offer you bread and salt, he means to murder you. Other travelers have discovered that any amount of the Mohammedan equivalent for bowing

"RUBS HIS CAP ON HIS HEAD."

and scraping can go hand in hand with this unfriendly and disobliging intention.

It is this element of insincerity, in short, unavoidable as it is in all courtly manners, which make them so unsuitable for our modern civilization. There are still professional humbugs—these, like the poor, we shall always have with us—but in our daily intercourse we pride ourselves, either from conviction or necessity, on bluntness and frankness of speech and manner in our conversation with men and women. Especially with women. Considering their just claims, the finest compliment, the most pleasing attention we can pay them is to take them at their word, as one of ourselves, and to pass them when we meet with a nod, just a rub of the cap, and a "How d'ye do." And, all trifling apart, they are so much in sport, in arts and sciences, that an elaborate ceremonial is difficult to keep up.

But have not free and easy manners a charm of their own, an unaffected naturalness which we so much admire in some cases? Does any one really want to see a display of the priggish marionette manners of Sir Charles Grandison or Lord Chesterfield under the electric lamps? Who wishes to see a revival of the languishing business of the time of Clarissa, to replace the delightfully free and pleasant public intercourse of young men and girls of the present day, quite as free from harm as that intercourse ever was—due only to the resolutely setting aside of what used to be called the good manners of our forefathers! There is no truer proverb than "Autres temps, autres moeurs," and our manners, as fitting the times and circumstances, are no doubt as good as they have any need to be.

When a Senatah Is a Liah.
[From the New York Times.]

The venerable Senator Pettus of Alabama is one of the most genial and popular as well as one of the most influential members of the body to which he belongs. To an acquaintance who was congratulating him upon the completeness with which he had suppressed in debate a bumptious new senator, the Nestor of the senate explained:

"Well, suh, it's like this. When a new senatah assuahs the senate of the United States that he knows mo' about the pending question than all the rest of them put togethah they believe him. When he repeats that assu'ance next day about an entiahly different question theih acquiescence is tinged with incredulity. When, on the thuhd day he renews it about a thuhd question theih suspicions ah aroused. And when, on the fo'th day, he says the same thing about a fo'th question, unrelated to any of the othahs, they know he is a liah."

Devery's Fight in the Ninth.
[New York Correspondent Pittsburg Dispatch.]

Whatever may be "Big Chief" Devery's belief in the matter of woman's rights and woman suffrage, he believes that the weaker sex can play an important part in his campaign, and he has already taken steps to bring their influence to bear. Beginning at home, he enlisted the services of Mrs. Devery in the work of spreading relief among the needy of the district, and now a score of her women friends have taken up the work. Every one of the needy is relieved. Then the fair benefactresses impress upon the receptive minds of their charges that Mr. Devery's generosity was the factor which brought the clothes and the food and medicine. That he would make a good leader in the Ninth district is then hinted at in no unmistakable terms. What effect this new method of electioneering will have is just now puzzling the anti-Devery ites. Never before has the Ninth seen women in its political field.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS

REALLY HUMOROUS STORY.

Barry Pain's "The One Before" a Thoroughly Enjoyable Book.

The task of reading a 250 page novel by an English humorist, even when that humorist is Barry Pain, is not, at the first thought, one which an American will take up with much avidity, but one reviewer, at least, is ready to recommend "The One Before" (Charles Scribner's Sons) as a sure cure for the blues or any other temperamental ailment of the human race. A more delightful bit of nonsense has not come out of England since "Vice Versa" and "The Tinted Venus," when Anstey was at his best. Like Anstey's tales, this book of Pain's hangs upon the supernatural, but even eliminating that factor the story would still be a most delightful bit of writing, with a set of characters which tried novelists might not always equal.

There have been many who wished for a humorous novel to relieve the thirst caused by the great Sahara of recent fiction. Well, here it is—a trifling thing, maybe, but well conceived, well worked out, and well written. It has broad humor and wit, which, while not exactly sparkling, is nevertheless enjoyable. It has a plot which, aside from the supernatural element, is perfectly reasonable, and it has characters original and well sustained.

We have no intention of telling Mr. Pain's tale here. It is too good to be abridged in a notice of this sort, but the supernatural factor is based upon the possession of a ring with the properties of transmitting to each wearer the temper and characteristics possessed by the one who had the ring before the present owner got it. Aside from the change wrought by the advent of the ring in the household of a "two-pence-ha'penny suburban souled domestic tyrant," the pursuit of some London curio dealers to recover it, a large reward having been offered for it by some foreign potentate who once possessed it, furnishes much of the fun. There is a deal in the book which Doyle might have made Sherlock Holmes creditably do. If you are tired of secret casements and duels on the staircase, read "The One Before." If you are weary of Richelieu as a marplot of love, read "The One Before." If you are impatient at encountering George Washington, Napoleon, Benedict Arnold, or Abraham Lincoln masquerading in fiction, ditto. If adventures in mythical European kingdoms pall upon you—ibid.

The book is thoroughly enjoyable from beginning to end, and, strange to say, the pictures actually have something to do with the text. They are by Tom Browne.

LIFE OF A DUTCH MASTER.

"Gerard Dou," by W. Martin. Translated from the Dutch by Clara Bell. The Macmillan company.

A welcome addition to all art libraries will be the book on "Gerard Dou," by W. Martin. Until its appearance nothing of importance had been written about this artist. Quite recently an American painter, desiring information in regard to Dou and his works, searched through the British museum in vain for some book that would enlighten him.

The opening chapter is full of interest. It depicts the art situation in Holland at the beginning of the seventeenth century as far from ideal and says that even at that time dealers were selling copies for originals. The markets were filled with all kinds of works, and prices for the best were small. The artist was forced to make his living outside of his art. Leyden, the birthplace and residence of Dou, was the center of such traffic and the artists were forced to form a guild in order to protect themselves.

It is not surprising to learn that Dou had fame in his lifetime and received good prices for his pictures, for his art was the kind that appealed, and still appeals, to the uneducated public. It is detailed and highly polished, "so that it is a pleasure to go near it and marvelous when examined under the microscope." Dou's mind was highly analytical and his power of vision remarkable in the amount of detail that it could see. Coupled to a highly trained hand he transmitted to canvas more than the ordinary individual could perceive. Unlike his master, Rembrandt, who went through a similar period, he never developed breadth of artistic rendering, but remained a perfect machine to the end.

Mr. Martin has produced a complete and carefully prepared work that contains a large number of excellent reproductions. He has traveled and collected material that has enabled him to correct certain errors in the attribution of Dou's works and has produced a book that is an authority on this subject. His research reveals the fact that there are 382 pictures and drawings by Dou. Of these Mr. Martin accepts 281 as genuine. One hundred and eighty-seven, known to be in various public and private collections, are given at the end of the book with their sizes, and, in most cases, a full description. Eighty-three are either lost or their owners are not known, and these are omitted.

SCIENTIFIC BIBLE—IN RHYME.

Mary A. Hunt of this city has published what she calls "The Scientific Bible." On the title page are the words, "Reason—Revelation—Rapture. Twentieth Century Testimony. Nature and 'Me'—One. Knowable, Human, Natural, Personal God. Self-Eternal Substance. Natural Law." It consists of seventy-six pages of rhyme, the merits of which may be judged by the following:

For It is all that is or was,
And I am it. The link
To all of nature's lovely laws
Is in myself, I think.
Then would I grasp her mighty power,
Her mysteries unlock;
Down deep within myself I dive,
And find foundation—rock.

The chemic gas and mineral
Their characters express,
And never violate themselves,
Argue, suppose, or guess.
The lion, eagle, fawn, and flower,
No law of life transgress,
And man likes them, true to himself,
Does nothing more nor less.

Man is the "Two Old Testament"—
The woman is the New.
The former is a he affair,
And to that nature true.
Their God was "him"—their devil male;
Their prophets, priests, and kings
Were masculine—their angels were
Great boys with flying wings.

Their saviors were the sterner sex,
Male evidence sublime,
Mohammed, Bhudda, Yogis—all
Affirm their me and "mine."
The "testimonial law" is true
As needle to the pole—
The feminine fulfills the fact,
And justifies the whole.

The woman is the "book of law"
That verifies the plan—
She is the "word of truth,"
The bible for the man.
Beyond all doubt she is herself,
And loves her radiant me
Better by far than any man,
Because she is a she.

Fills full the octave infinite,
A prophetess and queen,
The ripest her realm of thought—
A sovereign, I ween.
A scientist, and poetess,
A priestess and a scribe—
An I, L, D.—Me, Me, Me, Me
(The revelation—bride).

Night Side of London.

"The Night Side of London" is the title of a beautifully printed and illustrated volume by Ewen Macbray (J. B. Lippincott company), which deals with the seamy side of the English metropolis. It is a detailed report of a series of visits which the author, with the artist, Tom Browne, took in the various places described. As its author, with characteristic English journalistic naïvete, admits, he has not described some of the more interesting night life of London because the police would not give him permission to go with them. Imagine an American reporter being balked by a little thing like that. He has described the squalid life on the streets at night when the Anglo-Saxon is at his best and worst, the scenes in the music halls and the free and easies, among the costers, in the theaters, in society, the restaurants of all grades, and in all the range of clubdom. There is a chapter on the hoppers' Saturday night, when the laborers come up to London to enjoy themselves, and the New Year's night debauches are given in careful detail, all with the result of making the reader think that the Englishman spends most of his time and money in liquor. Mr. Browne's pictures are fair drawings of the sort one sees in penny papers in this country. Mr. Macbray writes a sort of gumbo English, which makes all the more offensive his frequent references, "As our American friends would say," "as they would call it in America," etc.

$25.00 Round Trip to Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo.

$25.00 to Glenwood Springs and return, via Chicago and Northwestern railway. Selling daily Aug. 1 to 14, good until Oct. 31 to return. Two trains daily. The best of everything. Tickets, 212 Clark street. Telephone Central 721, and Wells Street Station.

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

A Scheme That Failed.

BY MARTHA MORRIS.

"I'M quite too delighted to see you, dear," exclaimed Violet Grant as she clasped her cousin's hands in warm welcome, "and, of course, you know that it's to be quite the biggest ball of the year—and really, dear, balls are quite too delightfully new and fresh to me. They hold some wonderful fascination for me which it is impossible to explain."

"Yes, of course, I understand," returned Veronica, the blasé city cousin, and she let her big, blue, handsome eyes travel leisurely over Violet, "you are young and everything is new to you—glitters, as it were, but really it seems scarcely credible that but a few months ago you were in the land of arithmetic and geography, and now you are 'out'—and quite the rage, I hear."

Violet laughed lightly and her color came and went quickly.

Great indeed were the changes that had taken place "just a few months ago," for during that time Violet had grown into an immensely pretty and graceful girl. There was a sweet, refreshing simplicity, a charming winsomeness of manner which the worldly-wise Veronica foresaw would inevitably prove fatal to mankind as a whole.

She frowned and instinctively felt that this innocent young cousin of hers might possibly prove to be a somewhat dangerous rival. Only a year and a half previously Veronica had scoffed at the proposal of a penniless, though exceedingly devoted, cavalier, had haughtily refused to even "hear him out," and had finally swept from his presence with the regal air of a queen, demanding that no further attempt should be made to address her on that subject.

But it is the unexpected that inevitably happens, and it certainly occurred in this case, for through the sudden death of a wealthy uncle, a "railway king," Dudley Maitland had succeeded to that personage's vast possessions, and Veronica, reading the turn events had taken, resolved if possible to recover, by strategy if by no other means, the ground she had lost. Hence her visit to her aunt's country house.

"You won't mind sharing my room, will you, dear?" cries Violet, as the little circle sat and chatted over their afternoon cups of tea, "you see the house is literally packed, and——"

"O, I shan't mind anything," replied Veronica, deliberately, "that is, provided I have a good time."

. . . . . .

"Her beauty," said Veronica to herself, "if I could only mar that, not permanently, but just temporarily, to prevent her from attending this ball. What can—what can I do?"

She walked over to the looking glass. She surveyed the accessories on the dressing table. A little accident happens so easily, she mentally concluded, and she lifted her head with an air of superiority and self-satisfaction characteristic to her nature. And later on, when Violet returned to her room, she was delighted to find her cousin looking so fresh and radiant.

"What pretty hair you have, child," remarked Veronica later.

Violet only laughed.

"Do you really think so? Mr. Maitland often declares that it looks as if I have been playing among the currant bushes, but I think he likes it just the same," replied Violet innocently.

"Now, mine absolutely will not wave," said Veronica, slowly, still regarding her cousin—"of course, I mean not without recourse to pins and tongs, etc. Naturally curly hair is indeed something to be right down thankful for."

"Is it, really?" asked Violet, laughingly.

"It is." And then both cousins lapsed into silence.

Finally the time arrived for both girls to retire for the purpose of lingering long over their respective toilets—a matter of the utmost importance.

Suddenly there was a loud shriek of dismay, and Violet's loveliness was marred.

She dashed into her mother's room with eyes blinded with scalding tears.

"Look! O, look!" she cried, scarcely knowing what she said. "I shan't be able to go to the ball! O, and I'm dying to go! Did you ever see such a fright before? Veronica did it, but it was quite an accident! Do not scold her for it," seeing the look of dismay on her mother's face, "she is as distressed as I am. O, but it does seem hard; I shall be marked for weeks!"

"But however did it happen, dear?" asked Mrs. Grant as soon as she was able to speak.

"The tongs, dear," replied Violet, still sobbing. "You see, she was doing her hair, and the hot tongs sprang from her fingers and struck my face! It was purely an accident, but I am so sorry!"

"So am I, Vi," returned the elder woman, "so am I."

Apparently Veronica was terribly concerned, but all the sympathy and suggested remedies were of no avail. Nothing could possibly erase the ugly scar from Violet's cheek; and finally it was declared that she must forego the ball, great though the pain of so doing would be.

"You can write Dudley a little note, my dear," said her mother, when she and Violet were alone; "that will be politic and polite. You must not let him think you rude, and you know you promised him the waltzes. Poor child! I'm so sorry!"

The respective vehicles accordingly arrived, and as Veronica kissed her cousin good-night she had never looked more radiantly lovely. Gems of wonderful brilliancy glittered in her hair, on her neck and arms. Her dress was of some rich, soft, clinging material, and she carried herself like a queen as she swept out of the room where her cousin lay upon the bed bemoaning the irony of fate.

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Allured by the appealing eyes and coaxing words of his fair partner, Dudley Maitland became the victim of the moment, and it was not long ere he was escorting her away from the throng of merry dancers into comparative solitude.

"This is quite like old times," Veronica said, as they entered the cool conservatory and sat down.

"Not quite," returned Maitland, somewhat absently. "Indeed, times have changed considerably since we last met."

This was a discordant note, and Veronica did not feel quite at her ease.

"I'm so glad you came tonight, Dudley," she said, as though involuntarily breathing her thoughts aloud.

Maitland raised his eyebrows slightly, but she failed to notice that danger signal.

"Why?" he asked, somewhat brusquely.

"How strangely you speak," she returned, nervously, "but do you really care to know?"

"Naturally, I am interested."

Veronica toyed with the petals of a rosebud, and her eyes were cast upon the ground.

"Because I have wanted to see you, to speak to you, to tell you how bitterly sorry I am for my cruel words! I think I must have been mad!" she said softly. "I came back to the drawing room," she went on in the same tone, while her eyes remained still downcast, "but you had gone, and I have never known a happy moment since!"

Now, had Veronica's conscience permited her to look into the eyes of the man at her side, with those wonderful liquid orbs of hers, it is possible that the fascination of her gaze might have blinded him to the false ring of her words, but, as it was, he felt neither pleased nor flattered.

"I am sorry if you have been unhappy," he returned, lightly, "but in these rapid times it does not do to grieve over the dark and empty past."

"Not dark, nor empty," she said, with mock tenderness and well affected concern; "but tell me, Dudley, have you forgotten all the past?"

"All!" he repeated, suavely. "I suppose you mean the days when the smiles were for others and the frowns for me. Bah! What a mad headed fool I must have been! But you taught me a lesson, Veronica, and it was well laid to heart."

"Do not speak of it," she exclaimed brokenly; "I have told you. Can you still be so unforgiving?"

"There is nothing to forgive," he replied; "you certainly seemed to prefer any society to mine in the old days of which you speak, and I could never bear you malice on that score!"

"But, Dudley," she said, so softly that her words were scarcely perceptible, "I have suffered so, truly I have seen the error of my ways, the magnitude of my terrible cruelty to you! Come, say you forgive me, and let us be friends again."

"No," he returned, firmly, even fiercely, "that can never be, Veronica! You must not forget that even the most beautiful and accomplished woman has no right to play with a man's heart as if were a worthless toy to be taken up or cast down at pleasure. And may I ask you to excuse me now? I have an important engagement to attend to. Allow me." And pale and trembling in every limb Veronica once more entered the ballroom.

. . . . . .

Violet had watched the several vehicles drive away with eager and tearful eyes. How she longed to be among the merry throng! Finally she resolved to drown her heart ache in the pages of a novel.

But she could not fix her mind, try as she would; so towards midnight she again took up her stand by the window and looked out into the dark and starless night. Presently she turned, for she fancied she heard a footfall.

"Why, Dudley," she almost shrieked, "you here! Whatever brings you at this hour when you ought to be doing duty to the people in general?"

"I wanted you," he replied tenderly, "and you are more to me than all the people in the world!"

"But look at me," she said, shyly; "I do believe I am disfigured for life! Do you not think so?"

And for an answer she was clasped in a warm embrace, and kisses were showered upon her. And later, when Maitland left her, there was a new and even softer expression in her eyes, a brighter and more winsome expression about her mouth. Her heart was happy, and she went up the old oaken staircase humming the air of an old love song.

. . . . . .

"Have you enjoyed yourself, Veronica, dear?" exclaimed a voice, and a curly head appeared above the bed clothes.

Veronica was silent for a time, her heart beat too fast.

"There was no one in particular that I wished to see," she replied, finally. "Dudley Maitland was there, but he was infinitely disagreeable, and evidently made himself conspicuous by his absence."

Violet's face became dyed with blushes.

"Veronica," she half whispered, "he came here. He asked me to marry him, and——"

"Asked you to marry him?" repeated her cousin, incredulously; "I suppose you said yes."

"I did, dear. He saw this terrible scar, but he does not mind in the least, so he told me. So you see, dear, you were the means of bringing us together, after all."

ENGAGEMENT IS ANNOUNCED OF CHICAGO GIRL TO CLEVELAND MAN.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Crosby of 604 Division street yesterday announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Abbie Crosby, to Mr. Carl Dautel of Cleveland. Miss Crosby has just returned from school at Cleveland, and will be one of this winter's debutantes. Mr. Dautel is a Cornell man, and a lawyer. He will visit the family of his fiancée next Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Crosby's daughters, Mrs. Joseph Wassall and Miss Helen Runnion, are in London. Mrs. Wassall has been the guest of Mrs. Nat Goodwin all summer. Miss Runnion has been visiting the cathedral towns of England in company with Mrs. Scudder, Miss Kathleen Scudder, and Miss Ethel Hooper.

The wedding of Miss Gertrude F. White and Mr. Edward Driga Tyler will be celebrated Thursday evening, Aug. 28, at St. Andrew's church. The ceremony will be followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, 73 Seeley avenue.

Miss Hazel Haskell will be the maid of honor at the wedding of her cousin, Miss Shirley Fuller, to Mr. Louis McLane Hobbins in Madison on Aug. 14. A number of Chicago people will attend the wedding, which will be an outdoor affair at 6 o'clock.

The marriage is announced of Miss Lillian B. Morse, daughter of Mrs. Isabel Fleetwood Morse of 438 Elm street, to Mr. William Parker Smith on Saturday, Aug. 2. The wedding was a quiet one.

Aug. 23 will be children's day at the Onwentsia club, and a special program is being prepared.

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Skinner have taken an apartment at 602 Division street, and will live there for two months, while Mr. Skinner is preparing "Lazarre" for the stage.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Comes, who were in England for several months, have sailed for home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Rockwood returned from Charlevoix to their home in Elmhurst.

Mrs. Lucius G. Fisher of 317 Erie street sailed for Europe last week to join her daughters, the Misses Fisher.

Gen. and Mrs. F. H. Winston have gone to Pittsfield, Mass., and will remain in the east until September.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Cochrane have returned from a visit to Dr. and Mrs. Robert H. Harvey at Mackinac.

Mrs. Francis C. Waller of 335 Rush street is the guest of Mrs. Roland Whitney at Waquetonsing.

Mr. A. W. Buttolph, accompanied by his son, Roy Buttolph, and Mr. John G. Shedd, have left for a trip through Colorado and the Yellowstone park.

The Germania Männerchor bulletin for August has been issued by the club. There will be ladies' nights each Thursday, with prizes for high scores in bowling. Tomorrow evening there will be music on the loggia, and on the evening of Aug. 21 there will be a loggia party with dancing. A skat tournament will be held next Wednesday evening.

WORDS OF APPRECIATION.

An anniversary edition of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, commemorative of its removal into a new and handsome building, calls attention to the growth of the west and the progress of modern journalism. When THE TRIBUNE made its appearance in 1847 Chicago was a small frontier village, the Mexican war was in progress, the Pacific coast had not been acquired, and the Mississippi was the frontier. Wondrous changes have come to the west, to the nation itself, since the first copy of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE was printed.

THE TRIBUNE always has been a clean, bold, outspoken, progressive journal, not always right from the standpoint of the News, but always energetic and influential. It has numbered on its editorial staff some of the brightest and best journalists of their time—Scripp, Ray, Medill, Bross, Denslow, and many others. Its standing in the northwest was made during the days of the great anti-slavery struggle, when it was a vigorous advocate of freedom in the territories. It was a stanch supporter of John C. Fremont for the presidency and of Lincoln in his great contest with Douglas. It has retained a hold on the people of the middle west, as we now call it, that is well deserved. —Rocky Mountain News (Denver).

It Deserves Success.

Big in aspirations, big in achievements, THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE recently issued a big supplement in commemoration of the occupancy of its big new building. THE TRIBUNE has grown big with the city of Chicago, for it was first issued in a little frame building when the western metropolis had a population of only 16,850. Today our respected contemporary is sending forth news which, in time, will be dignified as a chronicle of important events in the world's transactions. THE TRIBUNE has been successful because it deserves success. Brains and, incidentally, money, have made the great newspaper a power, a power which has always been exerted in behalf of good government and of splendid progress. Good luck to the big TRIBUNE!—Albany (N. Y.) Press and Knickerbocker.

Deserves Its Prosperity.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, which is one of the leading newspapers of the United States, has entered into possession of its new twelve story building and signalizes the event by issuing a special number, richly illustrated, and containing much curious and valuable history concerning the growth of Chicago and THE TRIBUNE. We have read THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE for some months past with great satisfaction, considering its editorial department fair minded, even tempered, and usually correct, while its news columns are always abreast of the time. This Tribune bears with satisfaction of the continued prosperity of its Chicago namesake, a satisfaction which is all the greater because that prosperity is deserved.—Altoona (Pa.) Tribune.

Evidences Power and Purpose.

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE celebrates its removal to its splendid new building with a special edition of most attractive nature as well as of striking proportions. We are given an interesting narration of this great newspaper's progress from June 10, 1847, up to the present day—when it wields a power significantly evidenced in this special issue both by the numerous illustrations showing the different offices and departments of the new building and by the full page picture of "the Tribune family at its annual dinner, Jan. 1, 1902"—an impressive group indeed. The whole issue evidences THE TRIBUNE'S progressive power and purpose.—Boston (Mass.) Ideals.

From the Bottom to the Top.

Whenever the Argus is overshadowed it never hesitates to admit it. And that is what was done by THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE the same week of the souvenir edition of the Argus. We have long admired THE TRIBUNE, one of the world's greatest metropolitan newspapers, and congratulate its present management upon moving into THE TRIBUNE'S new and magnificent building, and also upon its souvenir edition chronicling that event. The story of THE TRIBUNE is a fascinating one.—Brookfield (Mo.) Argus.

Indicates Advancement.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, the pioneer newspaper of Chicago, recently moved into its new building, it being the paper's seventh move since its establishment in 1847 in a little one story frame building. In the beginning THE TRIBUNE was printed on a Washington hand press. Today in its new quarters, hid beneath the level of the ground and twelve stories of steel, stone, and marble, it has a press room that cost $750,000, equipped with presses, the fastest in the world. Is there anything that indicates more truly the advancement and progress of the last half century? THE TRIBUNE celebrates its removal into its new home in a mammoth special edition, partly printed in colors, in which the story of its wonderful evolution is told. THE TRIBUNE is a great newspaper in a great city of a great state.—Louisville (Ill.) Republican.

Has Kept Pace with the City.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, which is emphatically one of the great newspapers of the country, has just issued a handsome special number to commemorate its removal to a new twelve story home. The first number of THE TRIBUNE was issued June 10, 1847, from a little frame building in Clark street. The population of Chicago at that time was less than 17,000; it is now 1,800,000, and THE TRIBUNE has kept pace with the city.—Los Angeles (Cal.) Herald.

A Potent Force.

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE issued a "blow your own horn" edition on July 23, which, as far as giving points on the growth and development of Chicago in general and THE TRIBUNE in particular, is a hummer. It contains fifty-two pages of matter gotten up in an artistic and readable style, and traces the steady growth of the city and paper from the time the latter was launched in the world in June, 1847, in a little frame shanty through seven moves until it has now reached a magnificent twelve story structure all its own. Next to the New York Herald, THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE has maintained the even tenor of its way in conservative journalism through its long and meritorious existence. It has never stooped to sensationalism and has always stood by republican principles and has been a potent force in molding the sentiment of the great middle west.—Montrose (Colo.) Press.

A Splendid Newspaper.

The Age has received from the publisher of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE a copy of its issue for Wednesday, July 23—a special number gotten out in honor of the occupancy by THE TRIBUNE of its new twelve story building. It is a splendid edition, the color work being especially fine, and it contains (among a vast amount of excellent reading matter of all kinds on its fifty-two pages) an interesting account of the paper's career from 1847 to the present time.—The Pythian Age (Milwaukee).

Carefully and Ably Managed.

We are in receipt of THE DAILY CHICAGO TRIBUNE of July 23, which is a mammoth sheet. THE TRIBUNE is one of the leading papers of this country. Its editorials are those of men of the highest ability and conversant with affairs of state and church and all matters pertaining to the editing and publishing of a great and leading newspaper. The great success it has attained show that it has been carefully and ably managed.—Dayton (Ore.) Herald.

Always a Power.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE is one of the greatest newspapers in the United States. It was founded in June, 1847, when Chicago had a population of less than 17,000, and has had continued and well deserved success. Last week it took possession of a handsome new twelve story building, erected for its use and especially adapted for its purposes, and it celebrated the occasion by issuing a fifty-two page illustrated paper, which gave an interesting account of the history of the paper, of the progress made in the last fifty-five years, and of the immense development of Chicago. THE TRIBUNE is the paper with which Mr. Joseph Medill was so long connected. It has always been a power in politics on the republican side and it is a paper generally of which the Chicago people may well be proud.—St. John (Can.) Globe.

Is a Leader.

In the field of newspaperdom there is none to compare with THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE—no, not one. For more than a half century it has been the favorite in the west and its age has improved it. It has always been a leader and in many instances it has led where others could not follow. THE TRIBUNE recently moved into a palatial new building of its own—a twelve story structure whose every line was drawn, whose every stone was laid with an eye to making it, from its foundation, deep in the earth, to its cornice ornamentation, the handsomest, best appointed, and most substantial newspaper home in the world. Last week a special edition of fifty-two pages was issued—a superbly illustrated and well written paper, which showed the marvelous progress THE TRIBUNE has made from the 250 an hour hand press and the hand composition of 1847 to the 90,000 an hour electric press and the forty-three type casting machines of 1902. And the history of THE TRIBUNE is so closely interwoven with the history of Chicago and the great west that to write or read one is to write or read the other. May the luxurious quarters of THE TRIBUNE not operate to change its broad and liberal policy nor to displace it from its post at the head of American newspapers.—Wittenberg (Wis.) Enterprise.

Chicago's Best Daily.

The News received a few days since a July number of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, which was really a welcome visitor, for it contained a graphic description of the new Tribune building, as well as electrotype cuts of the "old boys," press, and work rooms, ye associate editor having worked on THE TRIBUNE as a printer in 1871 and in later years corresponded for it. After fifty-five years THE TRIBUNE is now housed in one of the few model printing offices of the world, 121 feet on Madison street and 144 feet on Dearborn, 168 feet high, twelve stories, of Bedford stone, gray brick, and terra cotta, put together in Italian style of architecture. THE TRIBUNE dates from 1847, and is one of the institutions of Chicago and also its best daily.—Knowlton (Ia.) News.

One of the Best.

The Courier is in receipt of the fifty-fifth anniversary edition of THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE. It is a fine specimen of the printer's art. THE TRIBUNE is one of the best dailies published and is also one of the best advertising mediums in the United States.—Plano (Tex.) Courier.

Work of Art.

We received a copy of the special edition of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, commemorative of its fifty-fifth anniversary. It is a work of art. THE TRIBUNE is one of the greatest of American newspapers.—Dalmatia (Pa.) Item.

Utilization of Knowledge.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE celebrated its occupation of its new home by issuing a souvenir edition of sixty pages, many of them real works of art in colors. THE TRIBUNE has one of the most complete printeries in existence, and its fifty-five years of active work in the work of the world has given it the "know how" to make one of the greatest of papers. It has fully utilized its knowledge in this direction.—Philadelphia Shield of Hohor Advocate.

BIG RETAIL STORE TAKEN OVER.

Henry Siegel Takes Possession of Recently Purchased Interest in Schlesinger & Mayer Business.

The recent purchase by Henry Siegel of a half interest in the retail store of Schlesinger & Mayer took effect yesterday. A new company, of which Mr. Siegel is president, took possession of the business. David Mayer is vice president of the new company, Frank E. Vogel, vice president of Siegel, Cooper & Co., is treasurer, and B. F. Schlesinger secretary. The capitalization of the new company is $3,000,000 in bonds and $2,500,000 in stock.

The old building at Madison and State streets will be torn down and a handsome twelve-story fireproof structure will be erected. The business will be reorganized on modern, aggressive lines.

Henry Siegel is now at the head of three great retail houses, Siegel, Cooper & Co., Schlesinger & Mayer, and the Simpson-Crawford company of New York.

E. W. GROVE.

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day. 25 cents.

FREIGHT TRAIN DROPS 72 FEET.

One Man Killed and Several Others Injured in Accident Near Peebles, Ohio.

Peebles, O., Aug. 5.—In a freight wreck on the Norfolk and Western near here today one man was killed, four injured, and two are missing.

The dead and injured are trainmen and the missing are tramps.

The coal train, drawn by two engines, fell through a trestle seventy-two feet high, which was being repaired. The foremost engine passed safely, but the second with the cars made the plunge.

Hannibal, Mo., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—A minstrel company, carrying twenty-five people, was in a wreck here today. In passing through the railway yards a switch engine collided with the train. The car occupied by the minstrel troupe was turned over and dragged about 100 feet before the train was brought to a standstill. Five members of the company were injured as follows:

George Ward, treasurer; Harry Ward, manager; William Stettler, cornist; William Morris, orchestra leader; and Charles Ibera, song and dance performer.

Yes, but ours is a shirt of another collar! It's neglige shirts we're talking about. Blue and white, pink and white, black and white stripes, now 60c; were $1 and $1.50. 95c for our $1.50 "Stars" and "Manhattans."

Straw hat prices are down to about 50c on the dollar; many even lower. Panamas, Porto Ricans, coarse and fine braid sailors, etc.

F. M. ATWOOD,
THE ROGERS, PEET & CO. CLOTHING
"ATWOOD BLDG.," Cor. Clark and Madison Sts. We fill orders by mail.

Low Round Trip Rates

$16 to St. Paul — $20 to Duluth
$16 to Minneapolis — $20 to Superior
$14 to Cannon Valley Lakes

VIA

Chicago Great Western Railway

No extra charge on the new Electric Lighted "GREAT WESTERN LIMITED,"

For information apply at City Ticket Office, 115 Adams Street.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. CARTER MEDICINE COMPANY, NEW YORK.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

People Who Advertise

—IN THE—

Help Wanted Columns

—OF—

The Daily Tribune

do not have any difficulty in securing desirable help. Thousands of work-seekers read these columns every day. The public's appreciation of The Daily Tribune's value as a reliable help-wanted medium is conclusively shown by the following:

Daily

(Sunday Excluded)

During the last seven months The Tribune advertised over

10,000 more

Genuine Positions under the Help Wanted classification than any other Chicago morning newspaper. Under all other classifications combined, The Tribune printed nearly twice as many advertisements.

OMAHA MAYOR TO GO TO COURT.

Refuses to Recognize Gov. Savage's Fire and Police Board and Means to Fight.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Mayor Moore, on the advice of the city attorney, is preparing to fight the fire and police board appointed by Gov. Savage.

Proceedings in quo warranto are to be instituted, and in the meantime the mayor refuses to have any official dealings with the new men.

The four new commissioners took possession of their office in the city hall this morning. Chief Donahue of the police and Chief Salter of the fire department recognized the board as legal.

GREAT SALT LAKE RECEDING.

United States Weather Bureau Observations Show Remarkable Fall in Level During Eight Years.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 5.—Great Salt Lake, which for several years has been slowly but steadily receding, has, according to Director Murdock of the United States weather bureau, now reached the lowest level recorded since observations have been taken by the department. The fall of the water since 1894 amounts to nearly six feet. Director Murdock says it will take several wet years to bring the lake back to its former level.

DISCOVERS DOUBLE STARS.

Astronomer William J. Husey Announces Finding 100 Pairs Never Before Recorded.

Berkeley, Cal., Aug. 5.—Astronomer William J. Husey announces in a bulletin which has just been issued by the University of California the discovery of 100 pairs of double stars never before catalogued. The discovery with the Mills spectroscope of six stars whose velocities in the line of sight are variable is made public by Director W. W. Campbell of the Lick observatory.

$16 St. Paul and Minneapolis

And return, Chicago and Northwestern railway, every day, July 9 to Sept. 10. Four splendid daily trains leave Wells-st. station 9 a. m., 6:30 p. m., 8 p. m., and 10 p. m. Tickets, 212 Clark-st. (Tel. Cent. 721), and depot.

Bargains in rates to California, Pacific northwest, Utah, Colorado. Personally conducted parties. Judson-Alton Ex'ns, 349 Marquette Bldg., Chi.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 26, 1902.—Mail Catchers and Deliverers Intended for the Purpose of Effecting the Exchange of Mails with Moving Trains.—Sealed proposals from patentees or their assignees for the sale or use of patented devices intended to effect the exchange of mails with moving trains, will be received at this Department until noon on Wednesday, the 20th of August, 1902. All proposals must be made in accordance with the specifications, which can be obtained from the Second Assistant Postmaster General. H. C. PAYNE, Postmaster General.

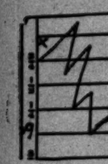
U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROCK ISLAND, Ill., July 31, 1902.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 11 a. m., Aug. 30, 1902, and then publicly opened, for construction and repair of dams and shore protections between Rock Island, Ill., and Burlington, Ia., and between Burlington, Ia., and Hannibal, Mo. Information on application. C. McD. TOWNSEND, Major, Engineers.

GRAIN OFF ON WEATHER.

LOWER PRICES FOR NEARLY EVERYTHING ON LIST.

Local Traders at Times Attempt to Support the Market, but Too Much Wheat Comes Out from Various Sources, and Toward the Close the Price Slips Off—Corn and Oats Follow the Lead Set by Wheat—Weather the Leading Influence.

In a general way the opening and closing prices in yesterday's wheat market represent the high and low points for the day, the decline having been almost steady from start to finish. The September dropped back from 70¼c to 69c, closing at 69-¼c, ⅝@¾c lower than on Monday. The December fell from 65⅝c to 65¾c, closing at 65¾-¼c, ⅝c down, while the May slumped from 71⅝c to 70⅝c, closing at 70⅝-⅝c, 1⅛-⅝c off.



Sept. Wheat Range.

There were periods, as, for instance, when the September was at 69c, when some show of support was given the market, but in a general way it was lacking.

An unusual feature was that the decline was not in the face of any especially unfavorable news. Nothing of this kind made its appearance, but, on the other hand, the statistics quite decidedly favored holders. It was the first day of English cables since Friday and they were ½-¾c higher, failing entirely to follow the local decline in the meantime. The Bradstreet's figures also made a bullish showing, exhibiting a decrease of 2,152,000 bu in the world's visible, as against a decrease of but 77,000 bu a week ago. Last year there was an increase of 3,273,000 bu. This week there was an increase east of the Rockies of 1,748,000 bu and a decrease in Europe and afloat of 3,900,000 bu.

The European visible decreased 3,900,000 bu. Last week it increased 1,160,000 bu and a year ago decreased 800,000 bu. Liverpool stocks, now 3,120,000 bu, are 48,000 bu smaller than a week ago, when they increased 136,000 bu. Last year the increase was 58,000 bu.

Figures Make Good Showing.

The domestic figures also made a moderately good showing for the longs. Receipts were on a slightly smaller scale all around, the total at primary points being 1,295,000 bu, as against 1,518,700 bu the previous week and 901,000 bu a year ago. Minneapolis had 344 cars, where it had 362; Duluth 59, as against 94, and this point 546, compared with 532. In the local receipts, which were only 3 cars more than the corresponding day last year, there were but 8 cars of contract. The total at these points was 719 cars, compared with 788 the previous week and 680 last year.

Local wheat supplies in various positions are showing something of an increase. Private stocks, 2,170,000 bu, are 553,000 bu larger than last week, while the total public and private, 4,570,000 bu, shows an increase of 692,000 bu. The proportion of contract, 1,962,000 bu, compares with 1,751,000 bu the previous week, an increase of 231,000 bu.

About the only points where support came in was when the September price was down to 69c. Then the Armour people made a valiant attempt to check the decline, but the wheat, which continued coming out all over the pit on "the weather," was too much for them, and they gave up the fight. The Bartlett-Frazier people were free sellers of both September and December. Harris-Gates and Comstock were sellers. McReynolds at times did some fair September buying on the decline.

The cash market continues to show strength and considerable activity. No. 1 northern sells at 74c and No. 2 red at 70¾c. The Seaboard cleared 756,300 bu. New York reported 30 loads.

Corn Easy with Wheat.

Corn futures suffered considerably both from lack of demand and any influence of a supporting character. This made all prices lower, the December dropping from 57½c to 55⅝c, and closing at 57¼c, a loss from Monday of 1¼c. This was more of a decline than any other delivery showed, the December and May futures ranging only from ¼@¾c. As in wheat the high points were early in the day and the low ones toward the close. At anything under 56c for the September Cudahy brokers bought freely. Most of the selling was done by Ware-Leland and other of the larger commission houses. Shorts also took advantage of the break to cover previous sales.

The only strength, and this was largely theoretical, came from the statistics of the day. The Bradstreet's decrease in the world's visible was 832,000 bu, against last week's increase of 608,000 bu, and a decrease a year ago of 839,000 bu. The primary points turned out a little less corn, 204,000 bu, as compared with 355,600 bu the previous week and 426,000 bu a year ago. Local private stocks, 906,000 bu, or 197,000 bu smaller than a week ago, though the total, private and public, is 70,000 bu larger. The contract grade, 5,288,000 bu, increased 275,000 bu.

Corn cables, the first from Liverpool since Friday, were firm and ¼d higher. Receipts there for three days have been but 24,000 bu and the stock is 576,000 bu, a decrease for the week of 16,000 bu.

Weather in Kansas is reported only moderately favorable. The cash market holds up well, No. 3 at 60@61c and the No. 2 yellow at 62@62½c.

Oats Hold Fairly Steady.

All things considered, the speculative market for oats held fairly steady, the close showing only ¼@⅜c loss in September and ⅛c decline on the more distant futures. There was heavy selling by leading houses, Richardson, Barrell, McReynolds, and Kidston. The offerings, however, were readily absorbed, although it was difficult to say by whom the bulk of them were taken. The buying seemed to be of a general character. In view of the weakness in wheat and corn, and the slump in the cash market, the demand was surprisingly good. Samples were 2@4c lower, No. 3 white selling down to 35½c on a standard at the river to 37c. The shipping demand was called slow. There were 316 cars inspected, but the estimated receipts for today are only 85 cars. The contract stocks, as posted yesterday, include 764,000 bu of standard, 65,000 bu of No. 2 white, and 418,000 bu of No. 2 mixed, which is a big increase over the figures of a week ago. Bradstreet's reported an increase in the available supply of 1,650,000 bu, against a decrease of 1,321,000 bu last year.

Packers Buy Provisions.

Provisions recovered from their early weakness, the whole list with the exception of January pork closing some higher. The early weakness was due to outside liquidation and lack of support. But a good demand developed on the decline. The buying was led by brokers, Wolff, particularly. September pork and ribs were most wanted. The pit credited the buying to packers—Armour chiefly. The offerings soon dried up and the market as a whole turned strong. There was a good deal of pressure on January pork, however, and that article closed at a moderate decline. Outsiders seem to have considerable of it for sale. Receipts of hogs were 16,000, or about 4,000 less than the estimate. Prices at the yards ruled steady. Western markets all told had 50,100 hogs, against 77,000 last year. Shipments of product included 4,430,000 lbs of meats and 1,241,000 lbs of lard, against 3,432,000 lbs of meats and 1,962,000 lbs of lard a year ago.

Rye showed another decline of 1c, owing to larger receipts and weakness in other grains. Trade was dull. September sold at 50¾c to 50c, closing at 50c bid. Cash, No. 2 sold free on board at 50¾@51c, and No. 3 at 50c.

Barley was dull, little being offered on the market. New was quoted at 40@45c for poor, 50@55c for fair, and 57@60c for good to choice.

Timothy seed was about steady, with trading confined to futures in the absence of cash offerings. August delivery sold at $4.35 to $4.40, and September at $3.75. October was nominally about $3.65. Cash quotable at $4.50@5.10 for fair to choice.

Flaxseed was dull and easy. September was nominally $1.35. October sold at $1.30 and closed at that price, sellers. Cash, No. 1 northwestern was $1.55 bid, and southwestern $1.47 bid. Receipts here were 12 cars and at Duluth 6 cars.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Closed Aug. 4.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Aug. 6, 1901.
Aug. ..	70¼	....	....	69¾	69¼
Sept. ..	69⅞	70¼	69	69-¼	70
Dec. ..	69⅞-⅝	69¾-⅝	68¼	68¾-½	72½
May ..	71¼	71⅝	70⅜	70⅝-⅝	75½

CORN.

Aug. ..	56¼	....	....	58	55¼
Sept. ..	57¼-⅜	57⅝	55⅞	55⅞	55⅞
Dec. ..	43-¼	43	42⅜	43⅜-⅛	57¼
May ..	40⅝	40⅝	40⅛	40⅜-⅜	57½

OATS.

*Aug ..	25⅜	....	....	28¼	34⅝
†Aug ..	35½	....	....	35	....
*Sept ..	29⅜	29⅝	28¼	29¼	34⅜
†Sept ..	35⅜	35¾-¾	31⅝	31⅝-½	....
†Dec ..	30⅝	30⅝	30⅜	30¼-⅜	....
†May ..	31⅜	31½	31-¼	31¼	....

*Old. †New.

MESS PORK.

Sept ..	16.72½	16.90	16.62½	16.85	13.97½
Oct. ..	16.77½	16.97½	16.75	16.95	14.05
Jan ..	15.85	15.80	15.70	15.77½	14.90

LARD.

Sept. ..	10.82½	10.87½	10.77½	10.85	8.62½
Oct. ..	10.87½	10.87½	10.80	10.82½	8.67½
Jan. ..	8.80	8.85	8.77½	8.85	8.65

SHORT RIBS.

Sept. ..	10.40	10.52½	10.35	10.47½	7.82½
Oct. ..	10.20	10.30	10.20	10.25	7.87½
Jan. ..	8.15	8.17½	8.15	8.15-7½	7.75

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Stand-ard.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat.	10	..	266	242	518
Spring wheat.	7	..	24	3	28
Corn	7	..	39	23	69
Oats	24	61	169	62	316
Rye	3	..	12	10	25
Barley	..	..	2	10	12
Totals	45	61	512	350	968

Loaded from licensed elevators: Winter wheat, 4 cars and 66,000 bu; spring wheat, 5 cars; corn, 7 cars and 248,000 bu; oats, 3 cars; rye, 10,100 bu. Inspected out: Spring wheat, 10,000 bu; corn, 254,400 bu; oats, 94,700 bu.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—In slow demand, prices favoring buyers; winter patents, in wood, southern, $3.60@3.70; straights, in wood, $3.40@3.50; clears, in wood, $3.10@3.20; spring, special brands, $4.50@4.30; straights, export bags, $3.50@3.30; winter rye, brls, $2.65@3.00.

WINTER WHEAT—In fair demand at about steady prices. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 red, 67½c; No. 4 red, 63½c; no grade, 61c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade red, 54@66c; No. 4 red, 54@66c; No. 3 red, 67½@70¼c; No. 3 hard, 67½@69c; No. 2 hard, 70c; No. 4 white, 61c.

SPRING WHEAT—Trade light, although there was more shipping inquiry with sales of 25,000 bu of No. 1 northern on p. t. No. 4 sold free on board at 70c, and through billed at 69c.

CORN—Offerings light and prices firm. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 yellow, 60¼c; No. 3, 15,000 bu on p. t.; No. 4, 61c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 58c; No. 4, 59½@60¼c; No. 3, 60@60¼c; No. 3 yellow, 62½c; No. 2 white, 62c. Billed through: No. 4, 59c; No. 3 white, 60c.

OATS—White were 2@4c lower, but mixed held steady. There is a disposition to readjust prices. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 white, new, 36c; No. 2 white, old, 10,000 bu at 52c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, new, 27@35c; No. 4 new, 27@28¾c; old, 30@33c; No. 4 white new, 33@38c, old 35@51c; No. 3 new, 28¾@34c, and white 34½c; No. 3 white new, 35½@43c, old 50@52c; No. 2 new, 29¼@36c, old 40c; standard new, 42c. Billed through: No grade new, 33c for white; No. 4 white new, 33½@35c; No. 3 new, 28¾@29½c; No. 3 white new, 35@40¼c; standard new, 37@41c. At the river: No. 4 white old, 46@50c; No. 3 white old, 51c.

RYE—Easy; No. 3 to go to store, 50c; No. 4 at 48½c; no grade, 46c. Sales free on board: No. 2, 50¾@51c; No. 3, 50c.

PROVISIONS—Firmer; cash lots mess pork, $16.70@16.75; lard, $10.67½@10.77½; ribs, $10.35@10.45.

COOPERAGE—In fair demand at steady prices. Pork barrels, 75@77½c for ash and 80@82½c for oak; lard tierces, $1.00@1.02½.

WHISKY—Steady on a basis of $1.31 for distillers' goods.

HAY—Receipts, 611 tons; shipments, 42 tons. Market steady to firm. Sales on track: Choice timothy, new, $14.00; not graded, $9.00@15.00; choice prairie, new, $9.00@9.50; No. 1 new, $9.50; not graded, $9.50.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts today: Wheat, 300 cars; corn, 25 cars; oats, 85 cars.

Supervising Inspector Smillie is seriously ill at his home in Oak Park with a combination of congestion of the lungs and heart trouble, the latter an affliction with which he has been troubled for many years. He caught cold about ten days ago, which soon seriously affected his lungs. The heart trouble is chronic. Together they make a combination which is giving the good old man's friends—and that includes everybody on 'change—a good deal of uneasiness. During Mr. Smillie's absence Inspector Smith is attending to the department work on the floor.

A membership sold yesterday at $3,275.

Almost every commission house having a considerable list of country correspondents reports an immense amount of outside interest in the various phases of the oats deal. Some, though not all of them, were directly interested, but the whole country appears to be watching it.

The Iowa state crop report says: "Excellent progress has been made in securing the matured crops; small grain is mostly in stack or shock, except in fields that were too wet and soft for use of reapers. Thrashing is in progress and reports indicate better yield and quality of grain than was anticipated. Weather has been favorable for the rapid advancement of corn, which is early and well cultivated, is earing heavily, and is very promising. The hay crop is heavy and a goodly portion has been put up in fair condition. Most of the ripened timothy has been cut for seed.

L. A. Wood, a member of the Chicago board and of the St. Paul firm of Edward Wood & Co., was before the directors yesterday on a charge of "illicit and irregular trading," which means bucket shopping. The case was worked up by John Hill Jr., who had a long line of witnesses from outside of the city. On motion of the defense the case was postponed a week.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Commercial Advertiser's financial cablegram: Stocks today were inanimate, and the remainder of the week on the exchange is expected to be a blank by reason of all-absorbing interest in the coronation. The tone was discouraging on renewed weakness of the Kaffir section, ascribed to market troubles in Paris. Consols were 5/8 down, to 93 1-16. The settlement is disclosing a still unwieldy bull account. To all intents Americans did not really open. Rio Tintos were ¼ down, to 43 on Paris difficulties. Gold to the amount of $32,000 has gone out to Ecuador. The market repaid a heavy sum due the bank of England. Gold is selling at 77s 9d on the rise in Paris exchange, which is 25.19; Berlin, 20.40¾.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—Closing stocks:

Consols for money	94⅞	Norfolk & Western	66¾
Consols for account	94⅞	Do pfd.	90
Anaconda	5⅝	Ontario & Western	34⅞
Atchison	92⅝	Pennsylvania	61½
Do pfd	104½	Reading	34⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	111⅝	Do 1st pfd	44¼
Canadian Pacific	140	Do 2d pfd	37⅞
Chesapeake & Ohio	55¼	Southern Railway	40⅝
Chi. Gt. Western	27⅞	Do pfd	100
C. M. & St. P.	190½	Southern Pacific	70¼
Denver & R. G.	45½	Union Pacific	110¼
Do pfd	95	Do pfd	93
Erie	39½	U. S. Steel	40⅝
Do 1st pfd	70¾	Do pfd	92
Do 2d pfd	54	Wabash	21½
Illinois Central	165½	Do pfd	47¼
Louisville & Nash.	148	Spanish 4s	80¼
Mex. N. & T.	31½	Rands	111¾
Do pfd	61	De Beers	22⅞
New York Central	167⅜		

Bar silver dull, 24¼d per ounce; money, 2¼@2¾ per cent; the rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2¼@2 9-16 per cent; the rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 2 9-16@2⅝ per cent.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—The bourse showed an irregular tendency today, with business quiet. Rentes were firm and Russian industrials recovered well on bear covering. Kaffirs relapsed on sales by a small speculator, who was apparently in difficulties. The close generally was weak. The private rate of discount was 2 1-16 per cent.

BERLIN, Aug. 5.—Sentiment was generally quiet on the boerse today, with a firmer tendency toward the close. Speculative purchases of mines, especially Bochumer shares, were made. Canadian Pacific was stronger on the increase shown in its traffic returns.

Exchange Closes Coronation Day.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—The governing committee of the stock exchange today decided to close the exchange next Saturday, in honor of the coronation of King Edward.

BANK VOTES NEW CAPITAL

INCREASE OF $1,000,000 FOR THE BANKERS' NATIONAL.

New Interests Also Sought and Shareholders Are Asked to Waive 10 Per Cent of Their Subscription Rights—Rock Island Insiders Believe New Securities Will Presently Come Into Favor—Local Stocks Generally Inclined to Work Lower.

Stockholders of the Bankers' National bank voted yesterday to increase the capital by $1,000,000, making the total $2,000,000. The increase will take effect Sept. 1 and the new shares will be offered to stockholders at 150, in accordance with the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That said increased capital stock be divided into shares of $100 each, and that subscriptions therefor be taken only at the rate of $150 for each share of stock; that each shareholder shall have the privilege of subscribing at the rate of $150 a share for shares of the increased capital equal to the number of shares at present held by him, to be paid for in cash on or before Sept. 1, 1902; that shareholders shall have until Aug. 15, 1902, in which to make subscriptions to said increased capital, and that notice thereof be mailed to each shareholder.

"Resolved, That the board of directors be, and they are hereby, given authority to enter into a contract with any person or persons whomsoever, directors or otherwise, for the subscription by such persons of any shares not taken under shareholders' rights as above recited; said subscriptions, however, to be at the rate of $150 per share.

"Resolved, That of the sum realized from subscriptions to said increased capital stock, the sum of $500,000 be placed to surplus fund of the bank."

Want a New Director.

To add further to the position of the bank, stockholders have been asked to waive 10 per cent of their subscription rights in order that a tenth of the new capital may be placed with new interests. The management desires to add to the board of directors men who will help to increase the profits and prestige of the institution. A short time ago the National Bank of the Republic pursued a like course, increasing its board.

With the new money to be paid in the bank's capital and surplus will stand as follows:

Capital stock	$2,000,000
Surplus	700,000
Undivided profits as of July 16	128,271

The bank's deposits at the date of the last call were $13,585,177. The institution was organized in 1882 by Edward S. Lacey, former comptroller of the currency.

Bankers' National stock is selling around 200. That would make the average price of old and new stock 175 to a buyer of the present stock at the price mentioned.

Moores Say Tide Will Turn.

According to a friend of the Moores, competent to speak for them, insiders in Rock Island are not parting with any of their stock at these prices, but are accumulating more shares. The Moores and their friends, instead of being mortified over the reception given the plan for readjusting the securities of the company, are amused at the storm which has been raised, and assert that in a few months it will all be forgotten and Rock Island securities will be popular on the stock exchange. They say they are not carrying their holdings on borrowed money and are in position to wait for the turn in the tide of popular sentiment which they predict will come.

Exchanges Will Close Saturday.

The New York stock exchange voted yesterday to close next Saturday in honor of the coronation of King Edward. It is expected the Chicago stock exchange also will be closed. The matter will be acted upon shortly by the governing committee.

Railway Earnings.

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
4th week July	$ 480,500	$ 473,700	$ 16,800
Month	1,488,900	1,453,200	35,700

NATIONAL RAILROAD OF MEXICO.

4th week July	210,982	199,992	10,940
Month	676,136	616,661	59,475

WABASH.

4th week July	920,237	843,974	74,263
Month	1,727,330	1,552,339	169,191

PACIFIC COAST REPORTS FOR JUNE.

Gross	521,293	466,836	54,457
Oper. expenses	361,245	341,695	19,550
Net	160,048	125,171	34,877
Fiscal year.			
Gross	5,073,207	5,137,545	*64,338
Oper. expenses	3,985,515	3,986,675	*1,160
Net	1,087,692	1,150,870	*63,178

IOWA CENTRAL.

4th week July	62,749	56,033	6,716
Month	204,290	177,177	27,113

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS.

4th week July	102,749	96,604	6,145
Month	308,214	297,401	10,813

KANAWHA AND MICHIGAN.

4th week July	19,150	26,519	*7,369
Month	85,573	74,869	*10,296

MISSOURI, KANSAS AND TEXAS.

4th week July	462,819	458,046	4,573
Month	1,271,559	1,255,044	16,515

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN.

4th week July	181,074	227,804	*46,730
Month	541,769	600,820	*58,051

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND PITTSBURG.

4th week July	211,944	179,819	31,925
Month	596,710	557,439	39,271

CANADIAN PACIFIC.

4th week July	1,160,000	956,000	204,000
Month	3,164,000	2,824,000	340,000

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN.

4th week July	190,882	178,288	*11,406
Month	526,889	507,855	19,014

CHICAGO TERMINAL TRANSFER.

4th week July	44,414	42,886	1,528
Month	134,320	132,047	7,259

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE.

4th week July	908,385	785,090	123,265
Month	2,660,465	2,311,300	349,075

LONG ISLAND RAILWAY REPORTS FOR JUNE AND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.

	June.	12 months.
Gross	$ 35,589	$864,849
Operating expenses	76,949	380,419
Net	*41,360	284,430

*Decrease.

New York Curb Quotations.

Following were the closing quotations in the New York curb market:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	11¾	12¼
Do pfd	52⅞	53⅛
American Hide and Leather	8	8½
Do pfd	40	41½
Bay State Gas	1¾	1⅞
British Columbia Copper	65¾	67¼
Compressed Air	9	10
Electric Boat	25	30
Do pfd	45	50
Electric Vehicle	7	7¼
Do pfd	14½	15½
Electro Pneumatic	1¾	1⅞
Illinois Vehicle	2	2½
Manhattan Transit	6¾	7⅛
National Enameling and Stamping Co	29½	30½
Do pfd	85	87
New York Electric Vehicle Trans	10¼	11¼
Northern Securities Co	106½	106¾
Otis Elevator Co	37¼	39
Do pfd	103	105
Pittsburg Bessemer & L. E.	36	37
Royal Baking Powder pfd	104½	105½
Seaboard Air Line	27⅜	28
Do pfd	47¾	48
Standard Oil	667	675
St. Louis Transit	31	32
United Rys. of St. Louis pfd	84	85
Do 4s	87	87½
National City Bank	325	330

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday, closing at the following figures:

SELLING.

Check, Paris	5.15⅝-1-16
Cable, London	486⅞
Check, London	488
Check, Berlin	95 5-16-1-32

BUYING.

60 days, London, bankers'	485½
60 days, London, documentary	485⅛
3 days, Hamburg	95⅜
3 days, Antwerp	5.17½
60 days, France	5.18⅝
3 days, Holland	40 3-16
60 days, Holland	39 15-16

Dividends Declared.

The Milwaukee and Chicago Breweries company, limited, has declared a dividend of 2½ per cent on the preferred stock. It is payable Aug. 15 at the Illinois Trust and Savings bank. Books close Aug. 7.

The Standard Oil company has declared a dividend of $5 per share, payable Sept. 15 to stock of record Aug. 15.

Southern Railway Bonds.

It is reported from New York that the bonds issued by the Louisville and Nashville and the Southern railways for the purpose of acquiring the stock of the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville have all been sold and that there will be no public offerings. These bonds are secured by the stocks of the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville, supported by an agreement that the latter will not issue bonds except for refunding or for the acquisition of additional property for betterments, and that no proceeds of any bonds issued by the company can be used to pay any part of the bonds secured by the collateral trust indenture unless all such bonds shall then be paid. The authorized issue was $15,000,000, of which $12,000,000 were issued in exchange for Monon stocks, not to exceed $700,000 to the underwriting syndicate and with a reservation of $2,110,000 for the betterment of the Monon property.

Among the Banks.

New York was yesterday bidding Chicago banks 4% per cent for six months' loans on collateral, but was unable to secure any funds. The local banks held out for 5 per cent. The Chicago money market is steady to firm at 4½ to 5 per cent. Although deposits have increased, the gain has not operated to change the opinion of bankers that the market will be higher this fall.

The Continental National has now $44,300,000 deposits. It is understood the institution has changed the policy which formerly obtained with reference to securing new business. Friends of the institution say that earnings are being increased.

It is probable the dividend rate of the Continental will be changed at the beginning of the coming year from 6 per cent to 8 per cent. This fact, together with the others mentioned, and the further fact that one or two insiders have been increasing their holdings, have caused the recent advance in the price of the shares.

The Chicago Savings bank has now between 1,300 and 1,400 individual accounts. This is at the end of three months' business.

The Federal Trust and Savings has over $114,000 in savings deposits, although no special effort has yet been made to work up that department. The growth of the new banks only serves to demonstrate the constantly growing amount of wealth as represented in money in and about Chicago.

Howard, Small, Sibley & Co. furnish the following quotations on Chicago bank stocks:

NATIONAL BANKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Bankers' National	195	202
Chicago National	395	400
Commercial National	400	410
Continental National	245	255
Corn Exchange National	420	430
Drovers' National	200	....
First National	400	402
First National of Englewood	140	150
First Dearborn National	129	133
National Bank of the Republic	174	176½
National Bank of North America	148½	151
National Live Stock Bank	300	310
Oakland National	150	160

STATE BANKS.

Central Trust company	139	140
Chicago City bank	180	170
Colonial Trust and Savings	190	....
Federal Trust company	125	128½
Garden City Banking and Trust Co.	124	126½
Hibernian Banking association	....	240
Illinois Trust and Savings	720	729
Merchants' Loan and Trust	398	405
Metropolitan Trust and Savings	123	125
Milwaukee Avenue State bank	115	125
Prairie State bank	140	150
Pullman Loan and Trust company	200	....
Royal Trust company	150	152
State Bank of Chicago	250	260
Union Trust company	195	....
Western State bank	117	120½

Chicago Stocks.

Chicago stocks were nearly all inclined to work a little lower yesterday. American Can common was active and lost ¼. The preferred was a little better than the previous day. There is no change in the position of the company.

United Boxboard and Strawboard shares were not so active as the previous day. Boxboard preferred closed at 60. The common worked lower, closing at 13. Strawboard shares were fairly steady.

The Pneumatic Tool statement has not yet been issued and the stock has grown quiet. It was quoted yesterday at 102⅝. Title and Trust is also exhibiting a weaker tendency. The manipulation in the stock appears to be over.

Following were the sales on the Chicago stock exchange:

Description.	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	1,185	12	11¾	11¾
Do pfd	110	53	52⅞	53
American Shipbuilding	70	48¼	47¾	47¾
American Strawboard	165	41¾	40⅝	41¾
Do receipts	320	41	40¼	41
Chicago Pneumatic Tool	50	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜
Chicago Title and Trust	206	126½	125¾	125¾
Chicago Telephone	8	162½	160	162½
National Biscuit	757	47¾	47¼	47¾
National Carbon	150	30¾	30½	30¾
Do pfd	150	107	106¾	106¾
Quaker Oats pfd	175	91⅝	91	91¼
Swift & Co	89	108	103¼	103¾
United Boxboard	289	13⅜	13¼	13⅜
Do pfd	372	60¼	60	60
†West Chicago	120	95¾	95½	95¾

*Ex div. 1¾ per cent. †Ex div. 1¼ per cent.

BONDS.

$1000 Lake St 1st 5s	102¾
6000 Lake St inc 5s	48
1000 do	46
2000 N W L 4s	97
2000 W Chi con 5s	100

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	Aug. 5.	July 29.
New York	$224,172,494	$324,590,790
Chicago	27,344,724	24,097,518
Boston	18,834,913	21,377,393
Philadelphia	15,567,983	18,500,657
St. Louis	7,649,625	8,056,102
Baltimore	3,757,688	4,247,687

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 40c premium; St. Louis, par.

"CLINGS" ARE NOT WANTED.

Large Offerings of That Variety of Peach from Michigan a Drug on the Market.

The market for peaches yesterday was depressed by large offerings of Michigan clings, which sold for a few cents a basket. Choice stock was in good demand, but buyers were inclined to hold out for concessions. Blackberries were in large supply and sold at lower prices. White beans were 5c per bu lower and dull. Other lines were generally steady.

Quotations for round lots ranged:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, northern, at mark, cases included	14½@15c
Do, at mark, cases returned	14@14½c
Do, loss off, cases returned	16c
Cheese, Y. A.	10¾@11c
Cheese, fancy brick	9¾@10c
Cheese, twins	10¼@10½c
Butter, creamery, extra	19½@20c
Firsts	18@18½c
Seconds	15@18c
Dairies, Cooley	18@18½c
Do firsts	17c
Ladles	15c
Packing stock	12@13c

POULTRY.

Live chickens, lb	11¼c
Do springs	13½c
Do ducks	9@10c
Do springs	10½@11c
Do turkeys	11@12c
Do gesse, doz. $4.00@6.00	
Iced turkeys, lb	11@12½c
Do chickens	11¼@12c
Do spring chickens	13@14c
Do ducks	9@12c
Do geese	6@8c

VEAL.

50@90 lbs	6@7c
65@75 lbs	7¼c
80@120 lbs	8@8½c
95@110 lbs	9¼c
150@200 lbs	7@8c
180@225 lbs	6@7c

FISH.

Black bass	14½@15c
Carp	10@11½c
Pike	5@6c
Pickerel	4@5c
Eels	6@7c
Perch	3@4c

FRUITS AND MELONS.

Apples, new, per bbl	$1.50@2.50
Lemons, Cal	$3.00@4.00
Do Messina	$4.00@4.50
Pineapples, crates	$3.25@3.75
Oranges, Cal., navels boxes	$4.50@5.50
Bananas, bch	$1.25@1.75
Peaches, Texas, Elbertas, 4 basket crates	75c@$1.00
Do Georgia, 6 basket crates	$1.60@1.75
Do Michigan, clings, 4-5 bu	75@10c
Red raspberries, 24 pt cases	$1.00@1.20
Blackberries, 16 qts	75c@$1.15
Wilson	75c@$1.15
Do early harvest	50@65c
Blueberries, 16 qts	$1.00@1.75
Currants, good, 16 qts	50@75c
Melons, Illinois, gems, ⅛ bu baskets	10@25c
Do Indiana	15@30c
Osage, square crates	40@65c
Watermelons, per 100	$15.00@25.00

VEGETABLES.

Beets, home grown, per 100 bchs	$1.00@1.50
Beans, navy, hand picked	$1.90
Medium	$1.85@1.87
Celery, Mich. cases	25@30c
Cabbages, home grown, large crates	50@60c
Onions, Illinois, brls	$2.00@2.25
Tomatoes, Ill., 4 basket cases	20@30c
Do St. Louis, bu	40c
Boxes	50@60c
Lettuce, tubs	25@40c
Potatoes, early Ohios, per bu, sacked	35@41c
Home grown, 1¼ bu sacks	40@60c
String beans, wax, home grown, 1¼ bu sack	75c@$1.25
Green do	75c@$1.25
Turnips, new, bu	25@40c
Sweet corn, 1¼ bu sacks	35@45c

The following table exhibits the receipts and shipments of country produce for twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts 1902.	Receipts 1901.	Shipments 1902.	Shipments 1901.
Apples, brls	168	640	25	182
Beans, bu	....	3,806	....	1,583
Br. corn, lbs	32,100	109,500	15,400	96,900
Butter, lbs	1,295,734	1,749,088	585,070	1,216,491
Cheese, lbs	526,128	680,074	210,810	222,810
Eggs, pkgs	7,252	7,970	7,780	4,062
Hay, tons	611	486	42	10
Hides, lbs	382,683	463,327	1,043,740	402,000
Hops, lbs	4,629	1,840	....	14,168
Potatoes, bu	25,963	11,560	1,960	2,490
Poultry, lbs	39,387	216,314	4,147	21,630
Poultry, coops	329	100	90	90
Wool, lbs	402,777	966,790	1,066,100	1,040,100

MARKET LIGHT AND FIRM.

STOCK TRANSACTIONS FOR DAY OF SMALL VOLUME.

Several Sizeable Blocks of Securities Change Hands in Early Hours — Reading Shares Not Affected by Rumors — Report That Four Big Express Companies Will Consolidate Current Again—Prices Go Up—Standard Oil Dividend of $5 Declared.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

New York, Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Securities values were generally firm and higher on a small volume of business. Opening prices were at fractional advances over Monday's closing, while in the first hour some moderately heavy blocks of stocks changed hands, notably in Louisville and Nashville, Manhattan, New York Central, Southern railway, Missouri Pacific, and Texas and Pacific.

The day's activity was confined to the first early dealings, as in the greater part of the five hours of business extreme dullness prevailed. Manhattan and New York Central were in demand on the belief that the Central will secure control of or form a traffic alliance with the elevated. A rising tendency in St. Louis and San Francisco and Southern railway was accomplished by further reports of a three-cornered deal involving the two roads named and Central of Georgia, but, as on the preceding day, no official confirmation of such a plan could be obtained.

Reading shares were not affected by the Philadelphia dispatch, which asserted that the voting trust would not be dissolved, and that no dividend would be declared on the first preferred stock at the next dividend meeting of the directors. At the time of the reorganization of the Reading all classes of stock were deposited with voting trustees for five years, and thereafter until 4 per cent annual dividends should be paid for two consecutive years on the first preferred stock, although power was given to the trustees in their discretion to surrender the stock at an earlier date.

The company paid dividends of 3 per cent in 1900, 4 per cent in 1901, and 2 per cent in March, 1902. Earnings have of course been adversely affected by the coal strike, and it is possible that the directors may consider it wise to pay the full 4 per cent this year, and incidentally keep control of the property, which evidently is being actively sought by other interests. This theory, however, receives little support in Wall street. The industrial stocks were inactive at small price changes, the only exceptions being the express company shares.

More talk is heard of the plan which was so much discussed a year ago proposing consolidation of the four important express companies. Official denials are received now as then. Meanwhile the prices of the express companies shares have largely advanced. They seem to have almost disappeared from Wall street, and purchasers have to make substantial increases in their bids. In today's market United States and American Express stocks were quoted, the former jumping about 5 and the latter 9 points on small transactions.

An officer of the subtreasury forecasts such a change in the international exchange situation within the next ninety days as will start gold imports on an exceptional scale.

The new movement in St. Louis and Southwestern stocks grows out of disappointing endeavors made a year ago to create a market for an overloaded pool. Mr. George Gould is not interested in the manipulation which is now being so much bulletined.

An official announcement about to be made will disclose Standard Oil interests largely interested in the Hocking Coal and Iron company. The property's output is to be much increased. A decline in Metropolitan surettes stock was attended by a variety of rumors. One was that stockholders were to be called upon for another cash installment. Another had it that an interest lately buying on a large scale had changed its program and was selling out. Officially no information is forthcoming as to any of the company's immediate plans.

Standard oil directors surprised Wall street today by declaring a dividend of $5 a share, making $35 paid thus far this year. The last dividend was $10 per share, declared on May 6 and paid June 16. At the office of the company no reason for the reduction was given. The stock was weak and sold down 7 points on sales of thirty-five shares. It was offered later at 675 with no bidders.

In the late dealings Standard oil stock declined to 670, making a decline of 17½ points as compared with last night's closing.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railway Shares, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—There were only a few diversions in today's stock market to relieve what was otherwise a dead level of dullness and monotony. Money was in active demand in London, presumably in preparation for the 20 per cent installment of subscriptions to the $160,000,000 consol issue, which is payable on Thursday. Sterling at Paris advanced a centime further today. London sold some stocks here today. This selling is supposed to represent the retransfer to New York of securities sent to London in June to be held there for American owners who were taking advantage of cheaper interest rates. There was a firm tone in the bond market, but no feature. Total sales, par value, $1,575,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Close: Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent; last loan, 2¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm at 487¾ for demand and at 485¾ for sixty days; posted rates, 486@488½; commercial bills, 484¾@485¾. Bar silver, 52⅝; Mexican dollars, 41¾. Government bonds steady; state bonds inactive; railroad bonds firm.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	—Closing.— Ay. 5.	Ay. 4.
Am. Sugar	700	132¾	132	132½	131½
Do Locomotive	300	39¾	39	39¾	39¾
Do pfd	300	96¼	93¾	93¾	94
Amn. Express	240	240	240	240	256
Amn. Smelting	5,800	48	47¾	48	47¾
Amn. Agl. Chem	100	20	20	20	....
Amn. Steveln	1,600	7½	7¼	7¾	8
Amn. Malting	400	5½	5½	5½	5½
Am. Car Foundry	600	32¾	32½	32½	32½
Do pfd	900	111¾	111¼	111¾	111
Atchison	1,400	87½	87	87½	87
Do pfd	12,000	92¾	91¾	92¾	91¾
Anaconda	1,600	102¾	101¾	102¾	102
Amal. Copper	3,700	67¾	66¾	67¾	67
Am. Grass Twine	700	57¾	57¼	57¾	58½
Am. Tel. & Tel	100	164	164	164	....
Am. Tob. Trans	3,000	69¼	69	69¼	69½
Balto. & Ohio	3,400	109¾	108¾	109	108¾
Do pfd	100	99¾	99¾	99¾	....
Brk. R. T. rights	1,300	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
Corn Products	600	27¾	27¼	27¾	27¾
Chi. & Alton	600	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾
Chi. & N. W.	5,000	187	185¾	186¾	186¾
Canada Southern	1,800	92	91¼	92	....
Chi. R. I. & P.	2,400	130½	130	130¼	130¾
Chicago Terminal	100	23¾	23¾	23¾	23
Do pfd	300	39½	39½	39½	39½
Chi. & Ohio	100	54	54	54	54
Canadian Pac	1,300	136¾	136¾	136¾	136
C., C. & St. L.	2,500	108	106¾	107¾	106¼
Del. & Hud.	300	178¾	178¾	178¾	178¾
Den. Gas (N. Y.)	100	22¾	22¾	22¾	23¼
Erie	800	37	36	36	36
Do 1st pfd	1,100	77¾	77¼	77¾	77¼
Do 2d pfd	400	48¼	48¼	48¼	48¾
Gen. Fuel & Iron	1,700	91	90	90½	90¾
Gt. Nor. pfd & I.	1,100	181¾	181¼	181¾	181¾
Gen. Tob. pfd	100	121¾	121½	121½	121½
Ill. Cen. & West'n	600	131¾	131¾	131¾	132
Do 4% deb	50	93¾	93¾	93¾	92¾
Int. Am. Ry	900	86¾	86	86	....
Int. & G. N. pfd	200	97	97	97	97
Del. & Hudson	500	180¾	180	180¾	180
Lou. & N. R. R.	200	93½	93½	93½	93
Do A	300	21	21	21	21
Met. St. Ry	100	61	61	61	....
Mex. Cen.	1,000	18¾	18¼	18¾	19
Do 1st pfd	400	38¾	38¾	38¾	40½
Do 2d pfd	300	53¾	53¾	53¾	....
Mex. Electric	700	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
Mex. Fuller Co.	2,000	20	19	19	19
Mexican Nat'l	1,200	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
Mexican Central	1,700	19¾	19¼	19¾	19¾
Internat'l Power	100	67	67	67	....
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	100	24¾	24¾	24¾	....
Do pfd	100	74	74	74	....
Mo. Pac.	400	100¾	99¾	100	99¾
Nat. Lead	1,200	34¾	34¼	34¾	35
Do pfd	100	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
N. Y. Central	1,700	167	166¾	167	166¾
N. Y. Chi. & St. L.	100	28¾	28¾	28¾	....
Do 1st pfd	100	84¾	84¾	84¾	....
Do 2d pfd	100	74	74	74	....
N. Y. Gas, E. L. H. & P.	400	300	300	300	....
N. Y. & N. E.	100	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¼
N. Y. Ont. & W.	2,100	44¾	44	44	44¼
N. Y. Susq. & W.	100	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Do 1st pfd	100	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
Do 2d pfd	100	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
Norfolk & West.	1,100	65¾	64¾	65	65
North Amn. Co.	500	124½	123	124	124¾
Ont. & W.	2,100	44¾	44	44	44¼
Pacific Mail	1,000	45¾	45¼	45¾	45¾
Pressed Steel Car	100	46¾	46¾	46¾	47¾
Do pfd	100	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
Pullman Palace	200	220	220	220	220
Pitts., C. & St. L.	100	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
Pitts. Coal	1,100	18¾	18¼	18¾	18¾
Do pfd	100	90	90	90	90
Pitts. Steel	1,000	39¾	39¼	39¾	39¾
Do pfd	100	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
Reading	2,000	87¾	87¼	87¾	87¾
Do 1st pfd	1,600	78¾	78½	78¾	78¾
Do 2d pfd	600	71	70¾	70¾	71
Rep. Iron & Steel	2,400	19¾	19¼	19¾	19¾
Do pfd	800	77	76¾	76¾	76¾
Ry. Steel Spring	1,000	31¼	31	31	31
Do pfd	100	88	88	88	....
Southern Ry	8,600	39¾	39¾	39¾	39½
Do pfd	1,500	97¼	97	97¼	97¼
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd	700	74¾	74¾	74¾	74
Do 2d pfd	1,500	34¾	33¾	34¾	34
Southern Pac.	9,500	58¾	57¾	58¾	58¾
St. L. S. W.	8,300	27¾	27¼	27¾	27½
Do pfd	1,000	69¾	69¼	69¾	69¾
St. L. & San Fran.	2,900	82¾	81	82¾	80½
Do 2d pfd	1,500	79½	78¾	79	78½
Sloss S. & I	1,100	42	41¾	42	41¾
Do pfd	600	85½	83½	84½	82¾
Texas Pacific	12,200	46¾	45¾	45¾	46
Twin City	100	126¾	126¾	126¾	....
T. St. L. & W. pfd	200	39	38¾	38¾	38½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	1,900	69¾	69	69¾	68¾
U. S. Cast Iron pfd	100	46	46	46	....
Union Pacific	1,900	107¾	107¼	107¼	107¼
Do pfd	1,000	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
Un. Bag & Paper	100	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
U. S. Rltes	41,000	37	36¾	37	37
Do pfd	700	87¾	87¼	87¾	87
U. S. Leather	1,000	13¾	13	13	13
U. S. Steel	4,500	40¾	40	40¾	40
Do pfd	2,200	90	89¾	89¾	90
U. S. Express	1,000	124½	122	124½	....
Va. Caro Chem	400	69¾	68¾	69¾	69
Wheeling & L. E.	200	23	23	23	23¼
Do 2d pfd	100	87¾	87¼	87½	87
Wabash	100	30¾	30½	30¾	30¾
Do pfd	700	47	47	47	46¾
Wis. Cent	700	28¼	28	28	27¾
Do pfd	1,300	51	50¾	50¾	50
Western Union	1,600	89	88¾	89	89

Total sales of stocks, 312,800 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	200	United States	124
American	240	Wells-Fargo	218

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. refund 2s, reg.	107¼
Do 2s, coup	107¾
Do 3s, reg	105¾
Do 3s, coup	105¾
Do new 4s, reg	132
U. S. new 4s, coup	132¾
Do old 4s, reg	108¾
Do old 4s, coup	108¾
Do 5s, reg	104
Do 5s, coup	104

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS.

—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.—

6000 Atch. gen. 4s	104¼	3000 KCSo 2s	72¾
4000 do adj	93	1000 M&N 6s	101¾
3000 do series A	93		
3000 Am H&L 6s	100	3000 MK&T 1st 4s	100
10000 Am Bl 5s	65@67	10000 do 2d	84¼
16000 B&O 3½s	95¼@¾	25000 do ext 5s	106@107¾
4000 do 4s	103	1000 Mex C 4s	82¾
25000 do con 4s	109¾@¾	15000 do 1st Ins	33¾
2000 do P1&M 3½s	91¼	3000 MoP con 6s	124¼
2000 do SW 3½s	90¾	1000 NYC lin 3½s	93
1000 Bklyn El 4s	102¾	47000 N&W Poco 4s	94¾@94¾
1000 Can So 1st	105		
20000 do 2d	90	10000 NYC&StL 5s	112¾
24000 Con Tob 4s	65¾@¾	8000 NYC&StL 4s 1st	107
31000 CFIcon 5s	101¾@¾	20000 NPac 3s	74¾@75
31000 do gen 5s	103¼@2¾	2000 StLSF 6s	116¾
54000 Cen G con 5s	109¾@110¾	15000 Pa 3½ cfs	74¾@75
44000 do 1st inc 5s	98@85	1000 Pa&E 1st 4s	107
87000 do 2d inc 5s	40¾@41¾	6000 Rdg gen 4s	98¾@¾
21000 do 3d inc	17@17¾	1000 RGW 1st 4s	100¾
7000 Chic T 4s	87¾	17000 St L SW 1st	99¾@100
127000 CBQ joint	96		
10000 do Ill div 3½s	86¼	3000 do 2d	74¾
7000 do Denver 4s	100¾	5000 StLIM 5s	117¾
11000 Colo So 4s	95	10000 do 4s	93
1000 CMA&StP C&D W 5s	117¾	10000 SRY 4s	93
1000 Col Mid 1st 4s	83¾	1000 do inc	15
1000 D&RG gold 4s	93¾	17000 Sa A & A P 4s	86¾@86¾
3000 D&RG con 4s	102¼@102¾	17000 SL&GI 1st	97
4000 Det So 4s	85¾	5000 So Ry 5s	94@94¼
53000 E gen lien 4s	89¾@88¾	5000 So Ry 4½s	84¼
5000 do con 4s	99¾	4000 US Reduc 6s	87
5000 do 4s	101	182000 U P con 4s	107¾
1000 do 4th ex 5s	119¾		
20000 Erie P&A 4s	93¾@¾	3000 USLeath 6s	113¾
4000 Ft W&RG 1st	112¾	1000 Wab 1st 5s	119¾
19000 G H&W B 2s	62¾	1000 do 2d	109¼
4000 H&TC 1st 5s	111	35000 do deb B	76@77
60000 Ja 1st 5s	106	5000 WheC 4s	92¾@94
1000 K Co Ex 4s	86	4000 WS gtd 4s	114
10000 KCFS&M 4s	91¼		

Total sales of bonds, $1,327,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Mine Shares, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Trading was light and developed no striking features. The copper shares were irregular and neglected. Changes in prices as a rule were not important. Calumet and Hecla was a weak spot. Gas securities were somewhat in demand. There was no confident buying of Massachusetts Gas common, and it sold above 39. Dominion Iron and Steel was firm. American Telephone was steady. Call loans, 3½@4 per cent. Time loans, collateral, 4¼@5 per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 4½@5½ per cent. Clearing house loans, 3½ per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	355	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾
Adventure	175	22¾	23	22¾	23
Arcadian	25	4½	4½	4½	4¼
Am. Tel.	228	164¾	164¾	164¾	164¾
Atchison	161	91¾	92	91¾	91¾
Do pfd	10	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¼
Am. Sugar	510	132¾	132¾	131¾	132¼
Anaconda	50	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Am. Chem	150	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
Do pfd	45	90	90	89½	89¾
Am. Woolen pfd	105	77¼	77¼	77¼	77½
Cochiti	200	90	90	90	90
Copper Range	25	58	58	58	58
Calumet	22	535	535	535	535
Cons. Mercur	200	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16
Chicago Junction	26	160	160	160	160
Do pfd	48	128½	128½	128½	128½
Daly West	400	54	54	54	56
Dom. Steel	1,315	65	65½	65	65¼
Dom. Coal	400	137¾	138	137¾	138
Franklin	100	11	11	11	11
Isle Royale	100	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
Mass. Mining	690	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Mohawk	337	45	45	44	44
Mont. & Bost	500	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
Mex. Cen.	50	20	20	20	20
Mergenthaler	10	186	186	186	186
Mex. Central	100	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼
N. Eng. Tel	98	142	142	142	142
N. E. Coke	363	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
N. E. Cot. Yn. pfd	125	89	89	89	89
Osceola	57	67	67	67	67
Old Dominion	50	18	18	18	18
Parrot	145	28	28	26¼	26¼
Pneumatic	52	8	8	8	8
Do pfd	100	28½	28½	28½	28½
Planters'	105	35	35	35	35
Do pfd	506	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
Phoenix	10	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Quincy	1,100	130	130	130	130
Rhode Island	100	2¾	3	2¾	2¾
Santa Fé	300	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
Shannon	200	11¾	11¾	10½	10½
Swift & Co	50	163	163	163	163
Savannah Elec. pfd	5	93	93	93	....
Trinity	120	12	12	12	12
Tamarack	25	175	175¾	175	175
U. S. Oil	20	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼
Utah	775	20¾	20¾	20¼	20¼
U. S. Mining	100	20½	20¾	20½	20½
United Fruit	70	113	113	112	113
Union Pacific	1,100	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾
Do pfd	5	92	92	92	92
Victoria	100	6	6	6	6
Vinona	50	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Wolverine	140	57½	58	57	58
Washington	250	50	50	50	50

BONDS.

$3000 Am Tel 4s	99¾	$1000 NEConYn 5s	103
2500 Atch 4s	102¼@¾	2000 Sav Elec 5s	92¼
4000 DGR-W 4s	100	4000 N E Coke 5s	66
500 KCM-B 4s	99	1000 West Tel 5s	105¾
5000 do inc	93¼		

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 5.—Closing—Wheat—Spot No. 1 northern spring quiet, 6s 1½d; No. 1 California dull, 6s 3½d; futures quiet; September, 5s 11⅝d; December, 5s 10¾d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, 5s 11½d; futures steady; September, 5s 2½d; October, 5s 1½d.

Cotton—Spot quiet, prices favor buyers; American middling, 4⅝d. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 5,400 American. Receipts since last report, 4,000 bales, and included 200 American. Futures opened easy and closed steady.

Bacon—Cumberland cut quiet, 55s. Lard—Prime western steady, 54s 9d; American refined steady, 54s 3d.

Receipts of wheat during the past two days, 141,000 centals, all American. There were no receipts of American corn.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Movement of Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, and Lambs, with the Range of Prices.

Receipts of cattle were estimated at 3,500. Receipts of fresh ones were mostly Texans and rangers. There is no change from Monday conditions in the general trade. Fairly firm undertone underlies the fat beef cattle trade. There is no reliable outlet for light and common stock cattle.

Hog receipts numbered 16,000. The best qualities of hogs are fully steady on light supply. Packing grades are slow, with common, thin kinds a drug. The best hogs here sold to the Continental Packing company at $7.87½.

About 14,000 sheep were received here yesterday and the bulk was range stock. The sheep and lamb trade was slow and steady to lower.

The following is a statement of the movement of live stock at the Chicago stockyards for the period indicated, with comparative figures. Today's receipts and shipments are estimated:

Receipts.	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday Aug. 4	17,979	407	27,762	24,067
Tuesday, Aug. 5	3,500	1,000	16,000	14,000
Total this week	21,479	2,007	43,762	38,067
Last week	21,885	2,066	35,835	30,331
Cor. week 1901	20,488	1,773	47,674	41,631
Official last week	42,551	4,153	84,020	70,581
Official 1901	50,000	3,994	151,943	85,313
Shipments—				
Week ago	2,490	15	2,194	1,782
Monday	2,728	8	2,198	721
Tuesday	2,500	25	3,000	1,500
Total this week	5,228	33	5,198	2,221
Last week	6,278	86	6,772	2,964
Cor. week 1901	6,568	33	12,072	3,116
Official last week	12,702	249	17,966	8,142
Official year ago	21,234	432	23,069	10,648

Receipts at Chicago stockyards for the year to date, with comparative figures:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.	Cars.
1902	1,582,653	4,907,248	2,062,601	77,248	158,880
1901	1,726,080	4,754,970	2,133,071	74,787	168,279
Inc	182,264				
Dec	143,427	40,470	3,530	9,890	

Yesterday's hog purchases:

Armour	3,000	S. & S.	700
Anglo-American	1,500	Butchers	500
Boyd & Lunham	900	Shippers	2,000
Continental	716		
Hammond	718	Total	13,234
Morris	900	Left over	3,500
Swift	2,700		

Cattle.

While the receipts of cattle are considerably less than last year, when drought conditions compelled the marketing of so many unripe cattle, it is running about the same as last week, but hereafter will show a larger proportion of range stock. Only about 3,500 cattle were received yesterday and of these there were about 500 western rangers and about 750 Texans. The market labored under the usual Tuesday conditions, there being not sufficient beef cattle of any kind to create any change from Monday as to prices. There were absolutely no beef cattle of prime quality on sale, the bulk of the native steers being the kinds that sell from about $7.75 down. The market is steady and is carrying a fair undertone for all cattle that will grade from medium up. Some pretty fair medium weight corn fed steers sold at $7.80 and a bunch of distillery fed cattle made $7.85. While these were the best sales of the day, anything as Monday's top getters would have brought the same prices on yesterday's market. Business in the butcher stock trade was conducted on about the usual Tuesday basis. The stock was slow without any quotable change in prices, good kinds being picked out first and canners and cutters selling slowly. There was no appreciable change in the stocker and feeder line. Business was light and demand confined mostly to the good qualities of strong weight. The calf supply was moderate. The market was stronger with bunches of choice veal calves selling at $6.00@7.15. Quotations:

Prime beeves	$5.50@8.85
Good to choice	7.75@8.50
Medium to good	6.75@7.75
Poor to medium	4.50@6.50
Medium to choice feeders	4.50@5.25
Inferior to choice stockers	2.50@4.25
Medium to choice heifers	4.50@6.50
Medium to choice cows	4.75@5.50
Cutters	3.50@3.75
Canners	1.40@2.50
Good to choice bulls	4.00@5.50
Bologna bulls	2.70@3.50
Veal calves	5.00@7.15
Texas steers, grassers	3.25@4.50
Western range steers	4.75@6.50

Hogs.

While receipts of hogs were only 16,000 yesterday, the run for the two expired days of the week shows a slight increase compared with the same time yesterday, but the volume still shows a shrink compared with last year. Eastern shipping orders were light, but the grades of hogs taken by this trade were scarce and with a few local houses out for the same kind the market for them got a fairly early start at fully steady prices, with the extreme top showing a point higher than Monday. For mixed and packing grades, however, the market was slow to get started and ruled no better than steady to a shade lower. There is no demand for the liberal supplies of thin, grassy stuff now coming to market, and the packing trade will only take them at a severe decline from prices at which decent packing stock of the same weights will sell. There were a number of loads of this stuff here yesterday, and it sold at around $7.00, while attractive packers of the same weight brought $7.40. A fancy topped heavy load sold at $7.87½, and there were a few sales at $7.82½@7.85, but prime hogs that sell in the selected division were scarce. The bulk of the good to prime mediums and heavy sold at $7.65@7.75. Quotations:

Good to prime heavy	$7.50@7.87½
Common to good heavy	7.50@7.75
Good to prime medium	7.45@7.55
Assorted light	6.90@7.50
Common to good light	6.90@7.45
Mixed	7.00@7.45
Pigs	5.50@6.40

Sheep and Lambs.

The sheep run was estimated at 16,000 yesterday. Steadiness prevailed in the native lamb market. Native ewes were firm but stock ewes were lower. A small bunch of lambs sold up to $6.00, but the best were obtainable at $5.75. Good ewes were firm at $3.50@3.75, but stock ewes show a decline of 25@40c since last week and are now quotable at $2.75@3.00. The run of native stock was light and quality poor—in fact, few good ones have been seen on the market this week. Wet fleeces had some influence on prices. The bulk of the supply was range stock, of which the greater proportion was lambs. That market was uneven. The lamb trade was generally weak to 15c lower. Some sales, however, were made a nickel higher. A top of $5.70 was paid. The Goodig Idaho lambs brought $5.60, against $5.65 on Monday. Some good Montana sheep brought $3.60, against $3.55 the day before, but the gain was more severe. The range sheep trade was about steady; two doubles of good 128 pound Montana wethers sold at $3.85. On the late market 15@25c was bid without effecting sales. Quotations:

Good to choice ewes	$3.50@3.75
Poor to medium ewes	3.00@3.50
Lambs	4.00@5.00
Range wethers	3.90@4.00
Range ewes	3.50@3.75
Range lambs	5.00@5.75

Horses.

Trade in equine circles was continued yesterday on the same basis as the opening day of the week. There was a comparatively light run and no offerings of more than ordinary quality. Compared with a year ago the receipts are only about one-half as large, though there is a slight increase over the run of a week ago. There is a free outlet for all the good marketable grades, and the light run is just about sufficient to keep the buying appetite in a keen condition. There is but little call for the common stuff, however, and unattractive offerings are slow sellers, and frequently prove unprofitable. A steady demand for good and medium drivers made the disposition of offerings in that class an easy matter at fully steady prices compared with a week ago. Drivers sold at $150@200 for the best offerings here. Common kinds are slower. Expressers met an active demand, with best grades selling up to $175 and the bulk of sales at a range of $120@140. There were few offerings in the heavy drafter type of superior quality, best in this class are nominally steady at $165@250.

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,850 natives, 1,500 Texans; calves, 625 Texans, 670 natives. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $7.85@8.10; calves, $2.50@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 3,550; market 5@10c lower. Top, $7.60; bulk of sales, $7.30@7.50. Sheep—Receipts, 1,200; market steady. Native lambs, $3.50@6.00.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,500; market steady to easier; native steers, $4.75@8.30; calves, $3.00@5.50. Hogs—Receipts, 9,500. Market 5@10c lower; heavy, $7.40@7.50; bulk of sales, $7.30@7.40. Sheep—Receipts, 4,700. Market steady; fed muttons, yearlings, $3.75@4.25; lambs, $4.80@5.50.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Beeves—Receipts, 120, mainly consigned direct. Cables quoted American steers at 14@14¾c. Calves—Receipts, 213; about 300 head unsold. Veal calves sold at $6.00@7.75 per 100 lbs. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 12,056. Sheep steady, lambs dull, ¼@¾c lower. Hogs—Receipts, 792 head.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000, including 3,000 Texans. Market steady; native shipping and export steers, $6.00@8.00. Hogs—Receipts, 3,800. Market 5@10c lower; pigs and lights, $7.25@7.50. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000. Market steady; native muttons, $3.50@4.00; lambs, $4.00@5.00.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,041; 10@25c higher. Natives, $4.25@8.45. Hogs—Receipts, 5,912; opened 5c and closed 10c lower. Light and light mixed, $7.20@7.47½; bulk, $7.27½@7.50. Sheep—Receipts, 2,231; active, steady. Top Utah lambs, $5.30.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 200. Steady; shipping to export steers, $6.75@8.25; veals steady, tops, $7.25@7.50. Hogs—Receipts, 1,200. Active; heavy, $7.85. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 600. Steady; lambs, culls to top, $4.25@5.75.

EX-CITY TREASURER GIVES UP.

John Cook of Grand Haven, Mich., After Three Years' Fight, Enters Plea of Guilty.

Grand Haven, Mich., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—John Cook, ex-city treasurer, who embezzled $2,400 of city funds three years ago, appeared in the Circuit court last night and pleaded guilty. Up to this time he had always contended that he was innocent. The plea was made at the advice of his attorney. Cook will be sentenced next week.

CROP CONDITIONS GOOD,

DROUGHT IN SOUTHEAST BROKEN BY HEAVY RAINS.

Lake Regions and Northern Atlantic Section Suffering from Too Much Moisture — Temperature Throughout the Country Has Been Decidedly Favorable—Corn Promises to Yield Excellent Crops in the Entire Belt—Spring Wheat Is Slow.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Following is the official weekly crop report issued today by the climate and crop division of the agricultural department:

The drought prevailing in the previous week from Virginia and the Carolinas westward to Arkansas has been largely broken, the rains being excessively heavy over the western part of the region named. Drought, however, continues in portions of the lower Ohio valley and the Carolinas and northern Georgia. The central and northern portions of Texas have again received heavy rains, and the l

BIG DEAL BEHIND 'FRISCO PURCHASE

Company Obtains Charters for Connecting Links with Eastern Illinois.

AFTER GEORGIA CENTRAL

Lease of Latter Would Give Big Southern Consolidation Under J. P. Morgan.

The object of the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad in securing control of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois was revealed yesterday by the issuing of a charter for the construction of the Chicago and Memphis railway. This road is to run from Gray's Point, opposite Thebes, across the new Mississippi river bridge the Eastern Illinois is building in connection with other roads between the two points, to Hennays, Mo., nine miles west, where connection is made with the St. Louis, Memphis and Southeastern railroad, which is a part of the St. Louis and San Francisco system.

By building this connecting link the St. Louis and San Francisco will have the shortest line from Chicago to Memphis, Tenn., and Birmingham, Ala., as well as a good freight line to Kansas City.

Line from Hoxie to Little Rock.

A charter has also been filed for a line from Hoxie, Mo., to Little Rock, Ark., a distance of 125 miles, which will give the 'Frisco a good line from Chicago to Little Rock.

It is said to be the intention of the Frisco people to make a trackage agreement with the Toledo, St. Louis and Western railroad to use the latter's line from Mode, Ill., to St. Louis, which would give the Frisco-Eastern Illinois a line from Chicago to St. Louis of 323 miles. The Illinois Central's mileage to St. Louis is 293; that of the Wabash 286; and that of the Alton 284.

A report was current yesterday that the St. Louis and San Francisco is negotiating for the lease of the Georgia Central, which would give it an outlet from Birmingham, Ala., to Brunswick and Savannah, Ga., on the Atlantic coast. The Georgia Central is controlled by the Southern railway, and therefore is a Morgan property. The lease of the Georgia Central to the Frisco would mean nothing more or less than that the Frisco-Eastern Illinois deal was made in the interest of J. P. Morgan, who has been after the control of the Eastern Illinois ever since he got control of the Louisville and Nashville. If the reported negotiations are really on, it means that the plans for great southwestern railway merger on the broadest scale conceivable is well advanced.

Rock Island Agents Reassigned.

The general passenger department of the Rock Island made announcement yesterday of the reassignments of territory for passenger agents as follows: K. E. Palmer, division passenger agent, has been assigned to the Illinois division, not including the Peoria line or the cities of Chicago and Moline; S. F. Boyd, division passenger agent, and R. S. Terrington, traveling passenger agent, have been assigned to the Missouri division and the Peoria line, not including Peoria, Washington, and Knoxville branch, and that portion of the Des Moines valley division and northern district lying south of the main line of the Iowa division, and the cities of Davenport, Rock Island, and Moline. J. G. Farmer, division passenger agent, and E. A. Soule and A. L. Stuss, traveling passenger agents, have been assigned to the Iowa division, excepting the cities of Council Bluffs and Davenport, the Des Moines valley division north of Des Moines, Sibley branch, the northern district lines north of the main line of the Iowa division, except the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Detroit a Summer Resort.

General Passenger Agent O. W. Ruggles of the Michigan Central has issued a circular announcing that Detroit is included in the list of summer resorts. The privilege of stopover at Detroit is accorded passengers holding one day, first class limited tickets, or the return portion of round trip tickets reading via Michigan Central, providing the tickets read to destinations on any of the thirty-two lines parties to the agreement or such other connections as make the request and authorize the arrangement.

State Conference Postponed.

The conference at Springfield between Illinois shippers, railroad representatives, and the Illinois railroad and warehouse commission to reclassify the freight rates of the state was postponed until October. When the session was called to order by Chairman Neville many representatives of the railroads and shippers were in attendance. On motion of William Brown, general attorney of the Chicago and Alton, the matter was continued and the following committees were appointed to attempt to reach an agreement:

Railroad—W. B. Hamblin, assistant general freight agent of the Burlington; W. E. Keepers, general freight agent of the Illinois Central; S. R. Knight, general freight agent of the Wabash; F. A. Wann, general freight agent of the Alton; W. E. Boyd, general freight agent of the Rock Island; S. J. Cook, general freight agent of the Eastern Illinois; and J. E. Horman, general freight agent of the Santa Fé.

Shippers—S. J. Whitmer, Bloomington, chairman; U. W. Mueller, Decatur; C. S. Jones, Peoria; E. S. Thopkins, St. Louis; L. D. Boswell, Quincy; Henry Dirksen, Springfield; and A. M. Legg, Pontiac.

Reports of Earnings.

Chicago and Eastern Illinois earnings for the fourth week of July increased $26,200 and for the month of July $65,575.

Earnings of the Chicago Great Western show a decrease of $46,730 for the fourth week of July and of $68,051 for the month of July.

Will Vote on a Railroad Subsidy.

Peru, Ind., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—The county commissioners today ordered an election for Sept. 9 to vote on a subsidy of $24,000 for the location of the Cincinnati, Richmond and Muncie railroad company's general shops, making Peru the only division point between Cincinnati and Chicago. The company's shops are now at Richmond, Ind.

STRICT RULE ON WINEROOMS.

Offices, Etc., in Rear of North Side Saloons Must Go—Stewart Case Postponed.

Small rooms that have masqueraded as storerooms and offices in the rear of saloons will have to go. This is the edict that Inspector Campbell has issued to north side saloonkeepers. Chief O'Neill exonerated Inspector Campbell for winerooms that may have been found in his division. He said that O'Hara's wineroom was running under permission granted by one of Campbell's predecessors on the north side.

James Stewart appeared in the court room at the East Chicago avenue police station prepared to testify in the case against "Eddie" Gough and James Grant, charged with complicity in Mrs. Stewart's death in the wineroom in O'Hara's saloon. The case was continued until Friday, however, at the request of the state's attorney's office. When asked about the report that he was to drop the prosecution Mr. Stewart said:

"I have been advised by an attorney to drop the proceedings against the men, but I have decided today that I shall not do so. Inspector Campbell wants the case pushed and I am willing to let it be tried."

He left the court room, assuring the police that he would be on hand Friday morning at 9 o'clock.

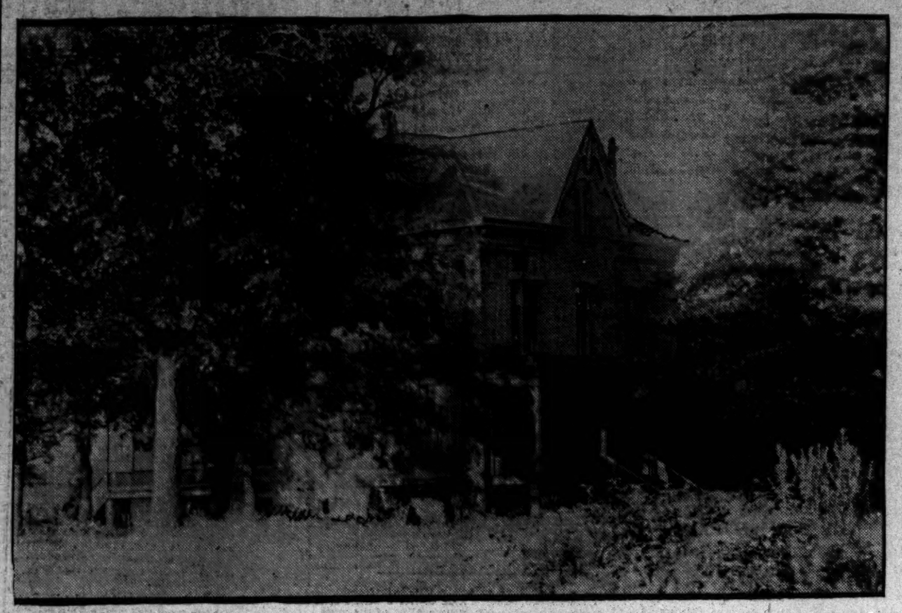
Named Judge of Lee County.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Announcement was made today of the appointment by Gov. Yates of Henry C. Scott to be county judge of Lee county to fill the vacancy resulting from the resignation of Richard Farrand.

Murdered by Chicken Thieves.

Lexington, Mo., Aug. 5.—George W. Johnson, aged 45, one of the wealthiest men in this county, was shot and killed early this morning by chicken thieves, whom he surprised in his henhouse. Four suspects are under arrest.

OLD NORTH EVANSTON MANSION, VACANT 10 YEARS, HAS A TENANT.



A large brick mansion standing in a dense wood in North Evanston, that was used for many years for a private hospital for the insane, but which for the last ten years has stood unoccupied, now has a tenant. In the neighborhood the building is known as the vacant house. The new tenant is Daniel Webster Proctor, a Chicago attorney. The mansion was built in 1876 by F. S. Stanley, a real estate speculator, who attempted to realize on a large tract of land which he owned in North Evanston. After a residence of several years there he left, and the mansion was leased by Dr. James H. Gray, who conducted there an asylum until ten years ago. Proctor is the first tenant of the building since the asylum was moved.

IN THE INSURANCE FIELD.

NEW SCHEDULES CONSIDERED BY GOVERNING COMMITTEE.

Executive Branch of Wisconsin State Board Attends Meeting and Presents Views of Field Men on Application of Revised Tariffs — Merchants and Warehousemen's Company Solicits Stock Subscriptions in Chicago.

Most of the time of the governing committee yesterday was devoted to consideration of the new schedules, which are now being generally applied. The executive committee of the Wisconsin state board was present to give the ideas of the field men who had practical experience in the application of the new tariffs. Certain changes are suggested, particularly in the frame mercantile schedule, as the result of practical tests in the field, and material alterations will be made. The members of the Wisconsin committee took copies of all the new schedules with them, and will test them and present any suggestion that may arise. In spite of the defects, which are fast being removed, the schedules are conceded to be a great improvement over any previous tariffs in the way of securing an equitable adjustment of the rate to the hazard, and are welcomed by the insuring public as offering relief from the 25 per cent flat advance, which was only to be in effect until the new schedules could be completed and applied.

Large insurers in Chicago are receiving circulars from the Merchants and Warehousemen's Insurance company of Wilmington, Del., which has its headquarters in Baltimore, soliciting subscriptions to its capital stock of $2,000,000 at $200 a share, half to go to surplus. The circular makes a savage attack on the regular stock companies, saying that there is no justification whatever for the recent advances in rates, and charging that the companies are imposing upon and deceiving the public. Most of these letters are being referred by the insurers receiving them to the local insurance agencies which handle their business. The new company pledges itself to have no connection with any rating organizations, and not content with the ordinary appellation of "nonboard" company, announces that it will be an "antiboard" company. Legrand Smith of the Union Cold Storage company is the only Chicagoan on the board of directors.

The Minneapolis flour mills are preparing to ask the fire insurance companies for a reduction of from 10 to 15 per cent in their rates. For some time the insurance men have been complaining that the six inch main at the bottom of the canal that furnished water for the sprinkler system of the mills was inadequate if a fire should break out and a few engines should be attached to the main. In consequence the millers have drained the canal and are putting down a twelve inch main, which will furnish four times as much water at a pressure of seventy pounds to the square inch.

The insurance committee of the Manufacturers' association of Kansas City has sent a letter to the president of each commercial organization in the city, asking that two men be named to form a permanent insurance committee to secure uniform and reasonable insurance rates. The letter says that such a committee could in a measure take the place of a local board of underwriters, as insurance men would be asked to form an advisory committee, and that it would in no way violate the anti-compact law. An opinion to that effect has been secured from the counsel of the association.

The National Fraternal league has been incorporated at Green Bay, Wis.

W. P. Chamberlain, special agent of the Niagara in Minnesota, goes with the Commercial Union in Wisconsin.

Supt. Simonson, representing the governing committee, drilled the field men of Indiana yesterday in the application of the frame mercantile schedule.

DAY IN THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

Federal Agents in Chicago Collect $38,380 on Imposts and Warehouse Withdrawals.

Duties paid at the custom house yesterday amounted to $38,380.60, imposts furnishing $24,678.95 and warehouse withdrawals $13,701.65.

Goods arrived in bond as follows: 20 bales burlaps, 354 steel beams, 303 cases canned goods, 50 bris stout, 50 bris ginger ale, 10 bris club soda, 1,853 cases tea, 43 bales tobacco, 37 cases linens, 8 cases earthenware, 432 bags chicle, 9 cases firearms, 7 iron pipes, 2 cases lace, 2 cases personal effects, 1 case plaster of paris, 1 case printed matter, 1 case snuff, 3 cases surgical instruments, 2 cases millinery, 1 phonograph, 2 cases cottons, 41 cases toys, 12 cases hosiery, 6 cases gloves, 4 cases dry goods, 3 cases musical instruments, 12 cases cigars, 3 cases metalware, 7,531 bars lead bullion, 1,106,277 feet lumber, 750 sacks salt, 1 case cutlery, 7 iron pumps, 344 bags maple sugar, 10 cases washing powder.

The following merchandise was entered for immediate consumption on arrival: 9 cases firearms, 379 cases earthenware, 4 cases lupulium, 11 cases millinery, 20 bales cotton waste, 3,975 sacks salt, 1 hhd wine, 50 casks stout, 50 casks ginger ale, 25 casks club soda, 4 cases personal effects, 1 case velvet, 1 case embroidery, 2 cases gummed paper, 30 cases dry goods, 21 bales crude drugs, 25 bxs asafetida, 2 cases rubber, 34 cases musical instruments, 12 cases cigars, 4 cases plate glass, 3 cases velveteens, 240 bxs soap, 1 case vanilla beans, 1 cask almond oil, 2 cases oil of lemon, 50 cases chemical salts, 20 bags hora, 2 cases metal leaf, 200 cases almonds, 2 cases chinaware, 1 case embroidery.

BOODLE CHARGES IN NILES.

Aldermen in Michigan Town in Row Over Letting of Contracts for Public Works.

Niles, Mich., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—The Niles city council is in a row over the question as to whether the board of public works has a right to expend to exceed $500 in extending a sewer without receiving sealed bids and letting the work to the lowest bidder.

Much friction has been created in the council of late as the result of boodle charges in connection with the recent purchases of a stone crusher and street roller for $4,600.

Three ex-aldermen declared the people who sold the machines to the city offered them a large sum for their votes when they were in the council.

Ald. Jeptha Delano told his associates they were a lot of fools and bolted the meeting.

BOSTONIAN ROBBED IN INDIANA.

Finds Life Too Strenuous After a Good Time in Laporte and Starts for Former Home.

Laporte, Ind., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—T. W. Talcott, who arrived here several days ago from Boston to take a responsible position in a local manufacturing institution, left today for the east, having reached the conclusion that life in the west is too strenuous, and has gone home. When he arrived he had $200. He met some "good fellows," and yesterday he was received at the city hospital in a condition which was either the result of too much liquor or being drugged. His money and valuables were gone.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

Grain rates were well maintained, with tonnage cleaned up for several days ahead. Charters: To Buffalo—Pittsgerald, corn; Egan, wheat. To Midland—Germanic, wheat at 1¼ cents.

CLEVELAND, O.—The jam at the coal and ore docks is worse, if anything, today, and the dock managers say that there is no improvement in sight, as the car situation is getting worse. Some vessels that are now at this end of the route will spend the greater part of the week in port. The freight market is unchanged all around.

Vessel Movements.

WAUKEGAN, Ill.—Arrived—Williams.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Arrived—Houghton.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Wilbor. Cleared—Santa Maria.

HARBOR BEACH, Mich.—Sheltered—Helena, towing the steamer Schuck.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Kewaunaw, Nicholson. Cleared with coal—Pris, Duluth.

WHITEFISH POINT, Mich.—Sheltered—Tug Seymour and raft, H. W. Maxwell and lighter.

HOUGHTON, Mich.—Sheltered in Lily pond—Bells Cross, Monohansett, Law. Wind high, northeast.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Arrived—Parker, Olympia. Cleared—Black Rock, Chicago; W. W. Brown, Escanaba.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Iroquois, Stanley. Cleared: Light—Appomattox, Superior; Iroquois, Lycoming, Chicago; Pioneer, Duluth.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Cleared—Presque Isle, Ashtabula; Spokane, Buffalo; Falcon, Toledo; Hackett, McGregor, Palmer, Cleveland. Arrived Forest City.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—Gladstone, Cleared—Briton, Wallula, Flower, Zenith City, Lake Erie ports; Samoa, Mataafa, South Chicago; Pentland, Whitport; Pickands, Elk Rapids.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Massachusetts, Richards, E. C. Hutchinson, Cobb, Ranney. Cleared—coal—Siberia, Marquette, Massachusetts, Hancock, Drummond, Port Colborne. Light—J. T. Hutchinson, Panay, Superior.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Panther, Major, Bulgaria, Columbia, Lewiston. Cleared with coal—Davidson, Milwaukee; Lansing, Fort William; Nimick, Jackfish; Hattie Hancock; Nadine, Hilda, Quebec. Light—Yuma, Duluth.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Progress, Glasgow, Abyssinia, Hiawatha, Alfred Mitchell, Chattanooga. Cleared with coal—Warner, Lake Linden; Thompson, Duluth; Grace Holland, Marquette; Light—Watson, Christopher, Mack, Hanna, Duluth.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Warren, Coralia, Kirby, Hartnell, Pos, Rappahannock, Australia, Sauber, Maryland, Northern Queen. Departed—Gilchrist, Lake Erie, ore; Yukon, Charles Eddy, Two Harbors, light; Lackawanna, Buffalo, grain; Northern Light, Northern Wave, Schuylkill, Stevens, Buell, Four, Buffalo.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Binghamton, 9:20 last night; Frost, 10:10; Castle Rhodes, 1:30 a. m.; Comrade and consort, 6:30; Miner, 7:30; Quito, 9:50; Whitney and consorts, 10:30; Canisteo and consort, 11:20; Pratt, Athens, 12:30 p. m.; Susquehanna, 1; Pahlow and consort, 2; Seneca, 4; Syracuse, 7:40. Down—Milwaukee, 7 last night; Curtis and consort, 8:40; Nasco, Chemung, 10:30; Stone, oil barge, 11; Minnesota, 1:50 p. m.; Ada Medora, 2; Arthur Orr, 2:30; Mauch Chunk, 8. Wind north, twenty miles, cloudy.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Alva, Ed Smith, Buffalo, Iron City, Saveland, 10 last night; Devereux, John Eddy Pennington, Italia, Amazon, 1:30 a. m.; Bileman, McLachlan, 4:30; William Palmer and whaleback, 5; Van Hise, Carrington, 7:20; Miami, Gebhart, 7:40; Holden, Mitchell, Chickamauga, Rosedale, 9; Colonus, 9:40; Shenandoah, Colby, Monkshaven, Barium, 10:20; Flagg, Warriner, 11:20; Victory, Constitution, 12:40 p. m.; America, 1:40; Berlin, Aurora, 2; Gogebic, Biwabic, 7:20; Wilkesbarre, 8:20. Down—Hoyt, 10 last night; Aurania, 11; Linden, Wall, 12:30 a. m.; Merrimac, Georger, 2; Mars, 2:30; Bransford, Etruria, 4; Folsom, Wayne, Norris, 5:20; Pontiac, Leeona, Cap. Wilson, 6; Neptune, 6:30; Louisiana, 8; Onoko, 9:30; Pope, 9:40; Street, Lozen, Godfrey, noon; Colgate and Whaleback, 1:30 p. m.; Marigold, 2:20; Volunteer, Parker, 3; Sheldon, Negaunee, 3:30; Aztec, Mistec, 4; Strathcona, 4:15; Centurion, 5; Stephenson, Falcon, 6:30; McDougall, Marcia, 7:30; Worthington, Wilbor, Bliss, 8:30.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Schlesinger, 10:40 last night; Madagascar, 11; Cranage, 11:20; Iosco, Jeanette, 12:20 a. m.; Steadman, barges, 1; Flint, 5:40; Rust, 6; Nimick, 7:20; Wawatam, 8:30; Heffelfinger, Nasmyth, 8:40; yacht Wadena [arrived], 9; Huron, 9:30; Choctaw, 10:15; Rend, Steel King, Antrim, 11:10; Rensselaer, Martha Magna, 12:30 p. m.; Business, 1:30; Case, 3:40; Pringle, consorts, 5:40; Penobscot, Saranac, 6; Chicago, 7; Edwin E. Gould, 7:30; Beatty, Scranton, 8:20. Down—Alaska [steel], Bulgaria, Ashland, 10 last night; Wells, German, Cambria whaleback, 10:40; Mariposa whaleback, 11; George Peavey, Columbia, 11:20; Mecosta, 12:15 a. m.; Presley, Redington, Rockefeller whaleback, 2; Turner, barges, 2:40; Lewiston, 3:20; Bannockburn, consorts, Saunders, Pabst, Armenia, Waverly, Angus Smith, Mahoning, Queen City, 11:20; Stephenson, noon; McWilliams, Craig, Princeton, Grammer, 12:40 p. m.; Fayette Brown, Jr, Ira Owen, 1:30; Bessemer, Russell, 2:40; Delaware, Stewart, 3:40; Sevona, Grover, St. Louis, barges, 4:30; Erin, Danforth, 4:30; Spencer, 7; Wilkinson, 7:30.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Merchandise—Owego, Buffalo; Gov. Smith, Ogdensburg. Lumber, etc.—Oak Leaf, R. L. Fryer, Duluth; Georgian, A. Marsh, Cockburn Island; Albert Soper, Marinette; Horace Taber, Iron Prosette.

Cleared—Merchandise—E. P. Wilbur, Buffalo. Grain—Pueblo, Buffalo. Light—Kate Lyons, Epouvette; Lucy Neff, Ashland; Rob Roy, Cedar River; J. L. Hurd, Duluth.

Celebrate York Day.

York, Me., Aug. 5.—The two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of this town was observed today by a floral and historical parade, followed by commemorative exercises. There were 30,000 visitors in town during the day.

OPEN PURE FOOD CRUSADE

ILLINOIS COMMISSIONERS START FIFTY-TWO SUITS.

Begin Proceedings in Chicago and Numerous Other Places Against Alleged Violators of State Laws — Dealers in Butter and Vinegar Form Majority of Defendants—Statutes Provide Heavy Penalties for Adulterations.

Fifty-two suits have been started by the Illinois state food commission in various Chicago and out-of-town justice courts against persons charged with violating various pure food ordinances and laws of the state of Illinois.

The suits were begun yesterday morning. Service has not as yet been secured in all of the cases. Inspectors Hoey, Hubbard, Sorghum, C. E. Tragardth, and Campbell have collected the evidence in the cases and will prosecute the cases. Most of the charges are violations of the vinegar and butter laws.

Charged with Violating Law.

The persons and firms against whom suits have been instituted in Chicago are as follows:

Othomwa Creamery company, 27 West Kedzie avenue; E. Tadt & Co., 225 East North avenue; William Schaeffer, 1931 Wabash avenue; J. Carvin, 1945 Maple avenue, Evanston; Lang & Engeholm, 175 East Ninety-second street; C. P. Weiss, 1936 Maple avenue, Evanston; Charles Harris, 44 State street; E. Todt, 225 East North avenue; Adolph Reding, 704 Main street, Evanston; Henry Marks, 645 East Forty-third street; Meine & Dette, 1063 Lincoln avenue; Meine & Dette, 85 Fullerton avenue; D. B. Smith, Evanston; C. Benesch, 4836 Ashland avenue; Bender Bros., South Chicago; Ford's grocery, 751 East Sixty-fourth street; G. Jacobson, 808 North avenue; G. Jacobson, 191-96 East North avenue; Charles Harver, Evanston; M. Chaney & Bro., Thirty-first street and Michigan avenue; C. R. Kenyon, 4503 Wentworth avenue; C. R. Kenyon, 710 Sixty-first place; C. R. Kenyon, 710 Englewood avenue; Joseph Waters, 392 West Harrison street; Reliable Tea company, 613 Grand avenue; Reliable Tea company, 9132 Commercial avenue; Reliable Tea company, 326 East Division street; Reliable Tea company, 4746 Ashland avenue; Reliable Tea company, 1323 East Belmont avenue.

Out of Town Suits.

Out of town suits have been started in the following Illinois towns:

Anderson, Johnson & Co., Elgin.
Charles Nelson, Elgin.
Mierhoff & Rehage, 103 Grove avenue, Elgin.
Henry Stumme, 51 Grove avenue, Elgin.
George P. Allen, 617 Loomis street, Rockford.
J. P. Ogilby, 1029 Winnebago street, Rockford.
M. A. Doyle, 429 Winnebago street, Rockford.
J. F. Yates, 430 Green street, Rockford.
W. M. Howe, 730 Rockton avenue, Rockford.
W. L. Grey, Carbondale.
A. H. Wilson, Pana.
Ruchard Maag, Pana.
M. Howell, Carbondale.
W. H. Smith, Carbondale.
R. S. Shelton, Carbondale.
Brantley & Farmer, Carbondale.
Culle & McAtee, Mount Vernon.
Bros., Mount Vernon.
Ewald Bros., Arcola.
P. F. Fitte, Arthur.
Watkins & Maxwell, Arthur.

Heavy Penalties Prescribed.

The laws under which the alleged violators of the butter laws are to be prosecuted prescribe heavy penalties for coloring butter or selling an imitation butter, the maximum penalty being a fine of $200 or imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed sixty days, or both fine and imprisonment, according to the discretion of the court. A fine of not less than $100 is the fixed penalty for selling vinegar found upon test to contain any preparation of lead, copper, sulphuric acid, or other harmful ingredients.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Chytraus—142408—Daniel F. Crilly vs. Robert Kelso; plff. remits $217.50; mo. n. t. overruled, and jdgt., $400; satisfied.—213081—Mrs. C. S. Eldredge vs. Herman W. Stillman; on findg., $600; satisfied.—223497—August Katowski vs. Swift & Co.; on findg., $60; satisfied.

CIRCUIT COURT.

No judgments.

Decrees.

Judge Chytraus—221053—Beckerman vs. Day; def. dec.—221083—Beckerman vs. Day; def. dec.—221057—Beckerman vs. Day; def. dec.—4225—Kennedy vs. Kennedy; dec. div.—4444—Keith vs. Jacobus; dec. sale.—4039—Robertson vs. Schwartz; dec. sale.—222582—Walter vs. Bohn; dec. sale.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Tuley—12248—Dorsey vs. Dorsey; dec. div.

Judge Horton—230153—In re petn. of Mooar; dec.—11620—McCord vs. Butz; def. dec.

Judge Haney—12515—Garven vs. Garren; dec. div.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

7949—John R. Miller; liabil., $1,560; assets, $204.

Cornelius Reardon, atty.

7950—T. F. Canniff; liabil., $572; assets, $40.

C. A. Munroe, atty.

7951—Goodaier, Rodgers & Froelich; liabil., $2,127; assets, $2,127. Hans Ricbow, atty.

7952—Raphael Jacobs; liabil., $1,858; assets, $100. Petitioner pro se.

7953—Imagene L. Hanchett; liabil., $2,336; assets, $150. A. C. Noble, atty.

7954—William A. Mackinzie; liabil., $776; assets, $200. E. S. Fry, atty.

Court Calls for Today.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Chytraus—Emergency court.
Judge Stough—No calls.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Horton—Emergency court.
Judge Bishop—Call not extended.

COUNTY COURT.

Judge Carter—Special objections to the application for judgment will be called, 20, 45, 46, 50, 89, 90, 94, 96, 97, 98, 103 to 133 inclusive, and 135 to 168 inclusive.
Judge Lovette—Special $8 on trial.

CRIMINAL COURT.

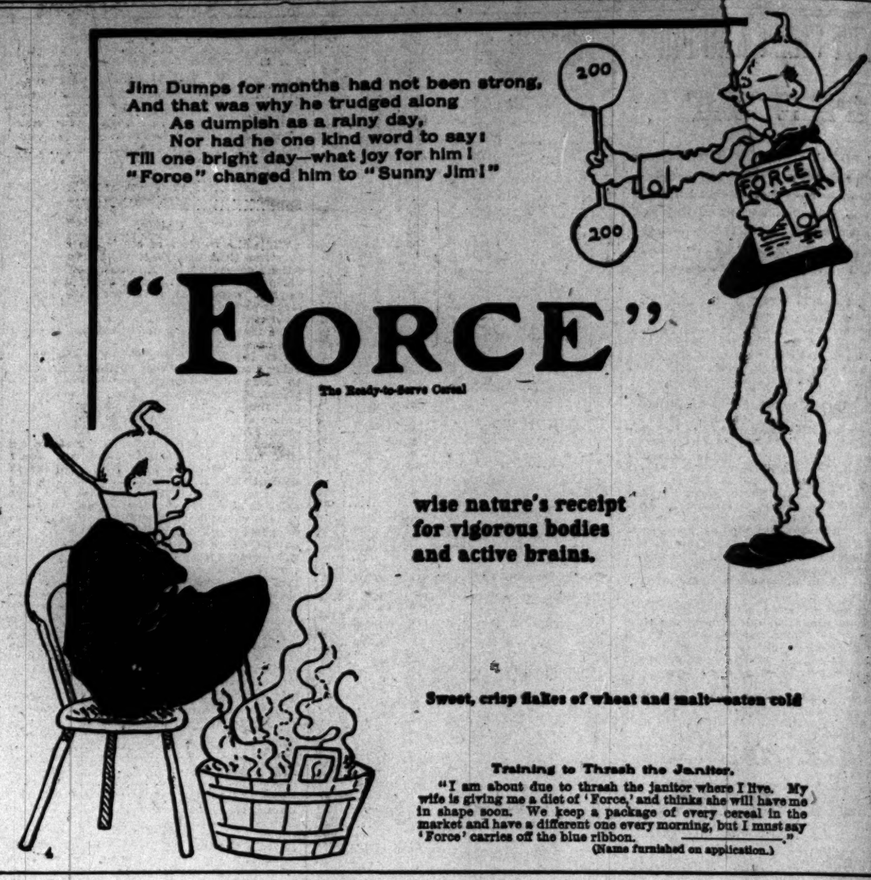
Judge Brentano—Trial call, 4162, 4363, 3983, 3425, 3440, 3441, 3450, 4826.
Judge Smith—Call not extended.
Judge Dunne—Call not extended.
Judge Horton—Call not extended.
Judge Kavanagh—Call not extended.
Judge Chytraus—Call not extended.

PROBATE COURT.

Judge Cutting—No court.

FEDERAL COURTS.

No court.



Training to Thrash the Janitor.

"I am about due to thrash the janitor where I live. My wife is giving me a diet of 'Force,' and thinks she will have me in shape soon. We keep a package of every cereal in the market and have a different one every morning, but I must say 'Force' carries off the blue ribbon."
(Name furnished on application.)

SPECIAL.

We have just received and will place on sale today an exceptionally fine collection of Dining, Parlor, and Library Tables which we secured at 20 per cent discount from regular prices.

It is a prominent manufacturer's entire new fall sample line made for exhibition purposes, special attention being given to the selection of woods and finish.

It includes a lot of high-grade Dining Tables in mahogany and oak, ranging in price from $21.00 to $81.00—also a number of the choicest reproductions in Colonial Round Parlor and Library Tables in rich mahogany, ranging from $10.00 to $65.00.

Every piece would sell readily at the regular price, but irrespective of this fact they are offered, in accordance with our established custom in our Semi-Annual Sales, on the same basis as they were bought.

The offer of goods of such rare qualities at this discount presents an unusual opportunity.

The Tobey Furniture Co.

Wabash Ave. Washington St.

MALTSTERS IN CONVENTION.

Association Considering Plans for Urging Low Tariff Rates with Canada.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—Reciprocity will be considered tomorrow morning by the convention of the United States Maltsters' association, which met here today. It is generally understood that J. H. Laughlin, a Canadian member, will introduce a resolution favoring the passage by the convention and urging the association to commit itself in favor of a lower tariff on malt. This will be fought by many members and the resolution will probably be killed.

TO MEET BOODLE CHARGE.

Trustees of Western Illinois Normal School Order Statement of Expenditures.

Macomb, Ill., Aug. 5.—[Special.]—At the meeting of the trustees of the Western Illinois State Normal school in this city this afternoon as an answer to the charge of boodling Secretary Shipperfield was instructed to engage an expert accountant to open a set of books setting forth in detail all expenditures from the incipiency of the school.

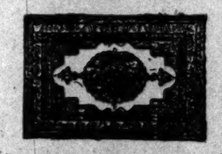
Thombs to Get Supersedeas.

A supersedeas probably will be granted in the case of Lewis G. Thombs, convicted of the murder of Carrie Larsen. A bill of exceptions was filed with Judge Brentano yesterday morning. The filing of the bill means that the evidence in the case has been perfected. The next move in the case will be to ask a supersedeas, which will postpone Thombs' execution, which had been set for August 8, until October at least, as the Supreme court does not convene until then.

Talbot Inquiry Ordered.

Providence, R. I., Aug. 5.—The charges against the Rt. Rev. Ethelbert Talbot, Episcopal bishop of central Pennsylvania, have been referred to a board of inquiry.

REVELL'S
MADE-UP
CARPET RUGS.
BARGAINS!!!



Size 9x6 Axminster.....$9.25
Size 8x6 Wilton Velvet.....$8.00
Size 6.6x6 Tapestry Brussels.....$5.25
Size 11.6x8.3 Tapestry Brussels.....$10.75
Size 11x8.8 Wilton Velvet.....$13.50
Size 12x10.6 Body Brussels.....$18.50
Size 12x10.6 Wilton Velvet.....$22.50
Size 12x10.6 Tapestry Brussels.....$16.25
Third Floor.

Alexander H. Revell & Co.
Cor. Adams and Wabash.

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Every
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Queen Quality
Shoe for Women
They
Are So Different
From All Other Shoes Sold at the Same Price.
They Combine
BEAUTY
ELEGANCE
COMFORT
DURABILITY
Boots, $3.00 Some at $3.50
Oxfords, $2.50 Some at $3.00
205 State street.

Burlington Route
$35.00
For a Round-Trip Ticket
TO
Salt Lake City
Ogden
Round-trip tickets, good until October 31, will be sold at this remarkably low rate on August 1 to 14, inclusive. An opportunity of a lifetime to visit the famous Mormon capital at the lowest possible cost.
We run a through standard sleeper every day Chicago to Salt Lake City, and every week Personally Conducted parties leave Chicago for Salt Lake City in Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars.
Through
Wonderful Colorado
Past all the Beautiful Scenery.
Why not join one of these parties? Only $4.00 for a double berth in Tourist Sleeper Chicago to Salt Lake City.
For space in sleeping cars and for tickets call at
C. B. & Q. Ticket Office, 211 Clark St.
Telephone Central 3117.

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